1	CRIMINAL CODE RECODIFICATION
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Karen Mayne
5	House Sponsor: Karianne Lisonbee
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies Title 76, Chapters 5 and 5b by redrafting offense statutes into a new
10	structure and clarifies existing law.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 reorders language in offense statutes into a standardized format;
14	 adds "semen" to list of bodily fluids to offenses concerning propelling an object or
15	substance;
16	 clarifies language that certain employees and volunteers are included in the offense
17	concerning the propelling of an object or substance at a correctional or peace
18	officer;
19	 reorganizes the offenses of child abuse, aggravated child abuse, and child
20	abandonment into three separate statutes;
21	removes the defense concerning reasonable discipline or management of a child
22	from the offense of aggravated child abuse;
23	 removes the defense concerning treatment options for a child's medical condition
24	from the offense of child abandonment;
25	removes the defense concerning use of physical restraint or force on a child from
26	the offense of child abandonment;

• reorganizes the offenses of abuse of a vulnerable adult, aggravated abuse of a



vulnerable adult, personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult, and financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult into four separate statutes;

- removes the exemption concerning reliance on nonmedical healing from the offenses of personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult and financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
- ▶ modifies provisions of the criminal homicide statute to clarify that criminal homicide is not a stand-alone offense but a general term for the collective enumerated homicide offenses;
 - defines "criminal homicide";

- for clarity, reenacts special mitigation provisions within respective offense statutes and directs a court to enter the respective judgment of conviction if special mitigation is established;
- for clarity, reenacts imperfect self-defense provisions and directs a court to enter the respective judgment of conviction if the defense is established;
- ▶ amends special mitigation provisions to clarify that the jury must, consistent with Utah Constitution, Article I, Section 10, unanimously find that the elements of the offense are proven beyond a reasonable doubt;
- repeals statute defining "targeting a law enforcement officer" and reenacts within relevant provision;
- for the offenses of unlawful sexual activity with a minor and unlawful adolescent sexual activity, amends limiting offenses to include an attempt of a limiting offense;
- ► for the offense of forcible sexual assault, amends limiting offenses to include an attempted object rape;
- reorganizes the offenses of sexual abuse of a child and aggravated sexual abuse of a child by enacting aggravated sexual abuse as a stand-alone statute;
- repeals and reenacts within relevant offense statutes provisions qualifying commission of sexual penetration and touch;
- reorganizes the offenses of custodial sexual relations and custodial sexual misconduct by enacting custodial sexual misconduct as a stand-alone statute;
- reorganizes the offenses of custodial sexual relations or misconduct with youth receiving state services and custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state

59 services by enacting custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state services as a 60 stand-alone statute; • repeals statute defining "indecent liberties" and reenacts within relevant provision; 61 • creates three new sections from the human trafficking and smuggling sections; 62 • repeals section regarding lesser included offenses of kidnapping and unlawful 63 detention; 64 65 removes mentally incompetent language from kidnapping statute and replaces it 66 with dependent adult; 67 adds caretaker to the list of persons without whose consent a dependent adult may 68 not be held against their will; 69 ► narrows the definition of conviction for custodial interference; and 70 • makes technical and conforming changes. 71 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 72 None 73 **Other Special Clauses:** 74 This bill provides revisor instructions. $\hat{S} \rightarrow$ This bill provides a coordination clause. $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ 74a 75 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 76 AMENDS: 77 76-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 26 78 76-2-304.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 194 79 76-2-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 126 **76-2-402**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 201 80 76-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 150 and 260 81 76-2-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 150 82 83 76-3-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 334 76-3-203.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 91 84 85 76-3-203.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278 76-3-203.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 346 86 **76-3-203.7**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 339 87 76-3-203.8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 276 88 **76-3-203.10**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 359 89

90	76-3-203.13, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 394
91	76-3-406 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 260 and 262
92	76-4-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 200
93	76-5-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 171
94	76-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 430
95	76-5-102.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 123
96	76-5-102.4 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 62 and 123
97	76-5-102.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1974, Chapter 32
98	76-5-102.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 36
99	76-5-102.7 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 123 and 326
100	76-5-102.8 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 222
101	76-5-102.9 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 153
102	76-5-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 388 and 454
103	76-5-103.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 346
104	76-5-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 83
105	76-5-105 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196
106	76-5-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 300
107	76-5-106.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 142
108	76-5-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 430
109	76-5-107.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
110	76-5-107.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 39
111	76-5-107.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340
112	76-5-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
113	76-5-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 388
114	76-5-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
115	76-5-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 281
116	76-5-112, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 66
117	76-5-112.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 132
118	76-5-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
119	76-5-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 13
120	76-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 343

121	76-5-203 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 125 and 206
122	76-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 372
123	76-5-205.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 312
124	76-5-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 157
125	76-5-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 283
126	76-5-207.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 193
127	76-5-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 152
128	76-5-209, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 291
129	76-5-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 301
130	76-5-301.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 81
131	76-5-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 298
132	76-5-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 343
133	76-5-303.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 374
134	76-5-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 106
135	76-5-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 26
136	76-5-307 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 196 and 278
137	76-5-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
138	76-5-308.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
139	76-5-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 241
140	76-5-310, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 241
141	76-5-311, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
142	76-5-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
143	76-5-401.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
144	76-5-401.2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 192 and 394
145	76-5-401.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
146	76-5-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 81
147	76-5-402.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 290
148	76-5-402.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 81
149	76-5-402.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 290
150	76-5-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 189
151	76-5-403.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 290

152	76-5-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 189
153	76-5-404.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 146
154	76-5-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 81
155	76-5-406.3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 40
156	76-5-406.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 213
157	76-5-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 189 and 378
158	76-5-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 192
159	76-5-413, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
160	76-5-701, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 398
161	76-5-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354
162	76-5-704, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 398
163	76-5b-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 290
164	76-5b-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
165	76-5b-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 320
166	76-5b-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 55 and 95
167	76-5b-203.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 95
168	76-5b-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 434
169	76-5b-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 134
170	76-6-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 272
171	76-6-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 170
172	76-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 62
173	76-7-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 159
174	76-7-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 4
175	76-8-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 25
176	76-8-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 432
177	76-8-318 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 478
178	76-9-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 94 and last amended by
179	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260
180	76-9-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 192
181	76-9-702.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 210
182	76-9-804 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 313

```
183
               76-9-1003, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
 184
               76-10-1302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 108, 214 and last
 185
        amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 214
 186
               76-10-1306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 433
 187
               76-10-1313, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
               76-10-1315, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
 188
 189
               76-10-1504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 399
 190
              76-10-1602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 200 and 363
 191
        ENACTS:
 192
              76-1-101.6, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 193
               76-5-109.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 194
               76-5-109.3, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 195
               76-5-111.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 196
               76-5-111.3. Utah Code Annotated 1953
 197
              76-5-111.4, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 198
               76-5-308.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 199
              76-5-308.3, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 200
               76-5-310.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 201
              76-5-404.3. Utah Code Annotated 1953
 202
               76-5-412.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 203
              76-5-413.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
 204
        RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
 205
              76-1-101.5, (Renumbered from 76-1-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
 206
        Chapter 287)
 207
              76-5-114, (Renumbered from 76-5-109.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
 208
        Chapter 70)
 209
        REPEALS:
 210
               76-5-210, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 454
               76-5-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 39
 211
 212
               76-5-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 378
212a
        S→ Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
        76-5-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 13 ←Ŝ
212b
```

214	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
215	Section 1. Section 76-1-101.5, which is renumbered from Section 76-1-601 is
216	renumbered and amended to read:
217	[76-1-601]. <u>76-1-101.5.</u> Definitions.
218	Unless otherwise provided, as used in this title:
219	(1) "Act" means a voluntary bodily movement and includes speech.
220	(2) "Actor" means a person whose criminal responsibility is in issue in a criminal
221	action.
222	(3) "Affinity" means a relationship by marriage.
223	(4) "Bodily injury" means physical pain, illness, or any impairment of physical
224	condition.
225	(5) "Conduct" means an act or omission.
226	(6) "Consanguinity" means a relationship by blood to the first or second degree,
227	including an individual's parent, grandparent, sibling, child, aunt, uncle, niece, or nephew.
228	(7) "Dangerous weapon" means:
229	(a) any item capable of causing death or serious bodily injury; or
230	(b) a facsimile or representation of the item, if:
231	(i) the actor's use or apparent intended use of the item leads the victim to reasonably
232	believe the item is likely to cause death or serious bodily injury; or
233	(ii) the actor represents to the victim verbally or in any other manner that [he] the actor
234	is in control of such an item.
235	(8) "Grievous sexual offense" means:
236	(a) rape, Section 76-5-402;
237	(b) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
238	(c) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;
239	(d) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
240	(e) forcible sodomy, Subsection 76-5-403(2);
241	(f) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
242	(g) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, [Subsection 76-5-404.1(4)] Section 76-5-404.3
243	(h) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405;
244	(i) any felony attempt to commit an offense described in Subsections (8)(a) through

274275

independent contractor of the public entity.

245	(h); or
246	(j) an offense in another state, territory, or district of the United States that, if
247	committed in Utah, would constitute an offense described in Subsections (8)(a) through (i).
248	(9) "Offense" means a violation of any penal statute of this state.
249	(10) "Omission" means a failure to act when there is a legal duty to act and the actor is
250	capable of acting.
251	(11) "Person" means an individual, public or private corporation, government,
252	partnership, or unincorporated association.
253	(12) "Possess" means to have physical possession of or to exercise dominion or control
254	over tangible property.
255	(13) "Public entity" means:
256	(a) the state, or an agency, bureau, office, department, division, board, commission,
257	institution, laboratory, or other instrumentality of the state;
258	(b) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, municipality, interlocal
259	entity, local district, special service district, school district, or school board;
260	(c) an agency, bureau, office, department, division, board, commission, institution,
261	laboratory, or other instrumentality of a political subdivision of the state; or
262	(d) another entity that:
263	(i) performs a public function; and
264	(ii) is authorized to hold, spend, transfer, disburse, use, or receive public money.
265	(14) (a) "Public money" or "public funds" means money, funds, or accounts, regardless
266	of the source from which they are derived, that:
267	(i) are owned, held, or administered by an entity described in Subsections (13)(a)
268	through (c); or
269	(ii) are in the possession of an entity described in Subsection (13)(d)(i) for the purpose
270	of performing a public function.
271	(b) "Public money" or "public funds" includes money, funds, or accounts described in
272	Subsection (14)(a) after the money, funds, or accounts are transferred by a public entity to an

(c) "Public money" or "public funds" remains public money or public funds while in

the possession of an independent contractor of a public entity for the purpose of providing a

276	program or service for, or on behalf of, the public entity.
277	(15) "Public officer" means:
278	(a) an elected official of a public entity;
279	(b) an individual appointed to, or serving an unexpired term of, an elected official of a
280	public entity;
281	(c) a judge of a court of record or not of record, including justice court judges; or
282	(d) a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole.
283	(16) (a) "Public servant" means:
284	(i) a public officer;
285	(ii) an appointed official, employee, consultant, or independent contractor of a public
286	entity; or
287	(iii) a person hired or paid by a public entity to perform a government function.
288	(b) Public servant includes a person described in Subsection (16)(a) upon the person's
289	election, appointment, contracting, or other selection, regardless of whether the person has
290	begun to officially occupy the position of a public servant.
291	(17) "Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that creates or causes serious
292	permanent disfigurement, protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member
293	or organ, or creates a substantial risk of death.
294	(18) "Substantial bodily injury" means bodily injury, not amounting to serious bodily
295	injury, that creates or causes protracted physical pain, temporary disfigurement, or temporary
296	loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ.
297	(19) "Writing" or "written" includes any handwriting, typewriting, printing, electronic
298	storage or transmission, or any other method of recording information or fixing information in
299	a form capable of being preserved.
300	Section 2. Section 76-1-101.6 is enacted to read:
301	76-1-101.6. Application of definitions to title.
302	(1) For formatting purposes, sections in this title that contain a criminal offense include
303	an express provision that states that the title definitions in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to that
304	section.

306

(2) Although a provision described in Subsection (1) is not included in non-offense

sections in Title 76 or in other titles, title definitions apply to all statutes within a title unless

307	otherwise expressly provided.
308	Section 3. Section 76-1-301 is amended to read:
309	76-1-301. Offenses for which prosecution may be commenced at any time.
310	(1) As used in this section:
311	(a) "Aggravating offense" means any offense incident to which a homicide was
312	committed as described in Subsection 76-5-202[(1)(d) or (e)](2)(a)(iv) or (v) or Subsection
313	76-5-202(2) <u>(b)</u> .
314	(b) "Predicate offense" means an offense described in [Section] Subsection
315	76-5-203(1)(a) if a person other than a party as defined in Section 76-2-202 was killed in the
316	course of the commission, attempted commission, or immediate flight from the commission of
317	attempted commission of the offense.
318	(2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, prosecution for the following
319	offenses may be commenced at any time:
320	(a) capital felony;
321	(b) aggravated murder;
322	(c) murder;
323	(d) manslaughter;
324	(e) child abuse homicide;
325	(f) aggravated kidnapping;
326	(g) child kidnapping;
327	(h) rape;
328	(i) rape of a child;
329	(j) object rape;
330	(k) object rape of a child;
331	(l) forcible sodomy;
332	(m) sodomy on a child;
333	(n) sexual abuse of a child;
334	(o) aggravated sexual abuse of a child;
335	(p) aggravated sexual assault;
336	(q) any predicate offense to a murder or aggravating offense to an aggravated murder;
337	(r) aggravated human trafficking or aggravated human smuggling in violation of

- 338 Section 76-5-310; (s) aggravated exploitation of prostitution involving a child, under Section 76-10-1306; 339 340 or 341 (t) human trafficking of a child, under Section 76-5-308.5. 342 Section 4. Section **76-2-304.5** is amended to read: 343 76-2-304.5. Mistake as to victim's age not a defense. 344 (1) It is not a defense to the crime of child kidnapping, a violation of Section 76-5-301.1; rape of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-402.1; object rape of a child, a violation 345 346 of Section 76-5-402.3; sodomy on a child, a violation of Section 76-5-403.1; sexual abuse of a child, a violation of Section [76-5-404.1] $\hat{S} \rightarrow [76-5-404.3]$ $76-5-404.1 \leftarrow \hat{S}$; aggravated sexual 347 347a abuse of a child, a 348 violation of Subsection $\hat{S} \rightarrow [76-5-404.1(4)]$ 76-5-404.3 $\leftarrow \hat{S}$; or an attempt to commit any of these 348a offenses, that the 349 actor mistakenly believed the victim to be 14 years [of age] old or older at the time of the 350 alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true age. 351 (2) It is not a defense to the crime of unlawful sexual activity with a minor, a violation 352 of Section 76-5-401; sexual abuse of a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401.1; or an attempt 353 to commit either of these offenses, that the actor mistakenly believed the victim to be 16 years 354 [of age] old or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true age. 355 (3) It is not a defense to the crime of aggravated human trafficking [or], a violation of 356 Section 76-5-310, aggravated human smuggling, a violation of Section [76-5-310] 76-5-310.1, 357 or human trafficking of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-308.5, that the actor mistakenly 358 believed the victim to be 18 years [of age] old or older at the time of the alleged offense or was 359 unaware of the victim's true age. (4) It is not a defense to the crime of unlawful sexual activity with a minor, a violation 360 of Subsection 76-5-401.2(2)(a)(ii), that the actor mistakenly believed the victim to be 18 years 361 362 [of age] old or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true age. 363 (5) It is not a defense to any of the following crimes that the actor mistakenly believed 364 the victim to be 18 years [of age] old or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware 365 of the victim's true age: 366 (a) patronizing a prostitute, a violation of Section 76-10-1303;
 - (a) patromizing a prostruce, a violation of Section 70 10 1303,
 - (b) aggravated exploitation of a prostitute, a violation of Section 76-10-1306; or
 - (c) sexual solicitation, a violation of Section 76-10-1313.

369	Section 5. Section 76-2-401 is amended to read:
370	76-2-401. Justification as defense When allowed.
371	(1) Conduct which is justified is a defense to prosecution for any offense based on the
372	conduct. The defense of justification may be claimed:
373	(a) when the actor's conduct is in defense of persons or property under the
374	circumstances described in Sections 76-2-402 through 76-2-406 of this part;
375	(b) when the actor's conduct is reasonable and in fulfillment of his duties as a
376	governmental officer or employee;
377	(c) when the actor's conduct is reasonable discipline of minors by parents, guardians,
378	teachers, or other persons in loco parentis, as limited by Subsection (2);
379	(d) when the actor's conduct is reasonable discipline of persons in custody under the
380	laws of the state; or
381	(e) when the actor's conduct is justified for any other reason under the laws of this
382	state.
383	(2) The defense of justification under Subsection (1)(c) is not available if the offense
384	charged involves causing serious bodily injury, as defined in Section [76-1-601] <u>76-1-101.5</u> ,
385	serious physical injury, as defined in Section 76-5-109, or the death of the minor.
386	Section 6. Section 76-2-402 is amended to read:
387	76-2-402. Force in defense of person Forcible felony defined.
388	(1) As used in this section:
389	(a) "Forcible felony" means aggravated assault, mayhem, aggravated murder, murder,
390	manslaughter, kidnapping and aggravated kidnapping, rape, forcible sodomy, rape of a child,
391	object rape, object rape of a child, sexual abuse of a child, aggravated sexual abuse of a child,
392	and aggravated sexual assault as defined in [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Offenses Against the [Person]
393	<u>Individual</u> , and arson, robbery, and burglary as defined in [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Offenses
394	Against Property.
395	(b) "Forcible felony" includes any other felony offense that involves the use of force or
396	violence against an individual that poses a substantial danger of death or serious bodily injury.
397	(c) "Forcible felony" does not include burglary of a vehicle, as defined in Section
398	76-6-204, unless the vehicle is occupied at the time unlawful entry is made or attempted.
399	(2) (a) An individual is justified in threatening or using force against another individua

when and to the extent that the individual reasonably believes that force or a threat of force is necessary to defend the individual or another individual against the imminent use of unlawful force.

- (b) An individual is justified in using force intended or likely to cause death or serious bodily injury only if the individual reasonably believes that force is necessary to prevent death or serious bodily injury to the individual or another individual as a result of imminent use of unlawful force, or to prevent the commission of a forcible felony.
- (3) (a) An individual is not justified in using force under the circumstances specified in Subsection (2) if the individual:
- (i) initially provokes the use of force against another individual with the intent to use force as an excuse to inflict bodily harm upon the other individual;
- (ii) is attempting to commit, committing, or fleeing after the commission or attempted commission of a felony, unless the use of force is a reasonable response to factors unrelated to the commission, attempted commission, or fleeing after the commission of that felony; or
- (iii) was the aggressor or was engaged in a combat by agreement, unless the individual withdraws from the encounter and effectively communicates to the other individual the intent to withdraw from the encounter and, notwithstanding, the other individual continues or threatens to continue the use of unlawful force.
- (b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) the following do not, alone, constitute "combat by agreement":
 - (i) voluntarily entering into or remaining in an ongoing relationship; or
- (ii) entering or remaining in a place where one has a legal right to be.
- (4) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(iii):
- (a) an individual does not have a duty to retreat from the force or threatened force described in Subsection (2) in a place where that individual has lawfully entered or remained; and
- (b) the failure of an individual to retreat under the provisions of Subsection (4)(a) is not a relevant factor in determining whether the individual who used or threatened force acted reasonably.
- (5) In determining imminence or reasonableness under Subsection (2), the trier of fact may consider:

431	(a) the nature of the danger;
432	(b) the immediacy of the danger;
433	(c) the probability that the unlawful force would result in death or serious bodily
434	injury;
435	(d) the other individual's prior violent acts or violent propensities;
436	(e) any patterns of abuse or violence in the parties' relationship; and
437	(f) any other relevant factors.
438	Section 7. Section 76-2-404 is amended to read:
439	76-2-404. Law enforcement officer use of deadly force.
440	(1) As used in this section:
441	(a) "Deadly force" means force that creates or is likely to create, or that the individual
442	using the force intends to create, a substantial likelihood of death or serious bodily injury to an
443	individual.
444	(b) "Officer" means an officer described in Section 53-13-102.
445	(c) "Serious bodily injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section
446	[76-1-601] $76-1-101.5$.
447	(2) The defense of justification applies to the use of deadly force by an officer, or an
448	individual acting by the officer's command in providing aid and assistance, when:
449	(a) the officer is acting in obedience to and in accordance with the judgment of a
450	competent court in executing a penalty of death under Subsection 77-18-113(2), (3), or (4);
451	(b) effecting an arrest or preventing an escape from custody following an arrest, if:
452	(i) the officer reasonably believes that deadly force is necessary to prevent the arrest
453	from being defeated by escape; and
454	(ii) (A) the officer has probable cause to believe that the suspect has committed a
455	felony offense involving the infliction or threatened infliction of death or serious bodily injury
456	or
457	(B) the officer has probable cause to believe the suspect poses a threat of death or
458	serious bodily injury to the officer or to an individual other than the suspect if apprehension is
459	delayed; or
460	(c) the officer reasonably believes that the use of deadly force is necessary to prevent
461	death or serious bodily injury to the officer or an individual other than the suspect.

462	(3) If feasible, a verbal warning should be given by the officer prior to any use of
463	deadly force under Subsection (2)(b) or (2)(c).
464	Section 8. Section 76-2-408 is amended to read:
465	76-2-408. Officer use of force Investigations.
466	(1) As used in this section:
467	(a) "Dangerous weapon" means a firearm or an object that in the manner of its use or
468	intended use is capable of causing death or serious bodily injury to a person.
469	(b) "Deadly force" means a force that creates or is likely to create, or that the person
470	using the force intends to create, a substantial likelihood of death or serious bodily injury to a
471	person.
472	(c) "In custody" means in the legal custody of a state prison, county jail, or other
473	correctional facility, including custody that results from:
474	(i) a detention to secure attendance as a witness in a criminal case;
475	(ii) an arrest for or charging with a crime and committing for trial;
476	(iii) committing for contempt, upon civil process, or by other authority of law; or
477	(iv) sentencing to imprisonment on conviction of a crime.
478	(d) "Investigating agency" means a law enforcement agency, the county or district
479	attorney's office, or an interagency task force composed of officers from multiple law
480	enforcement agencies.
481	(e) "Officer" means an officer described in Section 53-13-102.
482	(f) "Officer-involved critical incident" means any of the following:
483	(i) an officer's use of deadly force;
484	(ii) an officer's use of a dangerous weapon against a person who causes injury to any
485	person;
486	(iii) death or serious bodily injury to any person, other than the officer, resulting from
487	an officer's:
488	(A) use of a motor vehicle while the officer is on duty; or
489	(B) use of a government vehicle while the officer is off duty;
490	(iv) the death of a person who is in custody, but excluding a death that is the result of
491	disease, natural causes, or conditions that have been medically diagnosed prior to the person's
492	death; or

01-20-22 4:34 PM S.B. 123

(v) the death of or serious bodily injury to a person not in custody, other than an officer, resulting from an officer's attempt to prevent a person's escape from custody, to make an arrest, or otherwise to gain physical control of a person.

- (g) "Serious bodily injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5.
 - (2) When an officer-involved critical incident occurs:

- (a) upon receiving notice of the officer-involved critical incident, the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction where the incident occurred shall, as soon as practical, notify the county or district attorney having jurisdiction where the incident occurred; and
- (b) the chief executive of the law enforcement agency and the county or district attorney having jurisdiction where the incident occurred shall:
- (i) jointly designate an investigating agency for the officer-involved critical incident; and
- (ii) designate which agency is the lead investigative agency if the officer-involved critical incident involves multiple investigations.
- (3) The investigating agency under Subsection (2) may not be the law enforcement agency employing the officer who is alleged to have caused or contributed to the officer-involved critical incident.
- (4) This section does not preclude the law enforcement agency employing an officer alleged to have caused or contributed to the officer-involved critical incident from conducting an internal administrative investigation.
- (5) Each law enforcement agency that is part of or administered by the state or any of the state's political subdivisions shall adopt and post on the agency's publicly accessible website:
- (a) the policies and procedures the agency has adopted to select the investigating agency if an officer-involved critical incident occurs in the agency's jurisdiction and one of the agency's officers is alleged to have caused or contributed to the officer-involved incident; and
- (b) the protocols the agency has adopted to ensure that any investigation of officer-involved incidents occurring in the agency's jurisdiction are conducted professionally, thoroughly, and impartially.
 - Section 9. Section **76-3-202** is amended to read:

76-3-202. Paroled individuals -- Termination or discharge from sentence -- Time served on parole -- Discretion of Board of Pardons and Parole.

- (1) Every individual committed to the state prison to serve an indeterminate term and, after December 31, 2018, released on parole shall complete a term of parole that extends through the expiration of the individual's maximum sentence unless the parole is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole in accordance with the supervision length guidelines established by the Utah Sentencing Commission under Section 63M-7-404, as described in Subsection 77-27-5(7), to the extent the guidelines are consistent with the requirements of the law.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), every individual committed to the state prison to serve an indeterminate term and released on parole on or after October 1, 2015, but before January 1, 2019, shall, upon completion of three years on parole outside of confinement and without violation, be terminated from the individual's sentence unless the parole is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole or is terminated pursuant to Section 64-13-21.
- (b) Every individual committed to the state prison to serve an indeterminate term and later released on parole on or after July 1, 2008, but before January 1, 2019, and who was convicted of any felony offense under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Offenses Against the [Person] Individual, or any attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of these felony offenses, shall complete a term of parole that extends through the expiration of the individual's maximum sentence, unless the parole is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- (3) Every individual convicted of a second degree felony for violating Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse[, or]; Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child [and]; or Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated sexual abuse of a child[,]; or attempting, conspiring, or soliciting the commission of a violation of any of those sections, and who is paroled before July 1, 2008, shall, upon completion of 10 years parole outside of confinement and without violation, be terminated from the sentence unless the individual is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- (4) An individual who violates the terms of parole, while serving parole, for any offense under Subsection (1), (2), or (3), shall at the discretion of the Board of Pardons and Parole be recommitted to prison to serve the portion of the balance of the term as determined by the Board of Pardons and Parole, but not to exceed the maximum term.

01-20-22 4:34 PM S.B. 123

	01-20-22 4.54 1 M
555	(5) An individual paroled following a former parole revocation may not be discharged
556	from the individual's sentence until:
557	(a) the individual has served the applicable period of parole under this section outside
558	of confinement;
559	(b) the individual's maximum sentence has expired; or
560	(c) the Board of Pardons and Parole orders the individual to be discharged from the
561	sentence.
562	(6) (a) All time served on parole, outside of confinement and without violation,
563	constitutes service toward the total sentence.
564	(b) Any time an individual spends outside of confinement after commission of a parole
565	violation does not constitute service toward the total sentence unless the individual is
566	exonerated at a parole revocation hearing.
567	(c) (i) Any time an individual spends in confinement awaiting a hearing before the
568	Board of Pardons and Parole or a decision by the board concerning revocation of parole
569	constitutes service toward the total sentence.
570	(ii) In the case of exoneration by the board, the time spent is included in computing the
571	total parole term.
572	(7) When a parolee causes the parolee's absence from the state without authority from
573	the Board of Pardons and Parole or avoids or evades parole supervision, the period of absence,
574	avoidance, or evasion tolls the parole period.
575	(8) (a) While on parole, time spent in confinement outside the state may not be credited
576	toward the service of any Utah sentence.
577	(b) Time in confinement outside the state or in the custody of any tribal authority or the
578	United States government for a conviction obtained in another jurisdiction tolls the expiration
579	of the Utah sentence.
580	(9) This section does not preclude the Board of Pardons and Parole from paroling or
581	discharging an inmate at any time within the discretion of the Board of Pardons and Parole
582	unless otherwise specifically provided by law.
583	(10) A parolee sentenced to lifetime parole may petition the Board of Pardons and

Section 10. Section **76-3-203.2** is amended to read:

Parole for termination of lifetime parole.

584

586	76-3-203.2. Definitions Use of dangerous weapon in offenses committed on or
587	about school premises Enhanced penalties.
588	(1) (a) As used in this section "on or about school premises" means:
589	(i) (A) in a public or private elementary or secondary school; or
590	(B) on the grounds of any of those schools;
591	(ii) (A) in a public or private institution of higher education; or
592	(B) on the grounds of a public or private institution of higher education;
593	(iii) within 1,000 feet of any school, institution, or grounds included in Subsections
594	(1)(a)(i) and (ii); and
595	(iv) in or on the grounds of a preschool or child care facility.
596	(b) As used in this section:
597	(i) "Dangerous weapon" has the same definition as in Section [76-1-601] <u>76-1-101.5</u> .
598	(ii) "Educator" means a person who is:
599	(A) employed by a public school district; and
600	(B) required to hold a certificate issued by the State Board of Education in order to
601	perform duties of employment.
602	(iii) "Within the course of employment" means that an educator is providing services or
603	engaging in conduct required by the educator's employer to perform the duties of employment.
604	(2) A person who, on or about school premises, commits an offense and uses or
605	threatens to use a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section [76-1-601] <u>76-1-101.5</u> , in the
606	commission of the offense is subject to an enhanced degree of offense as provided in
607	Subsection (4).
608	(3) (a) A person who commits an offense against an educator when the educator is
609	acting within the course of employment is subject to an enhanced degree of offense as provided
610	in Subsection (4).
611	(b) As used in Subsection (3)(a), "offense" means:
612	(i) an offense under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Offenses Against the [Person] Individual;
613	and
614	(ii) an offense under [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part 3, Robbery.
615	(4) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant, while on or
616	about school premises, commits an offense and in the commission of the offense uses or

01/	threatens to use a dangerous weapon, or that the defendant committed an offense against an
618	educator when the educator was acting within the course of the educator's employment, the
619	enhanced penalty for a:
620	(a) class B misdemeanor is a class A misdemeanor;
621	(b) class A misdemeanor is a third degree felony;
622	(c) third degree felony is a second degree felony; or
623	(d) second degree felony is a first degree felony.
624	(5) The enhanced penalty for a first degree felony offense of a convicted person:
625	(a) is imprisonment for a term of not less than five years and which may be for life, and
626	imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended unless the court finds that the
627	interests of justice would be best served and states the specific circumstances justifying the
628	disposition on the record; and
629	(b) is subject also to the dangerous weapon enhancement provided in Section
630	76-3-203.8, except for an offense committed under Subsection (3) that does not involve a
631	firearm.
632	(6) The prosecuting attorney, or grand jury if an indictment is returned, shall provide
633	notice upon the information or indictment that the defendant is subject to the enhanced degree
634	of offense or penalty under Subsection (4) or (5).
635	(7) In cases where an offense is enhanced under Subsection (4), or under Subsection
636	(5)(a) for an offense committed under Subsection (2) that does not involve a firearm, the
637	convicted person is not subject to the dangerous weapon enhancement in Section 76-3-203.8.
638	(8) The sentencing enhancement described in this section does not apply if:
639	(a) the offense for which the person is being sentenced is:
640	(i) a grievous sexual offense;
641	(ii) child kidnapping under Section 76-5-301.1;
642	(iii) aggravated kidnapping under Section 76-5-302; or
643	(iv) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404; and
644	(b) applying the sentencing enhancement provided for in this section would result in a
645	lower maximum penalty than the penalty provided for under the section that describes the
646	offense for which the person is being sentenced.
647	Section 11. Section 76-3-203.5 is amended to read:

648	76-3-203.5. Habitual violent offender Definition Procedure Penalty.
649	(1) As used in this section:
650	(a) "Felony" means any violation of a criminal statute of the state, any other state, the
651	United States, or any district, possession, or territory of the United States for which the
652	maximum punishment the offender may be subjected to exceeds one year in prison.
653	(b) "Habitual violent offender" means a person convicted within the state of any violent
654	felony and who on at least two previous occasions has been convicted of a violent felony and
655	committed to either prison in Utah or an equivalent correctional institution of another state or
656	of the United States either at initial sentencing or after revocation of probation.
657	(c) "Violent felony" means:
658	(i) any of the following offenses, or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit
659	any of the following offenses punishable as a felony:
660	(A) aggravated arson, arson, knowingly causing a catastrophe, and criminal mischief,
661	[Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part 1, Property Destruction;
662	(B) assault by prisoner, Section 76-5-102.5;
663	(C) disarming a police officer, Section 76-5-102.8;
664	(D) aggravated assault, Section 76-5-103;
665	(E) aggravated assault by prisoner, Section 76-5-103.5;
666	(F) mayhem, Section 76-5-105;
667	(G) stalking, Subsection 76-5-106.5(2) [or (3)];
668	(H) threat of terrorism, Section 76-5-107.3;
669	(I) <u>aggravated</u> child abuse, Subsection [76-5-109(2)(a) or (b)] <u>76-5-109.2(3)(a) or (b)</u> ;
670	(J) commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child, Section [76-5-109.1]
671	<u>76-5-114;</u>
672	(K) abuse or neglect of a child with a disability, Section 76-5-110;
673	(L) abuse[, neglect,] or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, Section 76-5-111,
674	<u>76-5-111.2, 76-5-111.3, or 76-5-111.4;</u>
675	(M) endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult, Section 76-5-112.5;
676	(N) criminal homicide offenses under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part 2, Criminal Homicide;
677	(O) kidnapping, child kidnapping, and aggravated kidnapping under [Title 76,] Chapter
678	5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;

```
679
              (P) rape, Section 76-5-402;
680
              (Q) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
              (R) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;
681
682
              (S) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
683
              (T) forcible sodomy, Section 76-5-403;
684
              (U) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
685
              (V) forcible sexual abuse, Section 76-5-404;
686
              (W) [aggravated sexual abuse of a child or] sexual abuse of a child, Section
687
       76-5-404.1, or aggravated sexual abuse of a child, Section 76-5-404.3;
688
              (X) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405;
689
              (Y) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
690
              (Z) sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult, Section 76-5b-202;
691
              (AA) aggravated burglary and burglary of a dwelling under [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part
692
       2, Burglary and Criminal Trespass;
693
              (BB) aggravated robbery and robbery under [Title 76.] Chapter 6, Part 3, Robbery;
694
              (CC) theft by extortion under Subsection 76-6-406(2)(a) or (b);
695
              (DD) tampering with a witness under Subsection 76-8-508(1);
696
              (EE) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant under Section 76-8-508.3;
697
              (FF) tampering with a juror under Subsection 76-8-508.5(2)(c):
              (GG) extortion to dismiss a criminal proceeding under Section 76-8-509 if by any
698
699
       threat or by use of force theft by extortion has been committed pursuant to Subsections
700
       76-6-406(2)(a), (b), and (i):
701
              (HH) possession, use, or removal of explosive, chemical, or incendiary devices under
702
       Subsections 76-10-306(3) through (6);
703
              (II) unlawful delivery of explosive, chemical, or incendiary devices under Section
704
       76-10-307;
              (JJ) purchase or possession of a dangerous weapon or handgun by a restricted person
705
706
       under Section 76-10-503;
707
              (KK) unlawful discharge of a firearm under Section 76-10-508;
708
              (LL) aggravated exploitation of prostitution under Subsection 76-10-1306(1)(a);
709
              (MM) bus hijacking under Section 76-10-1504; and
```

	5.D. 125
710	(NN) discharging firearms and hurling missiles under Section 76-10-1505; or
711	(ii) any felony violation of a criminal statute of any other state, the United States, or
712	any district, possession, or territory of the United States which would constitute a violent
713	felony as defined in this Subsection (1) if committed in this state.
714	(2) If a person is convicted in this state of a violent felony by plea or by verdict and the
715	trier of fact determines beyond a reasonable doubt that the person is a habitual violent offender
716	under this section, the penalty for a:
717	(a) third degree felony is as if the conviction were for a first degree felony;
718	(b) second degree felony is as if the conviction were for a first degree felony; or
719	(c) first degree felony remains the penalty for a first degree penalty except:
720	(i) the convicted person is not eligible for probation; and
721	(ii) the Board of Pardons and Parole shall consider that the convicted person is a
722	habitual violent offender as an aggravating factor in determining the length of incarceration.
723	(3) (a) The prosecuting attorney, or grand jury if an indictment is returned, shall
724	provide notice in the information or indictment that the defendant is subject to punishment as a
725	habitual violent offender under this section. Notice shall include the case number, court, and
726	date of conviction or commitment of any case relied upon by the prosecution.
727	(b) (i) The defendant shall serve notice in writing upon the prosecutor if the defendant
728	intends to deny that:
729	(A) the defendant is the person who was convicted or committed;
730	(B) the defendant was represented by counsel or had waived counsel; or
731	(C) the defendant's plea was understandingly or voluntarily entered.
732	(ii) The notice of denial shall be served not later than five days prior to trial and shall
733	state in detail the defendant's contention regarding the previous conviction and commitment.
734	(4) (a) If the defendant enters a denial under Subsection (3)(b) and if the case is tried to
735	a jury, the jury may not be told, until after it returns its verdict on the underlying felony charge,
736	of the:
737	(i) defendant's previous convictions for violent felonies, except as otherwise provided

- 738 in the Utah Rules of Evidence; or
 - (ii) allegation against the defendant of being a habitual violent offender.

739

(b) If the jury's verdict is guilty, the defendant shall be tried regarding the allegation of

being an habitual violent offender by the same jury, if practicable, unless the defendant waives the jury, in which case the allegation shall be tried immediately to the court.

- (c) (i) Before or at the time of sentencing the trier of fact shall determine if this section applies.
- (ii) The trier of fact shall consider any evidence presented at trial and the prosecution and the defendant shall be afforded an opportunity to present any necessary additional evidence.
- (iii) Before sentencing under this section, the trier of fact shall determine whether this section is applicable beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (d) If any previous conviction and commitment is based upon a plea of guilty or no contest, there is a rebuttable presumption that the conviction and commitment were regular and lawful in all respects if the conviction and commitment occurred after January 1, 1970. If the conviction and commitment occurred prior to January 1, 1970, the burden is on the prosecution to establish by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant was then represented by counsel or had lawfully waived the right to have counsel present, and that the defendant's plea was understandingly and voluntarily entered.
- (e) If the trier of fact finds this section applicable, the court shall enter that specific finding on the record and shall indicate in the order of judgment and commitment that the defendant has been found by the trier of fact to be a habitual violent offender and is sentenced under this section.
- (5) (a) The sentencing enhancement provisions of Section 76-3-407 supersede the provisions of this section.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), the "violent felony" offense defined in Subsection (1)(c) shall include any felony sexual offense violation of [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, to determine if the convicted person is a habitual violent offender.
 - (6) The sentencing enhancement described in this section does not apply if:
- 767 (a) the offense for which the person is being sentenced is:
- 768 (i) a grievous sexual offense;

743

744

745

746

747

748

749

750

751

752

753

754

755

756

757

758

759

760

761

762

763

764

765

- 769 (ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1;
- 770 (iii) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302; or
- 771 (iv) forcible sexual abuse, Section 76-5-404; and

772 (b) applying the sentencing enhancement provided for in this section would result in a 773 lower maximum penalty than the penalty provided for under the section that describes the 774 offense for which the person is being sentenced. 775 Section 12. Section **76-3-203.6** is amended to read: 776 76-3-203.6. Enhanced penalty for certain offenses committed by prisoner. (1) As used in this section, "serving a sentence" means a prisoner is sentenced and 777 778 committed to the custody of the Department of Corrections, the sentence has not been 779 terminated or voided, and the prisoner: 780 (a) has not been paroled; or 781 (b) is in custody after arrest for a parole violation. (2) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that a prisoner serving a sentence 782 783 for a capital felony or a first degree felony commits any offense listed in Subsection (5), the 784 offense is a first degree felony and the court shall sentence the defendant to life in prison without parole. 785 786 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the court may sentence the defendant to an 787 indeterminate prison term of not less than 20 years and that may be for life if the court finds 788 that the interests of justice would best be served and states the specific circumstances justifying 789 the disposition on the record. 790 (4) Subsection (2) does not apply if the prisoner is younger than 18 years [of age] old at 791 the time the offense listed in Subsection (5) is committed and is sentenced on or after May 10, 792 2016. 793 (5) Offenses referred to in Subsection (2) are: 794 (a) aggravated assault by a prisoner, Section 76-5-103.5; 795 (b) mayhem, Section 76-5-105; 796 (c) attempted murder, Section 76-5-203; 797 (d) kidnapping, Section 76-5-301; (e) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1; 798 (f) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302; 799

800

801

802

(g) rape, Section 76-5-402;

(h) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;

(i) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;

01-20-22 4:34 PM S.B. 123

803	(j) object rape of a child, Section /6-5-402.3;
804	(k) forcible sodomy, Section 76-5-403;
805	(l) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
806	(m) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, Section [76-5-404.1] 76-5-404.3 ;
807	(n) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405;
808	(o) aggravated arson, Section 76-6-103;
809	(p) aggravated burglary, Section 76-6-203; and
810	(q) aggravated robbery, Section 76-6-302.
811	(6) The sentencing enhancement described in this section does not apply if:
812	(a) the offense for which the person is being sentenced is:
813	(i) a grievous sexual offense;
814	(ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1; or
815	(iii) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302; and
816	(b) applying the sentencing enhancement provided for in this section would result in a
817	lower maximum penalty than the penalty provided for under the section that describes the
818	offense for which the person is being sentenced.
819	Section 13. Section 76-3-203.7 is amended to read:
820	76-3-203.7. Increase of sentence for violent felony if body armor used.
821	(1) As used in this section:
822	(a) "Body armor" means any material designed or intended to provide bullet
823	penetration resistance or protection from bodily injury caused by a dangerous weapon.
824	(b) "Dangerous weapon" [has the same definition as] means the same as that term is
825	<u>defined</u> in Section [76-1-601] <u>76-1-101.5</u> .
826	(c) "Violent felony" [has the same definition as] means the same as that term is defined
827	in Section 76-3-203.5.
828	(2) A person convicted of a violent felony may be sentenced to imprisonment for an
829	indeterminate term, as provided in Section 76-3-203, but if the trier of fact finds beyond a
830	reasonable doubt that the defendant used, carried, or possessed a dangerous weapon and also
831	used or wore body armor, with the intent to facilitate the commission of the violent felony, and
832	the violent felony is:
833	(a) a first degree felony, the court shall sentence the person convicted for a term of not

834	less than six years, and which may be for life;
835	(b) a second degree felony, the court shall sentence the person convicted for a term of
836	not less than two years nor more than 15 years, and the court may sentence the person
837	convicted for a term of not less than two years nor more than 20 years; and
838	(c) a third degree felony, the court shall sentence the person convicted for a term of not
839	less than one year nor more than five years, and the court may sentence the person convicted
840	for a term of not less than one year nor more than 10 years.
841	(3) The sentencing enhancement described in this section does not apply if:
842	(a) the offense for which the person is being sentenced is:
843	(i) a grievous sexual offense;
844	(ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1;
845	(iii) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302; or
846	(iv) forcible sexual abuse, Section 76-5-404; and
847	(b) applying the sentencing enhancement provided for in this section would result in a
848	lower maximum penalty than the penalty provided for under the section that describes the
849	offense for which the person is being sentenced.
850	Section 14. Section 76-3-203.8 is amended to read:
851	76-3-203.8. Increase of sentence if dangerous weapon used.
852	(1) As used in this section, "dangerous weapon" [has the same definition as] means the
853	same as that term is defined in Section [76-1-601] <u>76-1-101.5</u> .
854	(2) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that a dangerous weapon was
855	used in the commission or furtherance of a felony, the court:
856	(a) (i) shall increase by one year the minimum term of the sentence applicable by law;
857	and
858	(ii) if the minimum term applicable by law is zero, shall set the minimum term as one
859	year; and
860	(b) may increase by five years the maximum sentence applicable by law in the case of a
861	felony of the second or third degree.
862	(3) A defendant who is a party to a felony offense shall be sentenced to the increases in

punishment provided in Subsection (2) if the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that:

(a) a dangerous weapon was used in the commission or furtherance of the felony; and

863

865	(b)	the defendant knew	that the	dangerous	weapon	was	present.

- (4) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that a person has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment for a felony in which a dangerous weapon was used in the commission of or furtherance of the felony and that person is subsequently convicted of another felony in which a dangerous weapon was used in the commission of or furtherance of the felony, the court shall, in addition to any other sentence imposed including those in Subsection (2), impose an indeterminate prison term to be not less than five nor more than 10 years to run consecutively and not concurrently.
- Section 15. Section **76-3-203.10** is amended to read:
- 76-3-203.10. Violent offense committed in presence of a child -- Penalties.
- 875 (1) As used in this section:

867

868

869

870

871

872

876

877

880

881

882

883

884

885

886

887

888

889

890

891

892

- (a) "In the presence of a child" means:
 - (i) in the physical presence of a child younger than 14 years [of age] old; and
- 878 (ii) having knowledge that the child is present and may see or hear the commission of a violent criminal offense.
 - (b) "Violent criminal offense" means any criminal offense involving violence or physical harm or threat of violence or physical harm, or any attempt to commit a criminal offense involving violence or physical harm that is not a domestic violence offense as defined in Section 77-36-1.
 - (2) A person commits a violent criminal offense in the presence of a child if the person:
 - (a) commits or attempts to commit criminal homicide, as defined in Section 76-5-201, against a third party in the presence of a child;
 - (b) intentionally causes or attempts to cause serious bodily injury to a third party or uses a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5, or other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury, against a third party in the presence of a child; or
 - (c) under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Subsection (2)(a) or (b), commits a violent criminal offense in the presence of a child.
- 894 (3) A person who violates Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- Section 16. Section **76-3-203.13** is amended to read:

896 76-3-203.13. Enhanced penalty for unlawful sexual contact with a student. 897 (1) A person convicted of a sexual offense described in Section 76-5-401.1 or 898 76-5-401.2 may be subject to an enhanced penalty if, at the time of the commission of the 899 sexual offense, the actor: 900 (a) was 18 years [of age] old or older; 901 (b) held a position of special trust as a teacher, employee, or volunteer at a school, as 902 that position is defined in Subsection $76-5-404.1(1)[\frac{(c)(xix)}{(c)(xix)}](a)(iv)(S)$; and 903 (c) committed the offense against an individual who at the time of the offense was 904 enrolled as a student at the school where the actor was employed or was acting as a volunteer. 905 (2) The enhancement of a penalty described in Subsection (1) shall be an enhancement 906 of one classification higher than the offense of which the person was convicted. 907 Section 17. Section **76-3-406** is amended to read: 908 76-3-406. Crimes for which probation, suspension of sentence, lower category of 909 offense, or hospitalization may not be granted. 910 (1) Notwithstanding Sections 76-3-201 and 77-18-105 and Title 77, Chapter 16a, 911 Commitment and Treatment of Persons with a Mental Illness, except as provided in Section 912 76-5-406.5, probation may not be granted, the execution or imposition of sentence may not be 913 suspended, the court may not enter a judgment for a lower category of offense, and 914 hospitalization may not be ordered, the effect of which would in any way shorten the prison 915 sentence for an individual who commits a capital felony or a first degree felony involving: (a) Section 76-5-202, aggravated murder; 916 917 (b) Section 76-5-203, murder; 918 (c) Section 76-5-301.1, child kidnaping; 919 (d) Section 76-5-302, aggravated kidnaping: 920 (e) Section 76-5-402, rape, if the individual is sentenced under Subsection 921 76-5-402(3)(b), (3)(c), or (4); 922 (f) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child; 923 (g) Section 76-5-402.2, object rape, if the individual is sentenced under Subsection 924 76-5-402.2[(1)(b), (1)(c), or (2)](3)(b), (3)(c), or (4);925 (h) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child; (i) Section 76-5-403, forcible sodomy, if the individual is sentenced under Subsection 926

927 76-5-403(3)(b), (3)(c), or (4); 928 (j) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child; 929 (k) Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse, if the individual is sentenced under 930 Subsection 76-5-404[(2)(b) or (3)](3)(b)(i) or (ii);931 (1) [Subsections 76-5-404.1(4) and (5)] Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated sexual abuse of 932 a child; 933 (m) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault; or 934 (n) any attempt to commit a felony listed in Subsection (1)(f), (h), or (j). 935 (2) Except for an offense before the district court in accordance with Section 80-6-502 936 or 80-6-504, the provisions of this section do not apply if the sentencing court finds that the defendant: 937 938 (a) was under 18 years old at the time of the offense; and 939 (b) could have been adjudicated in the juvenile court but for the delayed reporting or delayed filing of the information. 940 941 Section 18. Section **76-4-401** is amended to read: 942 76-4-401. Enticing a minor -- Elements -- Penalties. 943 (1) As used in this section: 944 (a) "Minor" means a person who is under the age of 18. 945 (b) "Text messaging" means a communication in the form of electronic text or one or 946 more electronic images sent by the actor from a telephone, computer, or other electronic 947 communication device to another person's telephone, computer, or other electronic 948 communication device by addressing the communication to the person's telephone number or 949 other electronic communication access code or number. 950 (2) (a) A person commits enticement of a minor when the person knowingly uses the 951 Internet or text messaging to solicit, seduce, lure, or entice a minor, or to attempt to solicit, 952 seduce, lure, or entice a minor, or another person that the actor believes to be a minor, to 953 engage in any sexual activity which is a violation of state criminal law. 954 (b) A person commits enticement of a minor when the person knowingly uses the 955 Internet or text messaging to: 956 (i) initiate contact with a minor or a person the actor believes to be a minor; and

(ii) subsequently to the action under Subsection (2)(b)(i), by any electronic or written

means, solicits, seduces, lures, or entices, or attempts to solicit, seduce, lure, or entice the minor or a person the actor believes to be the minor to engage in any sexual activity which is a violation of state criminal law.

- (3) It is not a defense to the crime of enticing a minor under Subsection (2), or an attempt to commit this offense, that a law enforcement officer or an undercover operative who is employed by a law enforcement agency was involved in the detection or investigation of the offense.
 - (4) Enticement of a minor under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is punishable as follows:
- (a) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a first degree felony for the actor is a:
- 968 (i) second degree felony upon the first conviction for violation of this Subsection 969 (4)(a); and
 - (ii) first degree felony punishable by imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not fewer than three years and which may be for life, upon a second or any subsequent conviction for a violation of this Subsection (4)(a);
 - (b) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a second degree felony for the actor is a third degree felony;
 - (c) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a third degree felony for the actor is a class A misdemeanor:
 - (d) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a class A misdemeanor for the actor is a class B misdemeanor; and
 - (e) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a class B misdemeanor for the actor is a class C misdemeanor.
 - (5) (a) When a person who commits a felony violation of this section has been previously convicted of an offense under Subsection (5)(b), the court may not in any way shorten the prison sentence, and the court may not:
 - (i) grant probation;
 - (ii) suspend the execution or imposition of the sentence;
- 986 (iii) enter a judgment for a lower category of offense; or
- 987 (iv) order hospitalization.

958

959

960

961

962

963

964

965

966

967

970

971

972

973

974

975

976

977

978

979

980

981

982

983

984

985

988 (b) The sections referred to in Subsection (5)(a) are:

01-20-22 4:34 PM S.B. 123

989	(i) Section 76-4-401, enticing a minor;
990	(ii) Section 76-5-301.1, child kidnapping;
991	(iii) Section 76-5-402, rape;
992	(iv) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child;
993	(v) Section 76-5-402.2, object rape;
994	(vi) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child;
995	(vii) Subsection 76-5-403(2), forcible sodomy;
996	(viii) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child;
997	(ix) Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse;
998	(x) Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child and Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated
999	sexual abuse of a child;
1000	(xi) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault;
1001	(xii) Section 76-5-308.5, human trafficking of a child;
1002	(xiii) any offense in any other state or federal jurisdiction which constitutes or would
1003	constitute a crime in Subsections (5)(b)(i) through (xii); or
1004	(xiv) the attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses in
1005	Subsections (5)(b)(i) through (xiii).
1006	Section 19. Section 76-5-101 is amended to read:
1007	CHAPTER 5. OFFENSES AGAINST THE INDIVIDUAL
1008	76-5-101. Definitions.
1009	[For purposes of this part "prisoner" means any person]
1010	Unless otherwise provided, as used in this part:
1011	(1) "Detained individual" means an individual detained under Section 77-7-15.
1012	(2) "Prisoner" means an individual who is in custody of a peace officer pursuant to a
1013	lawful arrest or who is confined in a jail or other penal institution or a facility used for
1014	confinement of delinquent juveniles operated by the Division of Juvenile Justice Services
1015	regardless of whether the confinement is legal.
1016	Section 20. Section 76-5-102 is amended to read:
1017	76-5-102. Assault Penalties.
1018	[(1) Assault is:]
1019	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.

1020	(2) An actor commits assault if the actor:
1021	(a) [an attempt] attempts, with unlawful force or violence, to [do] inflict bodily injury
1022	[to another] on an individual; or
1023	(b) commits an act, [committed] with unlawful force or violence, that:
1024	(i) causes bodily injury to [another] an individual; or
1025	(ii) creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to [another] an individual.
1026	[(2) Assault] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1027	[(3) Assault] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
1028	class A misdemeanor if:
1029	[(a)] (i) the [person] actor causes substantial bodily injury to [another] an individual; or
1030	[(b)] (ii) the [victim] individual is pregnant and the [person] actor has knowledge of the
1031	pregnancy.
1032	(4) [It is not a defense against assault, that the accused] The fact that the actor caused
1033	serious bodily injury to [another] an individual is not a defense to a violation of this section.
1034	Section 21. Section 76-5-102.3 is amended to read:
1035	76-5-102.3. Assault or threat of violence against a school employee.
1036	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1037	(i) "Assault" means an offense under Section 76-5-102.
1038	(ii) "Employee" includes a volunteer.
1039	(iii) "Threat of violence" means an offense under Section 76-5-107.
1040	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1041	[(1) Any person who commits an assault as defined in Section 76-5-102, or commits]
1042	(2) An actor commits assault or threat of violence against a school employee if:
1043	(a) the actor commits assault or a threat of violence [as defined in Section 76-5-107,]
1044	against an employee of a public or private school[, with];
1045	(b) the actor has knowledge that the individual is an employee[5]; and [when]
1046	(c) the employee is acting within the scope of [his] the employee's authority as an
1047	employee[, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.].
1048	[(2) As used in this section, "employee" includes a volunteer.]
1049	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
1050	Section 22. Section 76-5-102.4 is amended to read:

1051	76-5-102.4. Assault against peace officer or a military servicemember in uniform
1052	Penalties.
1053	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1054	[(a)] (i) "Assault" means [the same as that term is defined in] an offense under Section
1055	76-5-102.
1056	[(b)] (ii) "Military servicemember in uniform" means:
1057	[(i)] (A) a member of any branch of the United States military who is wearing a
1058	uniform as authorized by the member's branch of service; or
1059	[(ii)] (B) a member of the National Guard serving as provided in Section 39-1-5 or
1060	39-1-9.
1061	[(c)] <u>(iii)</u> "Peace officer" means:
1062	[(i)] (A) a law enforcement officer certified under Section 53-13-103;
1063	[(ii)] (B) a correctional officer under Section 53-13-104;
1064	[(iii)] (C) a special function officer under Section 53-13-105; or
1065	[(iv)] (D) a federal officer under Section 53-13-106.
1066	[(d)] (iv) "Threat of violence" means [the same as that term is defined in] an offense
1067	under Section 76-5-107.
1068	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1069	[(2) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, except as provided in Subsections (3)
1070	and (4), who:]
1071	(2) (a) An actor commits assault against a peace officer if:
1072	[(a)] (i) the actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a peace officer, with
1073	knowledge that the [person] peace officer is a peace officer[, and when]; and
1074	(ii) at the time of the assault or threat of violence, the peace officer [is] was acting
1075	within the scope of authority as a peace officer[; or].
1076	(b) An actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a military servicemember
1077	in uniform [when that] if:
1078	(i) the actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a military servicemember
1079	in uniform; and
1080	(ii) at the time of the assault or threat of violence, the servicemember [is] was on orders
1081	and acting within the scope of authority granted to the military servicemember in uniform.

1082	(3) (a) A [person who violates] violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of a third degree
1083	felony if the person:] a class A misdemeanor.
1084	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree
1085	felony if the actor:
1086	$\left[\frac{a}{a}\right]$ (i) has been previously convicted of a class A misdemeanor or a felony violation
1087	of this section; or
1088	[(b) the person] (ii) causes substantial bodily injury.
1089	[(4) A person who violates] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (b), a violation
1090	of Subsection (2) is [guilty of] a second degree felony if the [person] actor uses:
1091	$[\frac{(a)}{(i)}]$ a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601]; or
1092	[(b)] (ii) other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury.
1093	(4) This section does not affect or limit any individual's constitutional right to the
1094	lawful expression of free speech, the right of assembly, or any other recognized rights secured
1095	by the Constitution or laws of Utah or by the Constitution or laws of the United States.
1096	(5) [A person] An actor who violates this section shall serve, in jail or another
1097	correctional facility, a minimum of:
1098	(a) 90 consecutive days for a second offense; and
1099	(b) 180 consecutive days for each subsequent offense.
1100	(6) The court may suspend the imposition or execution of the sentence required under
1101	Subsection (5) if the court finds that the interests of justice would be best served by the
1102	suspension and the court makes specific findings concerning the disposition on the record.
1103	[(7) This section does not affect or limit any individual's constitutional right to the
1104	lawful expression of free speech, the right of assembly, or any other recognized rights secured
1105	by the Constitution or laws of Utah or by the Constitution or laws of the United States.]
1106	Section 23. Section 76-5-102.5 is amended to read:
1107	76-5-102.5. Assault by prisoner.
1108	[Any prisoner who commits assault,]
1109	(1) (a) As used in this section, "assault" means an offense under Section 76-5-102.
1110	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1111	(2) An actor commits assault by prisoner if the actor:
1112	(a) is a prisoner; and

1113	(b) intending to cause bodily injury, commits an assault.
1114	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of a felony of the] a third degree felony.
1115	Section 24. Section 76-5-102.6 is amended to read:
1116	76-5-102.6. Propelling object or substance at a correctional or peace officer
1117	Penalties.
1118	[(1) It is unlawful for] (1) (a) As used in this section, "infectious agent" means the
1119	same as that term is defined in Section 26-6-2.
1120	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1121	(2) An actor commits the offense of propelling an object or substance at a correctional
1122	or peace officer if the actor:
1123	(a) is a prisoner or a detained individual [detained pursuant to Section 77-7-15 to
1124	throw]; and
1125	(b) throws or otherwise [propel any] propels an object or substance at a peace officer, a
1126	correctional officer, or an employee or volunteer, including a health care provider.
1127	[(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a]
1128	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection [(1)] (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
1129	[(3) A] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection [(1)] (2) is a
1130	third degree felony if:
1131	$[\frac{a}{a}]$ $\underline{(i)}$ the object or substance causes substantial bodily injury to the peace officer, the
1132	correctional officer, or the employee or volunteer, including a health care provider; or
1133	$[\frac{b}{a}]$ (ii) (A) the object or substance is:
1134	[(A)] (I) blood, urine, semen, or fecal material;
1135	[(B)] (II) an infectious agent [as defined in Section 26-6-2] or a material that carries an
1136	infectious agent;
1137	[(C)] (III) vomit or a material that carries vomit; or
1138	[(D)] (IV) the [prisoner's or detained individual's] actor's saliva, and the [prisoner or
1139	detained individual] actor knows [he or she] the actor is infected with HIV, hepatitis B, or
1140	hepatitis C; and
1141	[(ii)] (B) the object or substance comes into contact with any portion of the officer's,
1142	employee's, volunteer's, or health care provider's face, including the eyes or mouth, or comes
1143	into contact with any open wound on the officer's, employee's, volunteer's, or health care

1144	provider's body.
1145	(4) If an offense committed under this section amounts to an offense subject to a
1146	greater penalty under another provision of state law than under this section, this section does
1147	not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
1148	Section 25. Section 76-5-102.7 is amended to read:
1149	76-5-102.7. Assault or threat of violence against health care provider or
1150	emergency medical service worker Penalty.
1151	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1152	(i) "Assault" means an offense under Section 76-5-102.
1153	(ii) "Emergency medical service worker" means an individual licensed under Section
1154	<u>26-8a-302.</u>
1155	(iii) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1156	<u>78B-3-403.</u>
1157	(iv) "Threat of violence" means an offense under Section 76-5-107.
1158	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1159	[(1) A person who] (2) An actor commits [an] assault or threat of violence against a
1160	health care provider or emergency medical service worker [is guilty of a class A misdemeanor]
1161	if:
1162	(a) the [person] actor is not a prisoner or a [person detained under Section 77-7-15]
1163	detained individual;
1164	(b) the actor commits an assault or threat of violence;
1165	[(b)] (c) the [person] actor knew that the victim was a health care provider or
1166	emergency medical service worker; and
1167	[(c)] (d) the health care provider or emergency medical service worker was performing
1168	emergency or life saving duties within the scope of his or her authority at the time of the assaul
1169	or threat of violence.
1170	[(2) A person who violates] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection [(1)] (2) is a class A
1171	misdemeanor.
1172	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of] a
1173	third degree felony if the [person] actor:
1174	[(a)] (i) causes substantial bodily injury[, as defined in Section 76-1-601]; and

1175	[(b)] (ii) acts intentionally or knowingly.
1176	[(3) As used in this section:]
1177	[(a) "Assault" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-102.]
1178	[(b) "Emergency medical service worker" means a person licensed under Section
1179	26-8a-302.]
1180	[(c) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1181	78B-3-403.]
1182	[(d) "Threat of violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-107.]
1183	Section 26. Section 76-5-102.8 is amended to read:
1184	76-5-102.8. Disarming a peace officer Penalties.
1185	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1186	[(a)] (i) "Conductive energy device" means a weapon that uses electrical current to
1187	disrupt voluntary control of muscles.
1188	[(b)] (ii) "Firearm" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined in
1189	Section 76-10-501.
1190	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1191	(2) An actor [is guilty of an offense under Subsection (3) who] commits disarming a
1192	peace officer if the actor intentionally takes or removes, or attempts to take or remove a firearm
1193	or a conductive energy device from [the person] an individual or immediate presence of [a
1194	person] an individual who the actor knows is a peace officer:
1195	(a) without the consent of the peace officer; and
1196	(b) while the peace officer is acting within the scope of [his] the peace officer's
1197	authority as a peace officer.
1198	(3) (a) [Conduct under] A violation of Subsection (2) regarding a firearm is a first
1199	degree felony.
1200	(b) [Conduct under] A violation of Subsection (2) regarding a conductive energy
1201	device is a third degree felony.
1202	Section 27. Section 76-5-102.9 is amended to read:
1203	76-5-102.9. Propelling a bodily substance or material Penalties.
1204	(1) (a) As used in this section[, a listed substance or material is]:
1205	(i) "Bodily substance or material" means:

1206	[(a)] (A) saliva, blood, urine, semen, or fecal material;
1207	[(b)] (B) an infectious agent [as defined in Section 26-6-2 of] or a material that carries
1208	an infectious agent; or
1209	[(c)] (C) vomit or a material that carries vomit.
1210	(ii) "Infectious agent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-6-2.
1211	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1212	(2) [Any person who] An actor commits propelling a bodily substance or material if the
1213	\underline{actor} knowingly or intentionally throws or otherwise propels $[\underline{any}]$ \underline{a} bodily substance or
1214	material [listed under Subsection (1)] at another [person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor,
1215	except as provided in Subsection (3) individual.
1216	(3) (a) A violation of [this section] Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1217	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a class A
1218	misdemeanor if [the substance or material propelled is listed in Subsection (1), and]:
1219	[(a)] (i) [if] the bodily substance or material is the [person's] actor's saliva[,] and the
1220	[person] actor knows [he or she] the actor is infected with HIV, hepatitis B, or hepatitis C; or
1221	[(b)] (ii) the bodily substance or material comes into contact with any portion of the
1222	other [person's] individual's face, including the eyes or mouth, or comes into contact with any
1223	open wound on the other [person's] individual's body.
1224	(4) If an offense committed under this section amounts to an offense subject to a
1225	greater penalty under another provision of state law than under this section, this section does
1226	not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
1227	Section 28. Section 76-5-103 is amended to read:
1228	76-5-103. Aggravated assault Penalties.
1229	[(1) Aggravated assault is an actor's conduct:]
1230	[(a) that is:]
1231	(1) (a) As used in this section, "targeting a law enforcement officer" means the same as
1232	that term is defined in Section 76-5-202.
1233	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1234	(2) An actor commits aggravated assault if the actor:
1235	(a) (i) [an attempt] attempts, with unlawful force or violence, to do bodily injury to
1236	another;

1237	(ii) makes a threat, accompanied by a show of immediate force or violence, to do
1238	bodily injury to another; or
1239	(iii) commits an act, committed with unlawful force or violence, that causes bodily
1240	injury to another or creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to another; and
1241	(b) [that] includes in the actor's conduct under Subsection (2)(a) the use of:
1242	(i) a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601];
1243	(ii) any act that impedes the breathing or the circulation of blood of another [person]
1244	individual by the actor's use of unlawful force or violence that is likely to produce a loss of
1245	consciousness by:
1246	(A) applying pressure to the neck or throat of [a person] an individual; or
1247	(B) obstructing the nose, mouth, or airway of [a person] an individual; or
1248	(iii) other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury.
1249	[(2)] (3) (a) [Any act under this section is punishable as] A violation of Subsection (2)
1250	is a third degree felony[, except that an act under this section is punishable as a second degree
1251	felony if:].
1252	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree
1253	felony if:
1254	(i) the act results in serious bodily injury; or
1255	(ii) an act under Subsection [(1)] (2)(b)(ii) produces a loss of consciousness.
1256	[(b) Aggravated assault that is a violation of Section 76-5-210, Targeting a law
1257	enforcement officer, and results in serious bodily injury is a first degree felony.]
1258	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (b), a violation of Subsection (2) is a first
1259	degree felony if the conduct constitutes targeting a law enforcement officer and results in
1260	serious bodily injury.
1261	Section 29. Section 76-5-103.5 is amended to read:
1262	76-5-103.5. Aggravated assault by prisoner.
1263	[Any prisoner who commits aggravated assault is guilty of:]
1264	[(1) a] (1) (a) As used in this section, "aggravated assault" means an offense under
1265	Section 76-5-103.
1266	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1267	(2) An actor commits aggravated assault by prisoner if the actor:

1268	(a) is a prisoner; and
1269	(b) commits aggravated assault.
1270	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony[if no serious bodily
1271	injury was intentionally caused; or].
1272	[(2)] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a first
1273	degree felony if serious bodily injury was intentionally caused.
1274	Section 30. Section 76-5-104 is amended to read:
1275	76-5-104. Consensual altercation.
1276	(1) As used in this section, "ultimate fighting match" means the same as that term is
1277	defined in Section 76-9-705.
1278	(2) In any prosecution for criminal homicide under Part 2, Criminal Homicide, or
1279	assault as that offense is described in Section 76-5-102, it is no defense to the prosecution that
1280	the defendant was a party to any duel, mutual combat, or other consensual altercation if during
1281	the course of the duel, combat, or altercation:
1282	(a) any dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601] was used; or [if]
1283	(b) the defendant was engaged in an ultimate fighting match [as defined in Section
1284	76-9-705].
1285	Section 31. Section 76-5-105 is amended to read:
1286	76-5-105. Mayhem.
1287	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1288	[(1) Every person who] (2) An actor commits mayhem if the actor unlawfully and
1289	intentionally:
1290	(a) deprives [a human being] an individual of a member of [his] the individual's body[,
1291	or];
1292	(b) disables or renders [it] useless[, or who] a member of an individual's body;
1293	(c) cuts out or disables [the] an individual's tongue[7];
1294	(d) puts out an <u>individual's</u> eye[,]; or
1295	(e) slits [the] an individual's nose, ear, or lip[, is guilty of mayhem].
1296	[(2) Mayhem is a felony of the second degree.]
1297	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
1298	Section 32 Section 76-5-106 is amended to read:

1299	76-5-106. Harassment.
1300	[(1) A person is guilty of]
1301	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1302	(2) An actor commits harassment if, with intent to frighten or harass another, [he] the
1303	<u>actor</u> communicates a written or recorded threat to commit [any] <u>a</u> violent felony.
1304	[(2) Harassment] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1305	Section 33. Section 76-5-106.5 is amended to read:
1306	76-5-106.5. Stalking Definitions Injunction Penalties Duties of law
1307	enforcement officer.
1308	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1309	[(a)] (i) "Course of conduct" means two or more acts directed at or toward a specific
1310	[person] individual, including:
1311	$[\frac{(i)}{A}]$ acts in which the actor follows, monitors, observes, photographs, surveils,
1312	threatens, or communicates to or about [a person] an individual, or interferes with [a person's]
1313	an individual's property:
1314	[(A)] (I) directly, indirectly, or through any third party; and
1315	[(B)] (II) by any action, method, device, or means; or
1316	[(ii)] (B) when the actor engages in any of the following acts or causes someone else to
1317	engage in any of these acts:
1318	[(A)] (I) approaches or confronts [a person] an individual;
1319	$[\overline{(B)}]$ (II) appears at the $[\overline{person's}]$ $\underline{individual's}$ workplace or contacts the $[\overline{person's}]$
1320	individual's employer or coworkers;
1321	[(C)] (III) appears at [a person's] an individual's residence or contacts [a person's] an
1322	<u>individual's</u> neighbors, or enters property owned, leased, or occupied by [a person] an
1323	individual;
1324	[(D)] (IV) sends material by any means to the [person] individual or for the purpose of
1325	obtaining or disseminating information about or communicating with the [person] individual to
1326	a member of the [person's] individual's family or household, employer, coworker, friend, or
1327	associate of the [person] individual;
1328	[(E)] (V) places an object on or delivers an object to property owned, leased, or
1329	occupied by [a person] an individual, or to the [person's] individual's place of employment with

1330	the intent that the object be delivered to the [person] individual; or
1331	[(F)] <u>(VI)</u> uses a computer, the Internet, text messaging, or any other electronic means
1332	to commit an act that is a part of the course of conduct.
1333	[(b)] (ii) "Emotional distress" means significant mental or psychological suffering,
1334	whether or not medical or other professional treatment or counseling is required.
1335	[(e)] (iii) "Immediate family" means a spouse, parent, child, sibling, or any other
1336	[person] individual who regularly resides in the household or who regularly resided in the
1337	household within the prior six months.
1338	[(d)] (iv) "Reasonable person" means a reasonable person in the victim's
1339	circumstances.
1340	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ "Stalking" means an offense as described in Subsection (2) $[\underline{\text{or }(3)}]$.
1341	[(f)] (vi) "Text messaging" means a communication in the form of electronic text or
1342	one or more electronic images sent by the actor from a telephone or computer to another
1343	[person's] individual's telephone or computer by addressing the communication to the
1344	recipient's telephone number.
1345	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1346	(2) [A person is guilty of stalking who] An actor commits stalking if the actor
1347	intentionally or knowingly:
1348	(a) engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific [person] individual and knows
1349	or should know that the course of conduct would cause a reasonable person:
1350	[(a)] (i) to fear for the [person's] individual's own safety or the safety of a third [person]
1351	individual; or
1352	[(b)] (ii) to suffer other emotional distress[-]; or
1353	[(3) A person is guilty of stalking who intentionally or knowingly]
1354	(b) violates:
1355	[(a)] (i) a stalking injunction issued under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 7, Civil Stalking
1356	Injunctions; or
1357	[(b)] (ii) a permanent criminal stalking injunction issued under Title 78B, Chapter 7,
1358	Part 9, Criminal Stalking Injunctions.
1359	[(4) In any prosecution under this section, it is not a defense that the actor:]
1360	[(a) was not given actual notice that the course of conduct was unwanted; or]

1361	[(b) did not intend to cause the victim fear or other emotional distress.]
1362	[(5) An offense of stalking may be prosecuted under this section in any jurisdiction
1363	where one or more of the acts that is part of the course of conduct was initiated or caused an
1364	effect on the victim.]
1365	[(6) Stalking is a class A misdemeanor:]
1366	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor:
1367	[(a)] (i) upon the [offender's] actor's first violation of Subsection (2); or
1368	[(b)] (ii) if the [offender] actor violated a stalking injunction issued under Title 78B,
1369	Chapter 7, Part 7, Civil Stalking Injunctions.
1370	[(7) Stalking] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
1371	third degree felony if the [offender] actor:
1372	[(a)] (i) has been previously convicted of an offense of stalking;
1373	[(b)] (ii) has been previously convicted in another jurisdiction of an offense that is
1374	substantially similar to the offense of stalking;
1375	[(c)] (iii) has been previously convicted of any felony offense in Utah or of any crime
1376	in another jurisdiction which if committed in Utah would be a felony, in which the victim of
1377	the stalking offense or a member of the victim's immediate family was also a victim of the
1378	previous felony offense;
1379	[(d)] (iv) violated a permanent criminal stalking injunction issued under Title 78B,
1380	Chapter 7, Part 9, Criminal Stalking Injunctions; or
1381	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ has been or is at the time of the offense a cohabitant, as defined in Section
1382	78B-7-102, of the victim.
1383	[(8) Stalking] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (b), a violation of Subsection
1384	(2) is a second degree felony if the [offender] actor:
1385	[(a)] (i) used a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601] or used other means
1386	or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury, in the commission of the crime of
1387	stalking;
1388	[(b)] (ii) has been previously convicted two or more times of the offense of stalking;
1389	[(c)] (iii) has been convicted two or more times in another jurisdiction or jurisdictions
1390	of offenses that are substantially similar to the offense of stalking;
1391	[(d)] (iv) has been convicted two or more times, in any combination, of offenses under

1392	Subsection $[(7)(a), (b), or (c)]$ $(3)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii);$
1393	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ has been previously convicted two or more times of felony offenses in Utah or
1394	of crimes in another jurisdiction or jurisdictions which, if committed in Utah, would be
1395	felonies, in which the victim of the stalking was also a victim of the previous felony offenses;
1396	or
1397	[(f)] (vi) has been previously convicted of an offense under Subsection $[(7)(d)$ or (e)]
1398	(3)(b)(iv) or (v).
1399	(4) In a prosecution under this section, it is not a defense that the actor:
1400	(a) was not given actual notice that the course of conduct was unwanted; or
1401	(b) did not intend to cause the victim fear or other emotional distress.
1402	(5) An offense of stalking may be prosecuted under this section in any jurisdiction
1403	where one or more of the acts that is part of the course of conduct was initiated or caused an
1404	effect on the victim.
1405	[(9)] (a) A permanent criminal stalking injunction limiting the contact between the
1406	[defendant] actor and victim may be filed in accordance with Section 78B-7-902.
1407	(b) This section does not preclude the filing of criminal information for stalking based
1408	on the same act which is the basis for the violation of the stalking injunction issued under Title
1409	78B, Chapter 7, Part 7, Civil Stalking Injunctions, or a permanent criminal stalking injunction
1410	issued under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 9, Criminal Stalking Injunctions.
1411	[(10)] (7) (a) A law enforcement officer who responds to an allegation of stalking shall
1412	use all reasonable means to protect the victim and prevent further violence, including:
1413	(i) taking action that, in the officer's discretion, is reasonably necessary to provide for
1414	the safety of the victim and any family or household member;
1415	(ii) confiscating the weapon or weapons involved in the alleged stalking;
1416	(iii) making arrangements for the victim and any child to obtain emergency housing or
1417	shelter;
1418	(iv) providing protection while the victim removes essential personal effects;
1419	(v) arranging, facilitating, or providing for the victim and any child to obtain medical
1420	treatment; and
1421	(vi) arranging, facilitating, or providing the victim with immediate and adequate notice
1422	of the rights of victims and of the remedies and services available to victims of stalking, in

1453

1423	accordance with Subsection [(10)] (7)(b).
1424	(b) (i) A law enforcement officer shall give written notice to the victim in simple
1425	language, describing the rights and remedies available under this section and Title 78B,
1426	Chapter 7, Part 7, Civil Stalking Injunctions.
1427	(ii) The written notice shall also include:
1428	(A) a statement that the forms needed in order to obtain a stalking injunction are
1429	available from the court clerk's office in the judicial district where the victim resides or is
1430	temporarily domiciled; and
1431	(B) a list of shelters, services, and resources available in the appropriate community,
1432	together with telephone numbers, to assist the victim in accessing any needed assistance.
1433	(c) If a weapon is confiscated under this Subsection [(10)] (7), the law enforcement
1434	agency shall return the weapon to the individual from whom the weapon is confiscated if a
1435	stalking injunction is not issued or once the stalking injunction is terminated.
1436	Section 34. Section 76-5-107 is amended to read:
1437	76-5-107. Threat of violence Penalty.
1438	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1438 1439	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section. [(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor:
1439	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor:
1439 1440	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury,
1439 1440 1441	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[5]; and
1439 1440 1441 1442	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[;]; and (B) acts with intent to place [a person] an individual in fear of imminent serious bodily
1439 1440 1441 1442 1443	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[5]; and (B) acts with intent to place [a person] an individual in fear of imminent serious bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or death; or
1439 1440 1441 1442 1443 1444	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[;]; and (B) acts with intent to place [a person] an individual in fear of imminent serious bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or death; or [(b) the person] (ii) makes a threat, accompanied by a show of immediate force or
1439 1440 1441 1442 1443 1444 1445	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[7]; and (B) acts with intent to place [a person] an individual in fear of imminent serious bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or death; or [(b) the person] (ii) makes a threat, accompanied by a show of immediate force or violence, to do bodily injury to [another] an individual.
1439 1440 1441 1442 1443 1444 1445 1446	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[;]; and (B) acts with intent to place [a person] an individual in fear of imminent serious bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or death; or [(b) the person] (ii) makes a threat, accompanied by a show of immediate force or violence, to do bodily injury to [another] an individual. (b) A threat under this section may be express or implied.
1439 1440 1441 1442 1443 1444 1445 1446 1447	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[7]; and (B) acts with intent to place [a person] an individual in fear of imminent serious bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or death; or [(b) the person] (ii) makes a threat, accompanied by a show of immediate force or violence, to do bodily injury to [another] an individual. (b) A threat under this section may be express or implied. [(2)] (3) (a) A violation of [this section] Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1439 1440 1441 1442 1443 1444 1445 1446 1447 1448	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[;]; and (B) acts with intent to place [a person] an individual in fear of imminent serious bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or death; or [(b) the person] (ii) makes a threat, accompanied by a show of immediate force or violence, to do bodily injury to [another] an individual. (b) A threat under this section may be express or implied. [(2)] (3) (a) A violation of [this section] Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor. (b) An actor who commits an offense under this section is subject to punishment for
1439 1440 1441 1442 1443 1444 1445 1446 1447 1448 1449	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor: [(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[;]; and (B) acts with intent to place [a person] an individual in fear of imminent serious bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or death; or [(b) the person] (ii) makes a threat, accompanied by a show of immediate force or violence, to do bodily injury to [another] an individual. (b) A threat under this section may be express or implied. [(2)] (3) (a) A violation of [this section] Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor. (b) An actor who commits an offense under this section is subject to punishment for that offense, in addition to any other offense committed, including the carrying out of the

government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for all expenses and

1454	losses incurred in responding to the violation, unless the court states on the record the reasons
1455	why the reimbursement would be inappropriate.
1456	[(3)] (4) It is not a defense under this section that the [person] actor did not attempt to
1457	or was incapable of carrying out the threat.
1458	[(4) A threat under this section may be express or implied.]
1459	[(5) A person who commits an offense under this section is subject to punishment for
1460	that offense, in addition to any other offense committed, including the carrying out of the
1461	threatened act.]
1462	[(6) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order any person
1463	convicted of any violation of this section to reimburse any federal, state, or local unit of
1464	government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for all expenses and
1465	losses incurred in responding to the violation, unless the court states on the record the reasons
1466	why the reimbursement would be inappropriate.]
1467	Section 35. Section 76-5-107.1 is amended to read:
1468	76-5-107.1. Threats against schools.
1469	(1) (a) As used in this section[, "school"]:
1470	(i) "Hoax weapon of mass destruction" means the same as that term is defined in
1471	Section 76-10-401.
1472	(ii) "School" means a preschool or a public or private elementary or secondary school.
1473	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1474	(2) An [individual] actor is guilty of making a threat against a school if the [individual]
1475	actor threatens in person or via electronic means, either with real intent or as an intentional
1476	hoax, to commit any offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[;]
1477	and the actor:
1478	(a) threatens the use of a firearm or weapon or hoax weapon of mass destruction[, as
1479	defined in Section 76-10-401];
1480	(b) acts with intent to:
1481	(i) disrupt the regular schedule of the school or influence or affect the conduct of
1482	students, employees, or the general public at the school;
1483	(ii) prevent or interrupt the occupancy of the school or a portion of the school, or a
1484	facility or vehicle used by the school; or

1485	(iii) intimidate or coerce students or employees of the school; or
1486	(c) causes an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies to take
1487	action due to the risk to the school or general public.
1488	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2)(a), (b)(i), or (b)(iii) is a class A misdemeanor.
1489	[(b)] (ii) A violation of Subsection (2)(b)(ii) is a class B misdemeanor.
1490	[(c)] (iii) A violation of Subsection (2)(c) is a class C misdemeanor.
1491	[(4) Counseling for the minor and the minor's family may be made available through
1492	state and local health department programs.]
1493	[(5) It is not a defense to this section that the individual did not attempt to carry out or
1494	was incapable of carrying out the threat.]
1495	[(6) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order an individual
1496	convicted of a violation of this section to pay restitution to any federal, state, or local unit of
1497	government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for expenses and losses
1498	incurred in responding to the threat, unless the court states on the record the reasons why the
1499	reimbursement would be inappropriate. Restitution ordered in the case of a minor adjudicated
1500	for a violation of this section shall be determined in accordance with Section 80-6-710.]
1501	(b) (i) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order an actor
1502	convicted of a violation of this section to pay restitution to any federal, state, or local unit of
1503	government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for expenses and losses
1504	incurred in responding to the threat, unless the court states on the record the reasons why the
1505	reimbursement would be inappropriate.
1506	(ii) Restitution ordered in the case of a minor adjudicated for a violation of this section
1507	shall be determined in accordance with Section 80-6-710.
1508	(4) It is not a defense to this section that the actor did not attempt to carry out or was
1509	incapable of carrying out the threat.
1510	[(7)] <u>(5) (a)</u> A violation of this section shall be reported to the local law enforcement
1511	agency.
1512	(b) If the [individual] actor alleged to have violated this section is a minor, the minor
1513	may be referred to the juvenile court.
1514	(6) Counseling for the minor and the minor's family may be made available through
1515	state and local health department programs.

1516	Section 36. Section 76-5-107.3 is amended to read:
1517	76-5-107.3. Threat of terrorism Penalty.
1518	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1519	(i) "Hoax weapon of mass destruction" means the same as that term is defined in
1520	Section 76-10-401.
1521	(ii) "Weapon of mass destruction" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1522	<u>76-10-401.</u>
1523	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1524	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of terrorism if the [person] actor
1525	threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property
1526	damage[7] and the actor:
1527	[(a)(i)](i)(A) threatens the use of a weapon of mass destruction, as defined in
1528	Section 76-10-401]; or
1529	[(ii)] (B) threatens the use of a hoax weapon of mass destruction[, as defined in Section
1530	76-10-401]; or
1531	[(b)] (ii) acts with intent to:
1532	$[\frac{(i)}{A}]$ intimidate or coerce a civilian population or to influence or affect the conduct
1533	of a government or a unit of government;
1534	[(ii)] (B) prevent or interrupt the occupation of a building or a portion of the building, a
1535	place to which the public has access, or a facility or vehicle of public transportation operated by
1536	a common carrier; or
1537	[(iii)] (C) cause an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies to
1538	take action due to the [person's] actor's conduct posing a serious and substantial risk to the
1539	general public.
1540	(b) A threat under this section may be express or implied.
1541	$[\underbrace{(2)}]$ $(\underline{3})$ (\underline{a}) (\underline{i}) A violation of Subsection $[\underbrace{(1)(a) \text{ or } (1)(b)(i)}]$ $(\underline{2})(\underline{a})(\underline{i})$ or $(\underline{2})(\underline{a})(\underline{i})(\underline{A})$ is
1542	a second degree felony.
1543	[(b)] (ii) A violation of Subsection [(1)(b)(ii)] (2)(a)(ii)(B) is a third degree felony.
1544	[(c)] (iii) A violation of Subsection $[(1)(b)(iii)]$ (2)(a)(ii)(C) is a class B misdemeanor.
1545	(b) An actor who commits an offense under this section is subject to punishment for
1546	that offense, in addition to any other offense committed, including the carrying out of the

1547	threatened	act

- (c) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order an actor convicted of a violation of this section to reimburse any federal, state, or local unit of government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for all expenses and losses incurred in responding to the violation, unless the court states on the record the reasons why the reimbursement would be inappropriate.
- [(3)] (4) It is not a defense under this section that the [person] actor did not attempt to carry out or was incapable of carrying out the threat.
 - [(4) A threat under this section may be express or implied.]
- [(5) A person who commits an offense under this section is subject to punishment for that offense, in addition to any other offense committed, including the carrying out of the threatened act.]
- [(6) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order any person convicted of any violation of this section to reimburse any federal, state, or local unit of government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for all expenses and losses incurred in responding to the violation, unless the court states on the record the reasons why the reimbursement would be inappropriate.]
 - Section 37. Section 76-5-107.5 is amended to read:
- **76-5-107.5.** Prohibition of "hazing" -- Definitions -- Penalties.
 - (1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
 - [(1) A person is guilty of] (2) An actor commits hazing if [that person] the actor intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly commits an act or causes another to commit an act that:
 - (a) (i) endangers the mental or physical health or safety of [another] an individual;
 - (ii) involves any brutality of a physical nature such as whipping, beating, branding, calisthenics, bruising, electric shocking, placing of a harmful substance on the body, or exposure to the elements;
 - (iii) involves consumption of any food, alcoholic product, drug, or other substance or any other physical activity that endangers the mental or physical health and safety of an individual; or
 - (iv) involves any activity that would subject the individual to extreme mental stress, such as sleep deprivation, extended isolation from social contact, or conduct that subjects

1578	another to extreme embarrassment, shame, or humiliation; and
1579	(b) (i) is for the purpose of initiation, admission into, affiliation with, holding office in,
1580	or as a condition for continued membership in any organization; or
1581	(ii) if the actor knew that the [victim] individual is a member of or candidate for
1582	membership with a school team or school organization to which the actor belongs or did
1583	belong within the preceding two years.
1584	[(2) It is not a defense to prosecution of hazing that a person under 21, against whom
1585	the hazing was directed, consented to or acquiesced in the hazing activity.]
1586	[(3) An actor who hazes another is guilty of a:]
1587	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor [except as provided in
1588	Subsection (3)(b), (c), (d), or (e);].
1589	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a class A
1590	misdemeanor if the act involves:
1591	(i) the operation or other use of a motor vehicle;
1592	(ii) the consumption of an alcoholic product as defined in Section 32B-1-102; or
1593	(iii) the consumption of a drug or a substance as defined in Section 76-5-113[;].
1594	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (b), a violation of Subsection (2) is a third
1595	degree felony if the act involves the use of a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section
1596	76-1-601;] <u>.</u>
1597	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), (b), or (c), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
1598	third degree felony if the hazing results in serious bodily injury to [a person; or] an individual.
1599	(e) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), (b), (c), or (d), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
1600	second degree felony if hazing under Subsection (3)(d) involves the use of a dangerous weapon
1601	[as defined in Section 76-1-601].
1602	(4) (a) A person who in good faith reports or participates in reporting of an alleged
1603	hazing is not subject to any civil or criminal liability regarding the reporting.
1604	(b) It is not a defense to prosecution of hazing that an individual under 21 years old,
1605	against whom the hazing was directed, consented to or acquiesced in the hazing activity.
1606	(5) (a) This section does not apply to military training or other official military
1607	activities.

(b) Military conduct is governed by Title 39, Chapter 6, Utah Code of Military Justice.

1608

1609	(6) (a) A prosecution under this section does not bar a prosecution of the actor for:
1610	(i) any other offense for which the actor may be liable as a party for conduct committed
1611	by the [person] individual hazed; or
1612	(ii) any offense, caused in the course of the hazing, that the actor commits against the
1613	[person who is] individual hazed.
1614	(b) Under Subsection (6)(a)(i) [a person] an actor may be separately punished, both for
1615	the hazing offense and the conduct committed by the [person] individual hazed.
1616	(c) Under Subsection (6)(a)(ii) [a person] an actor may not be punished both for hazing
1617	and for the other offense, but shall be punished for the offense carrying the greater maximum
1618	penalty.
1619	Section 38. Section 76-5-108 is amended to read:
1620	76-5-108. Violation of protective order.
1621	[(1) Any person who] (1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1622	(2) An actor commits violation of protective order if the actor:
1623	(a) is the respondent or defendant subject to a protective order, child protective order,
1624	ex parte protective order, [or] ex parte child protective order, or foreign protection order issued
1625	under [the following who], or for the purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(i), enforceable under:
1626	(i) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 3, Uniform Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence
1627	Protection Orders Act;
1628	(ii) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders;
1629	(iii) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 8, Criminal Protective Orders; or
1630	(iv) Title 80, Utah Juvenile Code; and
1631	(b) intentionally or knowingly violates that order after having been properly served or
1632	having been present, in person or through court video conferencing, when the order was
1633	issued[<u>-,].</u>
1634	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of] a class A misdemeanor, except as a
1635	greater penalty may be provided in Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act[:].
1636	[(a) Title 80, Utah Juvenile Code;]
1637	[(b) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders;]
1638	[(c) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 8, Criminal Protective Orders; or]
1639	[(d) a foreign protection order enforceable under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 3, Uniform

1640	Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act.]
1641	$[\frac{(2)}{(4)}]$ Violation of an order $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ described in Subsection $[\frac{(1)}{(2)}]$ is a domestic
1642	violence offense under Section 77-36-1 and subject to increased penalties in accordance with
1643	Section 77-36-1.1.
1644	Section 39. Section 76-5-109 is amended to read:
1645	76-5-109. Child abuse.
1646	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1647	[(a)] (i) "Child" means [a human being who is under] an individual who is younger
1648	than 18 years [of age] old.
1649	[(b) (i) "Child abandonment" means that a parent or legal guardian of a child:]
1650	[(A) intentionally ceases to maintain physical custody of the child;]
1651	[(B) intentionally fails to make reasonable arrangements for the safety, care, and
1652	physical custody of the child; and]
1653	[(C) (I) intentionally fails to provide the child with food, shelter, or clothing;]
1654	[(II) manifests an intent to permanently not resume physical custody of the child; or]
1655	[(HI) for a period of at least 30 days:]
1656	[(Aa) intentionally fails to resume physical custody of the child; and]
1657	[(Bb) fails to manifest a genuine intent to resume physical custody of the child.]
1658	[(ii) "Child abandonment" does not include:]
1659	[(A) safe relinquishment of a child pursuant to the provisions of Section 62A-4a-802;
1660	or]
1661	[(B) giving legal consent to a court order for termination of parental rights:]
1662	[(I) in a legal adoption proceeding; or]
1663	[(II) in a case where a petition for the termination of parental rights, or the termination
1664	of a guardianship, has been filed.]
1665	[(c) "Child abuse" means any offense described in Subsection (2), (3), or (4) or in
1666	Section 76-5-109.1.]
1667	[(d) "Enterprise" is as defined in Section 76-10-1602.]
1668	[(e)] (ii) "Physical injury" means an injury to or condition of a child which impairs the
1669	physical condition of the child, including:
1670	[(i)] (A) a bruise or other contusion of the skin;

1671	[(ii)] (B) a minor laceration or abrasion;
1672	[(iii)] (C) failure to thrive or malnutrition; or
1673	[(iv)] (D) any other condition which imperils the child's health or welfare and [which]
1674	that is not a serious physical injury [as defined in Subsection (1)(f)].
1675	[(f)(i)](iii)(A) "Serious physical injury" means any physical injury or set of injuries
1676	that:
1677	[(A)] (I) seriously impairs the child's health;
1678	[(B)] (II) involves physical torture;
1679	[(C)] (III) causes serious emotional harm to the child; or
1680	[(D)] (IV) involves a substantial risk of death to the child.
1681	[(ii)] (B) "Serious physical injury" includes:
1682	[(A)] (I) fracture of any bone or bones;
1683	[(B)] (II) intracranial bleeding, swelling or contusion of the brain, whether caused by
1684	blows, shaking, or causing the child's head to impact with an object or surface;
1685	[(C)] (III) any burn, including burns inflicted by hot water, or those caused by placing a
1686	hot object upon the skin or body of the child;
1687	[(D)] (IV) any injury caused by use of a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section
1688	76-1-601];
1689	[(E)] (V) any combination of two or more physical injuries inflicted by the same
1690	person, either at the same time or on different occasions;
1691	[(F)] <u>(VI)</u> any damage to internal organs of the body;
1692	[(G)] (VII) any conduct toward a child that results in severe emotional harm, severe
1693	developmental delay or intellectual disability, or severe impairment of the child's ability to
1694	function;
1695	[(H)] (VIII) any injury that creates a permanent disfigurement or protracted loss or
1696	impairment of the function of a bodily member, limb, or organ;
1697	[H] (IX) any impediment of the breathing or the circulation of blood by application of
1698	pressure to the neck, throat, or chest, or by the obstruction of the nose or mouth, that is likely to
1699	produce a loss of consciousness;
1700	[(J)] (X) any conduct that results in starvation or failure to thrive or malnutrition that
1701	jeopardizes the child's life; or

1702	[(K)] (XI) unconsciousness caused by the unlawful infliction of a brain injury or
1703	unlawfully causing any deprivation of oxygen to the brain.
1704	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1705	[(2) Any person who inflicts upon a child serious physical injury or, having the care or
1706	custody of such child, causes or permits another to inflict serious physical injury upon a child is
1707	guilty of an offense as follows:]
1708	[(a) if done intentionally or knowingly, the offense is a felony of the second degree;]
1709	[(b) if done recklessly, the offense is a felony of the third degree; or]
1710	[(c) if done with criminal negligence, the offense is a class A misdemeanor.]
1711	[(3) Any person who] (2) An actor commits child abuse if the actor:
1712	(a) inflicts upon a child physical injury [or,]; or
1713	(b) having the care or custody of such child, causes or permits another to inflict
1714	physical injury upon a child [is guilty of an offense as follows:].
1715	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done intentionally or
1716	knowingly[, the offense is a class A misdemeanor;].
1717	(b) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor if done recklessly[, the
1718	offense is a class B misdemeanor; or].
1719	(c) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class C misdemeanor if done with criminal
1720	negligence[, the offense is a class C misdemeanor].
1721	[(4) A person who commits child abandonment, or encourages or causes another to
1722	commit child abandonment, or an enterprise that encourages, commands, or causes another to
1723	commit child abandonment, is:]
1724	[(a) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), guilty of a felony of the third degree; or]
1725	[(b) guilty of a felony of the second degree, if, as a result of the child abandonment:]
1726	[(i) the child suffers a serious physical injury; or]
1727	[(ii) the person or enterprise receives, directly or indirectly, any benefit.]
1728	[(5) (a) In addition to the penalty described in Subsection (4)(b), the court may order
1729	the person or enterprise described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) to pay the costs of investigating and
1730	prosecuting the offense and the costs of securing any forfeiture provided for under Subsection
1731	(5)(b).]
1732	[(b) Any tangible or pecuniary benefit received under Subsection (4)(b)(ii) is subject to

1/33	erininal of civil forfeiture pursuant to Title 24, Porfeiture and Disposition of Property Act.
1734	[(6)] (4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who provides a child with treatment by spiritual
1735	means alone through prayer, in lieu of medical treatment, in accordance with the tenets and
1736	practices of an established church or religious denomination of which the parent or legal
1737	guardian is a member or adherent [shall] may not, for that reason alone, be considered to have
1738	committed an offense under this section.
1739	[(7)] <u>(b)</u> A parent or guardian of a child does not violate this section by selecting a
1740	treatment option for [the] a medical condition of the child, if the treatment option is one that a
1741	reasonable parent or guardian would believe to be in the best interest of the child.
1742	[(8) A person] (c) An actor is not guilty of an offense under this section for conduct
1743	that constitutes:
1744	[(a)] (i) reasonable discipline or management of a child, including withholding
1745	privileges;
1746	[(b)] (ii) conduct described in Section 76-2-401; or
1747	[(c)] (iii) the use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint or force on a child:
1748	[(i)] (A) in self-defense;
1749	[(ii)] (B) in defense of others;
1750	[(iii)] (C) to protect the child; or
1751	[(iv)] (D) to remove a weapon in the possession of a child for any of the reasons
1752	described in Subsections [(8)(e)(i) through (iii)] (4)(e)(iii)(A) through (C).
1753	Section 40. Section 76-5-109.2 is enacted to read:
1754	76-5-109.2. Aggravated child abuse.
1755	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1756	(i) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109.
1757	(ii) "Serious physical injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1758	<u>76-5-109.</u>
1759	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1760	(2) An actor commits aggravated child abuse if the actor:
1761	(a) inflicts upon a child serious physical injury; or
1762	(b) having the care or custody of such child, causes or permits another to inflict serious
1763	physical injury upon a child

1764	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if done intentionally or
1765	knowingly.
1766	(b) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if done recklessly.
1767	(c) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done with criminal
1768	negligence.
1769	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who provides a child with treatment by spiritual
1770	means alone through prayer, in lieu of medical treatment, in accordance with the tenets and
1771	practices of an established church or religious denomination of which the parent or legal
1772	guardian is a member or adherent may not, for that reason alone, be considered to have
1773	committed an offense under this section.
1774	(b) A parent or guardian of a child does not violate this section by selecting a treatment
1775	option for the medical condition of the child, if the treatment option is one that a reasonable
1776	parent or guardian would believe to be in the best interest of the child.
1777	(c) An actor is not guilty of an offense under this section for conduct that constitutes:
1778	(i) conduct described in Section 76-2-401; or
1779	(ii) the use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint or force on a child:
1780	(A) in self-defense;
1781	(B) in defense of others;
1782	(C) to protect the child; or
1783	(D) to remove a weapon in the possession of a child for any of the reasons described in
1784	Subsections (4)(c)(ii)(A) through (C).
1785	Section 41. Section 76-5-109.3 is enacted to read:
1786	76-5-109.3. Child abandonment.
1787	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1788	(i) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109.
1789	(ii) "Enterprise" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-1602.
1790	(iii) "Serious physical injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1791	<u>76-5-109.</u>
1792	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1793	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits child abandonment if
1794	the actor:

1795	(i) is a parent or legal guardian of a child, and:
1796	(A) intentionally ceases to maintain physical custody of the child;
1797	(B) intentionally fails to make reasonable arrangements for the safety, care, and
1798	physical custody of the child; and
1799	(C) (I) intentionally fails to provide the child with food, shelter, or clothing;
1800	(II) manifests an intent to permanently not resume physical custody of the child; or
1801	(III) for a period of at least 30 days, intentionally fails to resume physical custody of
1802	the child and fails to manifest a genuine intent to resume physical custody of the child; or
1803	(ii) encourages or causes the parent or legal guardian of a child to violate Subsection
1804	<u>(2)(a)(i).</u>
1805	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an enterprise commits child abandonment if
1806	the enterprise encourages, commands, or causes another to violate Subsection (2)(a).
1807	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
1808	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a violation of Subsection (2) is a second
1809	degree felony if, as a result of the child abandonment:
1810	(A) the child suffers a serious physical injury; or
1811	(B) the actor or enterprise receives, directly or indirectly, any benefit.
1812	(b) (i) In addition to the penalty described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the court may order
1813	the actor or enterprise described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B) to pay the costs of investigating and
1814	prosecuting the offense and the costs of securing any forfeiture provided for under Subsection
1815	(3)(b)(ii).
1816	(ii) Any tangible or pecuniary benefit received under Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B) is subject
1817	to criminal or civil forfeiture pursuant to Title 24, Forfeiture and Disposition of Property Act.
1818	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who provides a child with treatment by spiritual
1819	means alone through prayer, in lieu of medical treatment, in accordance with the tenets and
1820	practices of an established church or religious denomination of which the parent or legal
1821	guardian is a member or adherent may not, for that reason alone, be considered to have
1822	committed an offense under this section.
1823	(b) An actor is not guilty of an offense under this section for conduct that constitutes:
1824	(i) the safe relinquishment of a child pursuant to the provisions of Section 62A-4a-802
1825	(ii) giving legal consent to a court order for termination of parental rights:

1826	(A) in a legal adoption proceeding; or
1827	(B) in a case in which a petition for the termination of parental rights, or the
1828	termination of a guardianship, has been filed;
1829	(iii) reasonable discipline or management of a child, including withholding privileges;
1830	<u>or</u>
1831	(iv) conduct described in Section 76-2-401.
1832	Section 42. Section 76-5-110 is amended to read:
1833	76-5-110. Abuse or neglect of a child with a disability.
1834	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1835	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> "Abuse" means:
1836	[(i)] (A) inflicting physical injury[, as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109];
1837	[(ii)] (B) having the care or custody of a child with a disability, causing or permitting
1838	another to inflict physical injury[, as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109]; or
1839	[(iii)] (C) unreasonable confinement.
1840	[(b)] (ii) "Caretaker" means:
1841	[(i)] (A) any parent, legal guardian, or other person having under that person's care and
1842	custody a child with a disability; or
1843	[(ii)] (B) any person, corporation, or public institution that has assumed by contract or
1844	court order the responsibility to provide food, shelter, clothing, medical, and other necessities
1845	to a child with a disability.
1846	[(c)] (iii) "Child with a disability" means [any person] an individual under 18 years old
1847	who is impaired because of mental illness, mental deficiency, physical illness or disability, or
1848	other cause, to the extent that the [person] individual is unable to care for the [person's]
1849	individual's own personal safety or to provide necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, and
1850	medical care.
1851	[(d)] (iv) "Neglect" means failure by a caretaker to provide care, nutrition, clothing,
1852	shelter, supervision, or medical care.
1853	(v) "Physical injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109.
1854	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1855	(2) [Any caretaker who] An actor commits abuse or neglect of a child with a disability
1856	if the actor is a caretaker and intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly abuses or neglects a child

with a disability [is guilty of a third degree felony].

1858

1859

1860

1861

1862

1863

1864

1865

1866

1867

1868

1869

1870

1871

1872

1873

1875

1876

1877

1878

1882

1883

1884

1885

1886

- (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
- [(3)] (4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who provides a child with treatment by spiritual means alone through prayer, in lieu of medical treatment, in accordance with the tenets and practices of an established church or religious denomination of which the parent or legal guardian is a member or adherent [shall] may not, for that reason alone, be considered to be in violation under this section.
 - (b) Subject to Section 80-3-109, the exception under Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) does not preclude a court from ordering medical services from a physician licensed to engage in the practice of medicine to be provided to the child where there is substantial risk of harm to the child's health or welfare if the treatment is not provided.
 - (c) A caretaker of a child with a disability does not violate this section by selecting a treatment option for a medical condition of a child with a disability, if the treatment option is one that a reasonable caretaker would believe to be in the best interest of the child with a disability.
 - Section 43. Section **76-5-111** is amended to read:
- 76-5-111. Abuse of a vulnerable adult -- Penalties.
- 1874 (1) (a) As used in this section:
 - [(a)] (i) "Abandonment" means a knowing or intentional action or inaction, including desertion, by a person acting as a caretaker for a vulnerable adult that leaves the vulnerable adult without the means or ability to obtain necessary food, clothing, shelter, or medical or other health care.
- 1879 [(b)] (ii) "Abuse" means:
- 1880 [(i)] (A) attempting to cause harm, intentionally or knowingly causing harm, or intentionally or knowingly placing another in fear of imminent harm;
 - [(ii)] (B) causing physical injury by knowing or intentional acts or omissions;
 - [(iii)] (C) unreasonable or inappropriate use of physical restraint, medication, or isolation that causes or is likely to cause harm to a vulnerable adult that is in conflict with a physician's orders or used as an unauthorized substitute for treatment, unless that conduct furthers the health and safety of the vulnerable adult; or
- 1887 [(iv)] (D) deprivation of life-sustaining treatment, except:

1888	[(A)] (I) as provided in Title 75, Chapter 2a, Advance Health Care Directive Act; or
1889	[(B)] (II) when informed consent, as defined in this section, has been obtained.
1890	[(c) "Business relationship" means a relationship between two or more individuals or
1891	entities where there exists an oral or written agreement for the exchange of goods or services.]
1892	[(d)] (iii) "Caretaker" means a person or public institution that is entrusted with or
1893	assumes the responsibility to provide a vulnerable adult with care, food, shelter, clothing,
1894	supervision, medical or other health care, or other necessities for pecuniary gain, by contract, or
1895	as a result of friendship, or in a position of trust and confidence with a vulnerable adult,
1896	including a relative, a household member, an attorney-in-fact, a neighbor, a person who is
1897	employed or who provides volunteer work, a court-appointed or voluntary guardian, or a
1898	person who contracts or is under court order to provide care.
1899	[(e) "Deception" means:]
1900	[(i) a misrepresentation or concealment:]
1901	[(A) of a material fact relating to services rendered, disposition of property, or use of
1902	property intended to benefit a vulnerable adult;]
1903	[(B) of the terms of a contract or agreement entered into with a vulnerable adult; or]
1904	[(C) relating to the existing or preexisting condition of any property involved in a
1905	contract or agreement entered into with a vulnerable adult; or]
1906	[(ii) the use or employment of any misrepresentation, false pretense, or false promise in
1907	order to induce, encourage, or solicit a vulnerable adult to enter into a contract or agreement.]
1908	[(f) (i)] (iv) (A) "Dependent adult" means an individual 18 years old or older, who has
1909	a physical or mental impairment that restricts the individual's ability to carry out normal
1910	activities or to protect the individual's rights.
1911	[(ii)] (B) "Dependent adult" includes an individual who has physical or developmental
1912	disabilities or whose physical or mental capacity has substantially diminished because of age.
1913	$[\frac{(g)}{(v)}]$ "Elder adult" means an individual 65 years old or older.
1914	[(h) "Endeavor" means to attempt or try.]
1915	[(i)] (vi) "Exploitation" means an offense described in [Subsection (4) or (9) or
1916	Section] Section 76-5-111.3, 76-5-111.4, or 76-5b-202.
1917	[(j)] (vii) "Harm" means pain, mental anguish, emotional distress, hurt, physical or
1918	psychological damage, physical injury, suffering, or distress inflicted knowingly or

1919	intentionally.
1,1,	interiorian y

[(k)] (viii) "Informed consent" means:

[(i)] (A) a written expression by the individual or authorized by the individual, stating that the individual fully understands the potential risks and benefits of the withdrawal of food, water, medication, medical services, shelter, cooling, heating, or other services necessary to maintain minimum physical or mental health, and that the individual desires that the services be withdrawn, except that a written expression is valid only if the individual is of sound mind when the consent is given, and the consent is witnessed by at least two individuals who do not benefit from the withdrawal of services; or

[(ii)] (B) consent to withdraw food, water, medication, medical services, shelter, cooling, heating, or other services necessary to maintain minimum physical or mental health, as permitted by court order.

[(l) "Intimidation" means communication conveyed through verbal or nonverbal conduct which threatens deprivation of money, food, clothing, medicine, shelter, social interaction, supervision, health care, or companionship, or which threatens isolation or harm.]

 $[\frac{m}{i}]$ (ix) (A) "Isolation" means knowingly or intentionally preventing a vulnerable adult from having contact with another person, unless the restriction of personal rights is authorized by court order, by:

[(A)] (I) preventing the vulnerable adult from communicating, visiting, interacting, or initiating interaction with others, including receiving or inviting visitors, mail, or telephone calls, contrary to the express wishes of the vulnerable adult, or communicating to a visitor that the vulnerable adult is not present or does not want to meet with or talk to the visitor, knowing that communication to be false;

[(B)] (II) physically restraining the vulnerable adult in order to prevent the vulnerable adult from meeting with a visitor; or

[(C)] (III) making false or misleading statements to the vulnerable adult in order to induce the vulnerable adult to refuse to receive communication from visitors or other family members.

[(ii)] (B) "Isolation" does not include an act:

[(A)] (I) intended in good faith to protect the physical or mental welfare of the vulnerable adult; or

1930	$\left[\frac{(\mathbf{D})}{(\mathbf{I})}\right]$ performed pursuant to the treatment plan or instructions of a physician or
1951	other professional advisor of the vulnerable adult.
1952	[(n) "Lacks capacity to consent" means an impairment by reason of mental illness,
1953	developmental disability, organic brain disorder, physical illness or disability, chronic use of
1954	drugs, chronic intoxication, short-term memory loss, or other cause to the extent that a
1955	vulnerable adult lacks sufficient understanding of the nature or consequences of decisions
1956	concerning the adult's person or property.]
1957	$\left[\frac{(o)}{(x)}\right]$ "Neglect" means:
1958	[(i)] (A) failure of a caretaker to provide nutrition, clothing, shelter, supervision,
1959	personal care, or dental or other health care, or failure to provide protection from health and
1960	safety hazards or maltreatment;
1961	[(ii)] (B) failure of a caretaker to provide care to a vulnerable adult in a timely manner
1962	and with the degree of care that a reasonable person in a like position would exercise;
1963	[(iii)] (C) a pattern of conduct by a caretaker, without the vulnerable adult's informed
1964	consent, resulting in deprivation of food, water, medication, health care, shelter, cooling,
1965	heating, or other services necessary to maintain the vulnerable adult's well being;
1966	[(iv)] (D) intentional failure by a caretaker to carry out a prescribed treatment plan that
1967	results or could result in physical injury or physical harm; or
1968	[(v)] (E) abandonment by a caretaker.
1969	$[\frac{(p)(i)}{(xi)(A)}]$ "Physical injury" includes damage to any bodily tissue caused by
1970	nontherapeutic conduct, to the extent that the tissue must undergo a healing process in order to
1971	be restored to a sound and healthy condition, or damage to any bodily tissue to the extent that
1972	the tissue cannot be restored to a sound and healthy condition.
1973	[(ii)] (B) "Physical injury" includes skin bruising, a dislocation, physical pain, illness,
1974	impairment of physical function, a pressure sore, bleeding, malnutrition, dehydration, a burn, a
1975	bone fracture, a subdural hematoma, soft tissue swelling, injury to any internal organ, or any
1976	other physical condition that imperils the health or welfare of the vulnerable adult and is not a
1977	serious physical injury as defined in this section.
1978	$[\frac{(q)}{xii}]$ "Position of trust and confidence" means the position of a person who:
1979	$\left[\frac{\dot{a}}{\dot{b}}\right]$ is a parent, spouse, adult child, or other relative of a vulnerable adult;
1980	[(ii)] (B) is a joint tenant or tenant in common with a vulnerable adult;

1981	[(iii)] (C) has a legal or fiduciary relationship with a vulnerable adult, including a
1982	court-appointed or voluntary guardian, trustee, attorney, attorney-in-fact, or conservator; or
1983	[(iv)] (D) is a caretaker of a vulnerable adult.
1984	[(r)] (xiii) "Serious physical injury" means any physical injury or set of physical
1985	injuries that:
1986	[(i)] (A) seriously impairs a vulnerable adult's health;
1987	[(ii)] (B) was caused by use of a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601];
1988	[(iii)] (C) involves physical torture or causes serious emotional harm to a vulnerable
1989	adult; or
1990	[(iv)] (D) creates a reasonable risk of death.
1991	[(s) "Undue influence" occurs when a person:]
1992	[(i) uses influence to take advantage of a vulnerable adult's mental or physical
1993	impairment; or]
1994	[(ii) uses the person's role, relationship, or power:]
1995	[(A) to exploit, or knowingly assist or cause another to exploit, the trust, dependency,
1996	or fear of a vulnerable adult; or]
1997	[(B) to gain control deceptively over the decision making of the vulnerable adult.]
1998	[(t)] (xiv) "Vulnerable adult" means an elder adult, or a dependent adult who has a
1999	mental or physical impairment which substantially affects that individual's ability to:
2000	[(i)] (A) provide personal protection;
2001	[(ii)] (B) provide necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, or medical or other health
2002	care;
2003	[(iii)] (C) obtain services necessary for health, safety, or welfare;
2004	[(iv)] (D) carry out the activities of daily living;
2005	[v) manage the adult's own resources; or
2006	[(vi)] (F) comprehend the nature and consequences of remaining in a situation of
2007	abuse, neglect, or exploitation.
2008	[(2) Under any circumstances likely to produce death or serious physical injury, a
2009	person, including a caretaker, who causes a vulnerable adult to suffer serious physical injury or,
2010	having the care or custody of a vulnerable adult, causes or permits that adult's person or health
2011	to be injured, or causes or permits a vulnerable adult to be placed in a situation where the

2012	adult's person or health is endangered, is guilty of the offense of aggravated abuse of a
2013	vulnerable adult as follows:
2014	[(a) if done intentionally or knowingly, the offense is a second degree felony;]
2015	[(b) if done recklessly, the offense is third degree felony; and]
2016	[(c) if done with criminal negligence, the offense is a class A misdemeanor.]
2017	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2018	[(3) (a) Under] (2) An actor, including a caretaker, commits abuse of a vulnerable
2019	adult if the actor, under circumstances other than those likely to produce death or serious
2020	physical injury[, except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), any person, including a caretaker,
2021	who] <u>:</u>
2022	(a) causes a vulnerable adult to suffer harm, abuse, or neglect[, or,];
2023	(b) having the care or custody of a vulnerable adult, causes or permits that <u>vulnerable</u>
2024	adult's person or health to be injured, abused, or neglected[;]; or
2025	(c) causes or permits a vulnerable adult to be placed in a situation [where the] in which
2026	the vulnerable adult's person or health is endangered[, is guilty of the offense of abuse of a
2027	vulnerable adult as follows:].
2028	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2):
2029	(i) <u>is a class A misdemeanor</u> if done intentionally or knowingly[, the offense is a class
2030	A misdemeanor];
2031	(ii) is a class B misdemeanor if done recklessly[, the offense is a class B misdemeanor;
2032	and]; or
2033	(iii) <u>is a class C misdemeanor</u> if done with criminal negligence[, the offense is a class
2034	C misdemeanor].
2035	(b) [A] Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of [this Subsection (3)]
2036	Subsection (2) that is based on isolation of a vulnerable adult is a third degree felony.
2037	[(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a caretaker of a vulnerable adult commits the
2038	offense of personal dignity exploitation of the vulnerable adult if the caretaker intentionally,
2039	knowingly, or recklessly:]
2040	[(a) creates, transmits, or displays a photographic or electronic image or recording of
2041	the vulnerable adult:]
2042	[(i) to which creation, transmission, or display a reasonable person would not consent;

2043	and]
2044	[(ii) (A) that shows the vulnerable adult's unclothed breasts, buttocks, anus, genitals, or
2045	pubic area;]
2046	[(B) that displays the clothed area of only the vulnerable adult's breasts, buttocks, anus,
2047	genitals, or pubic area; or]
2048	[(C) that shows the vulnerable adult engaged in conduct that is harmful to the mental o
2049	physical health or safety of the vulnerable adult; or]
2050	[(b) causes the vulnerable adult to participate in an act that is highly offensive or
2051	demeaning to the vulnerable adult:]
2052	[(i) in which a reasonable person would not participate; or]
2053	[(ii) that is harmful to the mental or physical health or safety of the vulnerable adult.]
2054	[(5) (a) A caretaker does not violate Subsection (4)(a) if the caretaker creates,
2055	transmits, or displays the photographic or electronic image or recording:]
2056	[(i) with the consent of the vulnerable adult, if the vulnerable adult:]
2057	[(A) is mentally and physically able to give voluntary consent to the creation,
2058	transmission, or display; and]
2059	[(B) gives voluntary consent for the creation, transmission, or display;]
2060	[(ii) for a legitimate purpose relating to monitoring or providing care, treatment, or
2061	diagnosis; or]
2062	[(iii) for a legitimate purpose relating to investigating abuse, neglect, or exploitation.]
2063	[(b) A caretaker does not violate Subsection (4)(b) if:]
2064	[(i) the vulnerable adult:]
2065	[(A) is mentally and physically able to give voluntary consent to participate in the act;
2066	and]
2067	[(B) gives voluntary consent to participate in the act; or]
2068	[(ii) the caretaker causes the vulnerable adult to participate in the act for a legitimate
2069	purpose relating to:]
2070	[(A) monitoring or providing care, treatment, or diagnosis; or]
2071	[(B) investigating abuse, neglect, or exploitation.]
2072	[(6) (a) It is a separate offense under Subsection (4)(a) for each vulnerable adult
2073	included in a photographic or electronic image or recording created, transmitted, or displayed

2074	in violation of Subsection (4)(a).
2075	[(b) It is a separate offense under Subsection (4)(b) for each vulnerable adult caused to
2076	participate in an act in violation of Subsection (4)(b).]
2077	[(7) It is not a defense that the vulnerable adult was unaware of:
2078	[(a) the creation, transmission, or display prohibited under Subsection (4)(a); or]
2079	[(b) participation in the act, or the nature of participation in the act, under Subsection
2080	(4)(b).]
2081	[(8) The offense of personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult is:]
2082	[(a) if done intentionally or knowingly, a class A misdemeanor; and]
2083	[(b) if done recklessly, a class B misdemeanor.]
2084	[(9) (a) A person commits the offense of financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult
2085	when the person:
2086	[(i) is in a position of trust and confidence, or has a business relationship, with the
2087	vulnerable adult or has undue influence over the vulnerable adult and knowingly, by deception
2088	or intimidation, obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or use, the vulnerable adult's funds,
2089	credit, assets, or other property with the intent to temporarily or permanently deprive the
2090	vulnerable adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the adult's property, for the benefit of
2091	someone other than the vulnerable adult;]
2092	[(ii) knows or should know that the vulnerable adult lacks the capacity to consent, and
2093	obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or use, or assists another in obtaining or using or
2094	endeavoring to obtain or use, the vulnerable adult's funds, assets, or property with the intent to
2095	temporarily or permanently deprive the vulnerable adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the
2096	vulnerable adult's property for the benefit of someone other than the vulnerable adult;]
2097	[(iii) unjustly or improperly uses or manages the resources of a vulnerable adult for the
2098	profit or advantage of someone other than the vulnerable adult;]
2099	[(iv) unjustly or improperly uses a vulnerable adult's power of attorney or guardianship
2100	for the profit or advantage of someone other than the vulnerable adult; or]
2101	[(v) involves a vulnerable adult who lacks the capacity to consent in the facilitation or
2102	furtherance of any criminal activity.]
2103	[(b) A person is guilty of the offense of financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult as
2104	follows:

2105	[(i) if done intentionally or knowingly and the aggregate value of the resources used or
2106	the profit made is or exceeds \$5,000, the offense is a second degree felony;]
2107	[(ii) if done intentionally or knowingly and the aggregate value of the resources used or
2108	the profit made is less than \$5,000 or cannot be determined, the offense is a third degree
2109	felony;]
2110	[(iii) if done recklessly, the offense is a class A misdemeanor; or]
2111	[(iv) if done with criminal negligence, the offense is a class B misdemeanor.]
2112	[(10)] (4) (a) It does not constitute a defense to a prosecution for [any] a violation of
2113	this section that the [accused] actor did not know the age of the [victim] vulnerable adult.
2114	[(11)] (b) An adult is not considered abused, neglected, or a vulnerable adult for the
2115	reason that the adult has chosen to rely solely upon religious, nonmedical forms of healing in
2116	lieu of medical care.
2117	[(12)] (5) If an [individual] actor, including a caretaker, violates this section by
2118	willfully isolating a vulnerable adult, in addition to the penalties under Subsection [(2) or] (3),
2119	the court may require that the [individual] actor:
2120	(a) undergo appropriate counseling as a condition of the sentence; and
2121	(b) pay for the costs of the ordered counseling.
2122	Section 44. Section 76-5-111.2 is enacted to read:
2123	76-5-111.2. Aggravated abuse of a vulnerable adult Penalties.
2124	(1) (a) As used in this section, "abuse," "caretaker," "isolation," "neglect", "serious
2125	physical injury," and "vulnerable adult" all mean the same as those terms are defined in Section
2126	<u>76-5-111.</u>
2127	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2128	(2) An actor, including a caretaker, commits aggravated abuse of a vulnerable adult if
2129	the actor, under a circumstance likely to produce death or serious physical injury:
2130	(a) causes a vulnerable adult to suffer serious physical injury;
2131	(b) having the care or custody of a vulnerable adult, causes or permits the vulnerable
2132	adult's person or health to be injured; or
2133	(c) causes or permits a vulnerable adult to be placed in a situation in which the
2134	vulnerable adult's person or health is endangered.
2135	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if done intentionally or

2136	knowingly.
2137	(b) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if done recklessly.
2138	(c) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done with criminal
2139	negligence.
2140	(4) (a) It does not constitute a defense to a prosecution for a violation of this section
2141	that the actor did not know the age of the vulnerable adult.
2142	(b) An adult is not considered abused, neglected, or a vulnerable adult for the reason
2143	that the adult has chosen to rely solely upon religious, nonmedical forms of healing in lieu of
2144	medical care.
2145	(5) If an actor, including a caretaker, violates this section by willfully isolating a
2146	vulnerable adult, in addition to the penalties under Subsection (3), the court may require that
2147	the actor:
2148	(a) undergo appropriate counseling as a condition of the sentence; and
2149	(b) pay for the costs of the ordered counseling.
2150	Section 45. Section 76-5-111.3 is enacted to read:
2151	76-5-111.3. Personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult Penalties.
2152	(1) (a) As used in this section, "abuse," "caretaker," "exploitation," "neglect," and
2153	"vulnerable adult" all mean the same as those terms are defined in Section 76-5-111.
2154	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2155	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits personal dignity
2156	exploitation of a vulnerable adult if the actor is a caretaker of a vulnerable adult and
2157	intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly:
2158	(a) creates, transmits, or displays a photographic or electronic image or recording of the
2159	vulnerable adult:
2160	(i) to which creation, transmission, or display a reasonable person would not consent;
2161	<u>and</u>
2162	(ii) (A) that shows the vulnerable adult's unclothed breasts, buttocks, anus, genitals, or
2163	pubic area;
2164	(B) that displays the clothed area of only the vulnerable adult's breasts, buttocks, anus,
2165	genitals, or pubic area; or
2166	(C) that shows the vulnerable adult engaged in conduct that is harmful to the mental or

2167	physical health or safety of the vulnerable adult; or
2168	(b) causes the vulnerable adult to participate in an act that is highly offensive or
2169	demeaning to the vulnerable adult:
2170	(i) in which a reasonable person would not participate; or
2171	(ii) that is harmful to the mental or physical health or safety of the vulnerable adult.
2172	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done intentionally
2173	or knowingly.
2174	(ii) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor if done recklessly.
2175	(b) (i) It is a separate offense under Subsection (2)(a) for each vulnerable adult
2176	included in a photographic or electronic image or recording created, transmitted, or displayed
2177	in violation of Subsection (2)(a).
2178	(ii) It is a separate offense under Subsection (2)(b) for each vulnerable adult caused to
2179	participate in an act in violation of Subsection (2)(b).
2180	(4) (a) A caretaker does not violate Subsection (2)(a) if the caretaker creates, transmits,
2181	or displays the photographic or electronic image or recording:
2182	(i) with the consent of the vulnerable adult, if the vulnerable adult:
2183	(A) is mentally and physically able to give voluntary consent to the creation,
2184	transmission, or display; and
2185	(B) gives voluntary consent for the creation, transmission, or display;
2186	(ii) for a legitimate purpose relating to monitoring or providing care, treatment, or
2187	diagnosis; or
2188	(iii) for a legitimate purpose relating to investigating abuse, neglect, or exploitation.
2189	(b) A caretaker does not violate Subsection (2)(b) if:
2190	(i) the vulnerable adult:
2191	(A) is mentally and physically able to give voluntary consent to participate in the act;
2192	and
2193	(B) gives voluntary consent to participate in the act; or
2194	(ii) the caretaker causes the vulnerable adult to participate in the act for a legitimate
2195	purpose relating to:
2196	(A) monitoring or providing care, treatment, or diagnosis; or
2197	(B) investigating abuse, neglect, or exploitation.

2198	(5) (a) It is not a defense that the vulnerable adult was unaware of:
2199	(i) the creation, transmission, or display prohibited under Subsection (2)(a); or
2200	(ii) participation in the act, or the nature of participation in the act, under Subsection
2201	<u>(2)(b).</u>
2202	(b) It does not constitute a defense to a prosecution for a violation of this section that
2203	the actor did not know the age of the vulnerable adult.
2204	Section 46. Section 76-5-111.4 is enacted to read:
2205	76-5-111.4. Financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult Penalties.
2206	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2207	(i) "Abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
2208	(ii) "Business relationship" means a relationship between two or more individuals or
2209	entities where there exists an oral or written agreement for the exchange of goods or services.
2210	(iii) "Deception" means:
2211	(A) a misrepresentation or concealment:
2212	(I) of a material fact relating to services rendered, disposition of property, or use of
2213	property intended to benefit a vulnerable adult;
2214	(II) of the terms of a contract or agreement entered into with a vulnerable adult; or
2215	(III) relating to the existing or preexisting condition of any property involved in a
2216	contract or agreement entered into with a vulnerable adult; or
2217	(B) the use or employment of any misrepresentation, false pretense, or false promise in
2218	order to induce, encourage, or solicit a vulnerable adult to enter into a contract or agreement.
2219	(iv) "Endeavor" means to attempt or try.
2220	(v) "Intimidation" means communication conveyed through verbal or nonverbal
2221	conduct that threatens deprivation of money, food, clothing, medicine, shelter, social
2222	interaction, supervision, health care, or companionship, or that threatens isolation or harm.
2223	(vi) "Isolation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
2224	(vii) "Lacks capacity to consent" means an impairment by reason of mental illness,
2225	developmental disability, organic brain disorder, physical illness or disability, chronic use of
2226	drugs, chronic intoxication, short-term memory loss, or other cause to the extent that a
2227	vulnerable adult lacks sufficient understanding of the nature or consequences of decisions
2228	concerning the vulnerable adult's person or property.

2229	(viii) "Neglect" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
2230	(ix) "Undue influence" occurs when a person:
2231	(A) uses influence to take advantage of a vulnerable adult's mental or physical
2232	impairment; or
2233	(B) uses the person's role, relationship, or power:
2234	(I) to exploit, or knowingly assist or cause another to exploit, the trust, dependency, or
2235	fear of a vulnerable adult; or
2236	(II) to gain control deceptively over the decision making of the vulnerable adult.
2237	(x) "Vulnerable adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
2238	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2239	(2) An actor commits the offense of financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult if the
2240	actor:
2241	(a) is in a position of trust and confidence, or has a business relationship, with the
2242	vulnerable adult or has undue influence over the vulnerable adult and knowingly, by deception
2243	or intimidation, obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or use, the vulnerable adult's funds,
2244	credit, assets, or other property with the intent to temporarily or permanently deprive the
2245	vulnerable adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the vulnerable adult's property, for the
2246	benefit of someone other than the vulnerable adult;
2247	(b) knows or should know that the vulnerable adult lacks the capacity to consent, and
2248	obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or use, or assists another in obtaining or using or
2249	endeavoring to obtain or use, the vulnerable adult's funds, assets, or property with the intent to
2250	temporarily or permanently deprive the vulnerable adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the
2251	vulnerable adult's property for the benefit of someone other than the vulnerable adult;
2252	(c) unjustly or improperly uses or manages the resources of a vulnerable adult for the
2253	profit or advantage of someone other than the vulnerable adult;
2254	(d) unjustly or improperly uses a vulnerable adult's power of attorney or guardianship
2255	for the profit or advantage of someone other than the vulnerable adult; or
2256	(e) involves a vulnerable adult who lacks the capacity to consent in the facilitation or
2257	furtherance of any criminal activity.
2258	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if done intentionally or
2259	knowingly and the aggregate value of the resources used or the profit made is or exceeds

2260	<u>\$5,000.</u>
2261	(b) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if done intentionally or
2262	knowingly and the aggregate value of the resources used or the profit made is less than \$5,000
2263	or cannot be determined.
2264	(c) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done recklessly.
2265	(d) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor if done with criminal
2266	negligence.
2267	(4) It does not constitute a defense to a prosecution for a violation of this section that
2268	the actor did not know the age of the vulnerable adult.
2269	Section 47. Section 76-5-112 is amended to read:
2270	76-5-112. Reckless endangerment Penalty.
2271	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2272	[(1) A person] (2) An actor commits reckless endangerment if, under circumstances
2273	not amounting to a felony offense, the [person] actor recklessly engages in conduct that creates
2274	a substantial risk of death or serious bodily injury to another [person] individual.
2275	[(2) Reckless endangerment] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A
2276	misdemeanor.
2277	Section 48. Section 76-5-112.5 is amended to read:
2278	76-5-112.5. Endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult.
2279	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2280	[(a) (i)] (i) (A) "Chemical substance" means:
2281	[(A)] (I) a substance intended to be used as a precursor in the manufacture of a
2282	controlled substance;
2283	[(B)] (II) a substance intended to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance;
2284	or
2285	[(C)] (III) any fumes or by-product resulting from the manufacture of a controlled
2286	substance.
2287	$[\frac{(ii)}{B}]$ Intent under this Subsection $(1)(a)(i)$ may be demonstrated by:
2288	[(A)] (I) the use, quantity, or manner of storage of the substance; or
2289	[(B)] (II) the proximity of the substance to other precursors or to manufacturing
2290	equipment.

2291	[(b)] (ii) "Child" means an individual who is under 18 years [of age] old.
2292	[(e)] (iii) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2293	58-37-2.
2294	[(d)] (iv) "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2295	58-37a-3.
2296	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ "Exposed to" means that the child or vulnerable adult:
2297	[(i)] (A) is able to access an unlawfully possessed:
2298	[(A)] (I) controlled substance; or
2299	[(B)] (II) chemical substance;
2300	[(ii)] (B) has the reasonable capacity to access drug paraphernalia; or
2301	[(iii)] (C) is able to smell an odor produced during, or as a result of, the manufacture or
2302	production of a controlled substance.
2303	[(f)] (vi) "Prescription" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2304	[(g)] (vii) "Vulnerable adult" means the same as that term is defined in [Subsection
2305	76-5-111(1)] <u>Section 76-5-111</u> .
2306	[(2) Unless a greater penalty is otherwise provided by law:]
2307	[(a) except as provided in Subsections (2)(b), (c),, and (3), an individual is guilty of a
2308	felony of the third degree if the individual]
2309	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2310	(2) An actor commits endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult if the actor
2311	knowingly or intentionally causes or permits a child or a vulnerable adult to be exposed to,
2312	inhale, ingest, or have contact with a controlled substance, chemical substance, or drug
2313	paraphernalia[;].
2314	[(b) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c) and (3), an individual is guilty of a felony
2315	of the second degree, if:]
2316	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
2317	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree
2318	felony if:
2319	(i) the [$\frac{1}{1}$ individual] $\frac{1}{2}$ engages in the conduct described in Subsection (2)[$\frac{1}{2}$]; and
2320	(ii) as a result of the conduct described in Subsection (2)[(a)], the child or the
2321	vulnerable adult suffers bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or serious bodily injury[; or].

2322	[(c) an individual is guilty of a felony of the first degree, if:]
2323	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (b), a violation of Subsection (2) is a first
2324	degree felony if:
2325	(i) the [individual] actor engages in the conduct described in Subsection (2)[(a)]; and
2326	(ii) as a result of the conduct described in Subsection (2)[(a)], the child or the
2327	vulnerable adult dies.
2328	[(3)] (4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) , a child may not be subjected to
2329	delinquency proceedings for a violation of Subsection (2) unless:
2330	$[\frac{(a)}{(i)}]$ the child is 15 years old or older; and
2331	[(b)] (ii) the other child who is exposed to or inhales, ingests, or has contact with the
2332	controlled substance, chemical substance, or drug paraphernalia, is under 12 years old.
2333	[(4)] (b) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of this section that the controlled
2334	substance:
2335	[(a)] (i) was obtained by lawful prescription or in accordance with Title 26, Chapter
2336	61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act; and
2337	[(b)] (ii) is used or possessed by the individual to whom the controlled substance was
2338	lawfully prescribed or recommended to under Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis
2339	Act.
2340	(5) The penalties described in this section are separate from, and in addition to, the
2341	penalties and enhancements described in Title 58, Occupations and Professions.
2342	(6) If an offense committed under this section amounts to an offense subject to a
2343	greater penalty under another provision of state law, this section does not prohibit prosecution
2344	and sentencing for the more serious offense.
2345	Section 49. Section 76-5-113 is amended to read:
2346	76-5-113. Surreptitious administration of certain substances Definitions
2347	Penalties Defenses.
2348	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2349	[(a)] (i) "Administer" means the introduction of a substance into the body by injection,
2350	inhalation, ingestion, or by any other means.
2351	[(b)] (ii) "Alcoholic beverage" [has the same meaning as "alcoholic beverage"] means
2352	the same as that term is defined in Section 32B-1-102.

2353	[(c) "Bodily injury" has the same definition as in Section 76-1-601.]
2354	[(d)] (iii) "Controlled substance" [has the same definition as] means the same as that
2355	term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2356	[(e)] (iv) "Deleterious substance" means a substance which, if administered, would
2357	likely cause bodily injury.
2358	(v) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-23a-1.
2359	[(f)] (vi) "Poisonous" means a substance which, if administered, would likely cause
2360	serious bodily injury or death.
2361	[(g)] (vii) "Prescription drug" [has the same definition as] means the same as that term
2362	is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
2363	[(h)] (viii) "Serious bodily injury" [has the same definition as] means the same as that
2364	term is defined in Section 19-2-115.
2365	$[\frac{(i)}{(ix)}]$ "Substance" means a controlled substance, poisonous substance, or
2366	deleterious substance [as defined in this Subsection (1)].
2367	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2368	(2) [In addition to any other offense the actor's conduct may constitute, it is a criminal
2369	offense for a person] An actor commits surreptitious administration of a certain substance if the
2370	actor, surreptitiously or by means of fraud, deception, or misrepresentation, [to cause another
2371	person] causes an individual to unknowingly consume or receive the administration of:
2372	(a) any poisonous, deleterious, or controlled substance; or
2373	(b) any alcoholic beverage.
2374	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is:
2375	(a) a second degree felony if the substance is a poisonous substance, regardless of
2376	whether the substance is a controlled substance or a prescription drug;
2377	(b) a third degree felony if the substance is not within the scope of Subsection (3)(a),
2378	and is a controlled substance or a prescription drug; [and] or
2379	(c) a class A misdemeanor if the substance is a deleterious substance or an alcoholic
2380	beverage.
2381	(4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under Subsection (2) that the actor:
2382	(i) provided the appropriate administration of a prescription drug; and
2383	(ii) acted on the reasonable belief that the actor's conduct was in the best interest of the

2384	well-being of the [person] individual to whom the prescription drug was administered.
2385	(b) (i) The defendant shall file and serve on the prosecuting attorney a notice in writing
2386	of the defendant's intention to claim a defense under Subsection (4)(a) not fewer than 20 days
2387	before the trial.
2388	(ii) The notice shall specifically identify the factual basis for the defense and the names
2389	and addresses of the witnesses the defendant proposes to examine to establish the defense.
2390	(c) (i) The prosecuting attorney shall file and serve the defendant with a notice
2391	containing the names and addresses of the witnesses the prosecutor proposes to examine in
2392	order to contradict or rebut the defendant's claim of an affirmative defense under Subsection
2393	(4)(a).
2394	(ii) This notice shall be filed or served not more than 10 days after receipt of the
2395	defendant's notice under Subsection (4)(b), or at another time as the court may direct.
2396	(d) (i) Failure of a party to comply with the requirements of Subsection (4)(b) or (4)(c)
2397	entitles the opposing party to a continuance to allow for preparation.
2398	(ii) If the court finds that a party's failure to comply is the result of bad faith, it may
2399	impose appropriate sanctions.
2400	(5) (a) This section does not diminish the scope of authorized health care by a health
2401	care provider [as defined in Section 26-23a-1].
2402	(b) Conduct in violation of Subsection (2) may also constitute a separate offense.
2402	
	Section 50. Section 76-5-114 , which is renumbered from Section 76-5-109.1 is
2404	renumbered and amended to read:
2405	[76-5-109.1]. <u>76-5-114.</u> Commission of domestic violence in the presence of
2406	a child.
2407	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2408	[(a)] (i) "Cohabitant" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined
2409	in Section 78B-7-102.
2410	(ii) "Criminal homicide offense" means an offense listed in Subsection 76-5-201(2).
2411	[(b)] (iii) "Domestic violence" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term
2412	is defined in Section 77-36-1.
2413	[(c)] (iv) "In the presence of a child" means:
2414	[(i)] (A) in the physical presence of a child; or

2415	[(ii)] (B) having knowledge that a child is present and may see or hear an act of
2416	domestic violence.
2417	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2418	(2) [A person] An actor commits domestic violence in the presence of a child if the
2419	[person] actor:
2420	(a) commits or attempts to commit <u>a</u> criminal homicide[, as defined in Section
2421	76-5-201,] <u>offense</u> against a cohabitant in the presence of a child; [or]
2422	(b) intentionally causes serious bodily injury to a cohabitant or uses a dangerous
2423	weapon[, as defined in Section 76-1-601,] or other means or force likely to produce death or
2424	serious bodily injury against a cohabitant, in the presence of a child; or
2425	(c) under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Subsection (2)(a) or (b),
2426	commits an act of domestic violence in the presence of a child.
2427	(3) (a) [A person who violates] A violation of Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is [guilty of] a
2428	third degree felony.
2429	(b) [A person who violates] A violation of Subsection (2)(c) is [guilty of] a class B
2430	misdemeanor.
2431	(4) (a) A charge under this section is separate and distinct from, and is in addition to, a
2432	charge of domestic violence [where] in which the victim is the cohabitant.
2433	(b) Either or both charges may be filed by the prosecutor.
2434	(5) [A person] An actor who commits a violation of this section when more than one
2435	child is present is guilty of one offense of domestic violence in the presence of a child
2436	regarding each child present when the violation occurred.
2437	Section 51. Section 76-5-201 is amended to read:
2438	76-5-201. Criminal homicide Designations of offenses Exceptions
2439	Application of consensual altercation defense.
2440	[(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), a person commits criminal
2441	homicide if the person intentionally, knowingly, recklessly, with criminal negligence, or acting
2442	with a mental state otherwise specified in the statute defining the offense, causes the death of
2443	another human being, including an unborn child at any stage of its development.]
2444	[(b) There shall be no cause of action for criminal homicide for the death of an unborn
2445	child caused by an abortion, as defined in Section 76-7-301.

2446	[(2) Criminal homicide is aggravated murder, murder, manslaughter, child abuse
2447	homicide, homicide by assault, negligent homicide, or automobile homicide.]
2448	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2449	(i) "Abortion" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-7-301.
2450	(ii) "Criminal homicide" means an act causing the death of another human being,
2451	including an unborn child at any stage of the unborn child's development.
2452	(b) The terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2453	(2) The following are criminal homicide:
2454	(a) aggravated murder;
2455	(b) murder;
2456	(c) manslaughter;
2457	(d) child abuse $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{homicide}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$;
2458	Ŝ→ [(e) homicide;
2459	$\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (e) \leftarrow \hat{S} homicide by assault;
2460	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(g)}] (\underline{f}) \leftarrow \hat{S}$ negligent homicide; and
2461	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{(h)}}] \underline{\text{(g)}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ automobile homicide.
2462	[(3) A person] (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), an actor is not guilty of criminal
2463	homicide [of an unborn child if] if:
2464	(a) the death of an unborn child is caused by an abortion;
2465	(b) the sole reason for the death of [the] an unborn child is that the [person] actor:
2466	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> refused to consent to:
2467	[(i)] (A) medical treatment; or
2468	[(ii)] (B) a cesarean section; or
2469	[(b)] (ii) failed to follow medical advice[-]; or
2470	[(4) A woman is not guilty of criminal homicide of her own unborn child if the death
2471	of her unborn child:]
2472	(c) a woman causes the death of her own unborn child, and the death:
2473	[(a)] (i) is caused by a criminally negligent act or reckless act of the woman; and
2474	[(b)] (ii) is not caused by an intentional or knowing act of the woman.
2475	(4) The provisions governing a defense of a consensual altercation as described in
2476	Section 76-5-104 apply to this part.

2477	Section 52. Section 76-5-202 is amended to read:
2478	76-5-202. Aggravated murder Penalties Affirmative defense and special
2479	mitigation Separate offense.
2480	[(1) Criminal homicide constitutes aggravated murder if the actor intentionally or
2481	knowingly causes the death of another under any of the following circumstances:]
2482	[(a) the homicide was committed by a person who is]
2483	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2484	(i) "Correctional officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-13-104.
2485	(ii) "Emergency responder" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2486	<u>53-2b-102.</u>
2487	(iii) "Federal officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-13-106.
2488	(iv) "Law enforcement officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2489	<u>53-13-103.</u>
2490	(v) "Peace officer" means:
2491	(A) a correctional officer, federal officer, law enforcement officer, or special function
2492	officer; or
2493	(B) any other person who may exercise peace officer authority in accordance with Title
2494	53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer Classifications.
2495	(vi) "Special function officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2496	<u>53-13-105.</u>
2497	(vii) "Target a law enforcement officer" means an act:
2498	(A) involving the unlawful use of force and violence against a law enforcement officer;
2499	(B) that causes serious bodily injury or death; and
2500	(C) that is in furtherance of political or social objectives in order to intimidate or
2501	coerce a civilian population or to influence or affect the conduct of a government or a unit of
2502	government.
2503	(viii) "Weapon of mass destruction" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2504	<u>76-10-401.</u>
2505	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2506	(2) (a) An actor commits aggravated murder if the actor intentionally or knowingly
2507	causes the death of another individual under any of the following circumstances:

2508	(1) the actor committed homicide while confined in a jail or other correctional
2509	institution;
2510	[(b) the homicide was committed] (ii) (A) the actor committed homicide incident to
2511	one act, scheme, course of conduct, or criminal episode during which two or more [persons]
2512	individuals other than the actor were killed[, or during which the actor attempted to kill one or
2513	more persons in addition to the victim who was killed]; or
2514	(B) the actor, during commission of the homicide, attempted to kill one or more other
2515	individuals in addition to the deceased individual;
2516	[(c)] (iii) the actor knowingly created a great risk of death to [a person] another
2517	individual other than the [victim] deceased individual and the actor;
2518	[(d)] (iv) the actor committed homicide [was committed] incident to an act, scheme,
2519	course of conduct, or criminal episode during which the actor committed or attempted to
2520	commit aggravated robbery, robbery, rape, rape of a child, object rape, object rape of a child,
2521	forcible sodomy, sodomy upon a child, forcible sexual abuse, sexual abuse of a child,
2522	aggravated sexual abuse of a child, aggravated child abuse as [defined] described in Subsection
2523	$\left[\frac{76-5-109(2)(a)}{76-5-109.2(3)(a)}\right]$, or aggravated sexual assault, aggravated arson, arson,
2524	aggravated burglary, burglary, aggravated kidnapping, or kidnapping, or child kidnapping;
2525	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ the <u>actor committed</u> homicide [<u>was committed</u>] incident to one act, scheme,
2526	course of conduct, or criminal episode during which the actor committed the crime of abuse or
2527	desecration of a dead human body as [defined] described in Subsection 76-9-704(2)(e);
2528	[(f)] (vi) the actor committed homicide [was committed] for the purpose of avoiding or
2529	preventing an arrest of the [defendant] actor or another individual by a peace officer acting
2530	under color of legal authority or for the purpose of effecting the [defendant's or another's]
2531	actor's or another individual's escape from lawful custody;
2532	[(g)] (vii) the actor committed homicide [was committed] for pecuniary gain;
2533	[(h)] (viii) the [defendant] actor committed, [or] engaged, or employed another person
2534	to commit the homicide [pursuant] subject to an agreement or contract for remuneration or the
2535	promise of remuneration for commission of the homicide;
2536	$[\frac{(i)}{(ix)}]$ the actor previously committed or was convicted of:
2537	[(i)] (A) aggravated murder under this section;
2538	[(ii)] (B) attempted aggravated murder under this section;

```
2539
                 [(iii)] (C) murder, under Section 76-5-203;
2540
                 [<del>(iv)</del>] (D) attempted murder, under Section 76-5-203; or
                [<del>(v)</del>] (E) an offense committed in another jurisdiction which if committed in this state
2541
2542
         would be a violation of a crime listed in this Subsection [\frac{(1)(i)}{(1)}] (2)(a)(ix);
2543
                 \left[\frac{1}{1}\right] (x) the actor was previously convicted of:
2544
                 (i) (A) aggravated assault, [Subsection 76-5-103(2)] under Section 76-5-103;
2545
                 [(ii)] (B) mayhem, under Section 76-5-105;
2546
                 [(iii)] (C) kidnapping, under Section 76-5-301;
2547
                 [(iv)] (D) child kidnapping, under Section 76-5-301.1;
2548
                 [<del>(v)</del>] (E) aggravated kidnapping, under Section 76-5-302;
2549
                 [(vi)] (F) rape, under Section 76-5-402;
2550
                 [(vii)] (G) rape of a child, under Section 76-5-402.1;
2551
                 [(viii)] (H) object rape, under Section 76-5-402.2;
                 [(ix)] (I) object rape of a child, under Section 76-5-402.3;
2552
                 [(x)] (J) forcible sodomy, under Section 76-5-403;
2553
2554
                [(xi)] (K) sodomy on a child, under Section 76-5-403.1;
                [(xii)] (L) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, under Section [76-5-404.1] 76-5-404.3;
2555
2556
                [(xiii)] (M) aggravated sexual assault, under Section 76-5-405;
2557
                 [(xiv)] (N) aggravated arson, under Section 76-6-103;
                 [(xv)] (O) aggravated burglary, under Section 76-6-203;
2558
                [(xvi)] (P) aggravated robbery, under Section 76-6-302;
2559
                [(xvii)] (O) felony discharge of a firearm, under Section 76-10-508.1; or
2560
2561
                [(xviii)] (R) an offense committed in another jurisdiction which if committed in this
2562
         state would be a violation of a crime listed in this Subsection [\frac{(1)(i)}{(1)}] (2)(a)(x);
2563
                [(k)] (xi) the actor committed homicide [was committed] for the purpose of:
2564
                 [(i)] (A) preventing a witness from testifying;
                [(ii)] (B) preventing a person from providing evidence or participating in any legal
2565
2566
         proceedings or official investigation;
2567
                [(iii)] (C) retaliating against a person for testifying, providing evidence, or participating
         in any legal proceedings or official investigation; or
2568
2569
                 [(iv)] (D) disrupting or hindering any lawful governmental function or enforcement of
```

25/0	laws;
2571	[(1)] (xii) the [victim is or has been] deceased individual was a local, state, or federal
2572	public official, or a candidate for public office, and the homicide is based on, is caused by, or is
2573	related to that official position, act, capacity, or candidacy;
2574	[(m)] (xiii) the [victim is] deceased individual was on duty in a verified position or the
2575	homicide is based on, is caused by, or is related to the [victim's] deceased individual's position,
2576	and the actor knew, or reasonably should have known, that the [victim] deceased individual
2577	holds or has held the position of:
2578	[(i) a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, special function officer, or any
2579	other peace officer as defined in Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer Classifications;]
2580	(A) a peace officer;
2581	[(ii)] (B) an executive officer, prosecuting officer, jailer, or prison official;
2582	[(iii)] (C) a firefighter, search and rescue personnel, emergency medical personnel,
2583	ambulance personnel, or any other emergency responder [as defined in Section 53-2b-102];
2584	[(iv)] (D) a judge or other court official, juror, probation officer, or parole officer; or
2585	[(v)] (E) a security officer contracted to secure, guard, or otherwise protect tangible
2586	personal property, real property, or the life and well-being of human or animal life in the area
2587	of the offense;
2588	[(n)] (xiv) the actor committed homicide [was committed]:
2589	[(i)] (A) by means of a destructive device, bomb, explosive, incendiary device, or
2590	similar device which was planted, hidden, or concealed in any place, area, dwelling, building,
2591	or structure, or was mailed or delivered;
2592	[(ii)] (B) by means of any weapon of mass destruction [as defined in Section
2593	76-10-401]; or
2594	[(iii)] (C) to target a law enforcement officer [as defined in Section 76-5-210];
2595	$[\frac{(o)}{(xv)}]$ the <u>actor committed</u> homicide [was committed] during the act of unlawfully
2596	assuming control of [any] an aircraft, train, or other public conveyance by use of threats or
2597	force with intent to:
2598	(A) obtain any valuable consideration for the release of the public conveyance or any
2599	passenger, crew member, or any other person aboard[, or to];
2600	(B) direct the route or movement of the public conveyance; or

2601	(C) otherwise exert control over the public conveyance;
2602	[(p)] (xvi) the actor committed homicide [was committed] by means of the
2603	administration of a poison or of any lethal substance or of any substance administered in a
2604	lethal amount, dosage, or quantity;
2605	[(q)] (xvii) the [victim] deceased individual was [a person] held or otherwise detained
2606	as a shield, hostage, or for ransom;
2607	[(r)] (xviii) the actor committed homicide [was committed] in an especially heinous,
2608	atrocious, cruel, or exceptionally depraved manner, any of which must be demonstrated by
2609	physical torture, serious physical abuse, or serious bodily injury of the [victim] deceased
2610	individual before death;
2611	[(s)] (xix) the actor dismembers, mutilates, or disfigures the [victim's] deceased
2612	individual's body, whether before or after death, in a manner demonstrating the actor's
2613	depravity of mind; or
2614	[(t)] (xx) the [victim] deceased individual, at the time of the death of the [victim]
2615	deceased individual:
2616	$[\frac{(i)}{A}]$ was younger than 14 years $[\frac{\text{of age}}{\text{old}}]$ and
2617	[(ii)] (B) was not an unborn child.
2618	[(2) Criminal homicide constitutes aggravated murder if the]
2619	(b) An actor commits aggravated murder if the actor, with reckless indifference to
2620	human life, causes the death of another individual incident to an act, scheme, course of
2621	conduct, or criminal episode during which the actor is a major participant in the commission or
2622	attempted commission of:
2623	[(a)] (i) aggravated child abuse, punishable as a felony of the second degree under
2624	Subsection $[\frac{76-5-109(2)(a)}{2}] = \frac{76-5-109.2(3)(a)}{2}$;
2625	[(b)] (ii) child kidnapping, under Section 76-5-301.1;
2626	[(c)] <u>(iii)</u> rape of a child, <u>under</u> Section 76-5-402.1;
2627	[(d)] (iv) object rape of a child, under Section 76-5-402.3;
2628	$[\underline{\text{(e)}}]$ (v) sodomy on a child, <u>under Section 76-5-403.1</u> ; or
2629	[(f)] (vi) sexual abuse or aggravated sexual abuse of a child, under Section 76-5-404.1.
2630	(3) (a) If a notice of intent to seek the death penalty has been filed, [aggravated murder]
2631	a violation of Subsection (2) is a capital felony

2632 (b) If a notice of intent to seek the death penalty has not been filed, aggravated murder 2633 is a noncapital first degree felony punishable as provided in Section 76-3-207.7. (c) (i) Within 60 days after arraignment of the defendant, the prosecutor may file notice 2634 2635 of intent to seek the death penalty. 2636 (ii) The notice shall be served on the defendant or defense counsel and filed with the 2637 court. 2638 [(iii) Notice of intent to seek the death penalty may be served and filed more than 2639 60 days after the arraignment upon written stipulation of the parties or upon a finding by the 2640 court of good cause. 2641 (d) Without the consent of the prosecutor, the court may not accept a plea of guilty to 2642 noncapital first degree felony aggravated murder during the period in which the prosecutor may 2643 file a notice of intent to seek the death penalty under Subsection (3)(c)(i). 2644 (e) If the defendant was younger than 18 years [of age] old at the time the offense was committed, aggravated murder is a noncapital first degree felony punishable as provided in 2645 2646 Section 76-3-207.7. 2647 (f) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (3)(b), if the trier of fact finds the elements of aggravated murder, or alternatively, attempted aggravated murder, as described in this section, 2648 2649 are proved beyond a reasonable doubt, and also finds that the existence of special mitigation is 2650 established by a preponderance of the evidence and in accordance with Section 76-5-205.5, the 2651 court shall enter a judgment of conviction as follows: (i) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of aggravated murder, the court shall 2652 2653 enter a judgment of conviction for murder; or 2654 (ii) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of attempted aggravated murder, the 2655 court shall enter a judgment of conviction for attempted murder. 2656 (4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of aggravated murder or attempted

(4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of aggravated murder or attempted aggravated murder that the [defendant] actor caused the death of another or attempted to cause the death of another under a reasonable belief that the circumstances provided a legal justification or excuse for the conduct although the conduct was not legally justifiable or excusable under the existing circumstances.

2657

2658

2659

2660

2661

2662

(b) The reasonable belief of the actor under Subsection (4)(a) shall be determined from the viewpoint of a reasonable person under the then existing circumstances.

2663	(c) This affirmative defense reduces charges only as follows:
2664	[(i) aggravated murder to murder; and]
2665	[(ii) attempted aggravated murder to attempted murder.]
2666	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (3)(b), if the trier of fact finds the elements of
2667	aggravated murder, or alternatively, attempted aggravated murder, as described in this section,
2668	are proved beyond a reasonable doubt, and also finds $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\frac{\text{that introduced evidence in support of an}}]$
2668a	<u>the</u> ←Ŝ
2669	affirmative defense described in this Subsection (4) is not disproven beyond a reasonable
2670	doubt, the court shall enter a judgment of conviction as follows:
2671	(i) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of aggravated murder, the court shall
2672	enter a judgment of conviction for murder; or
2673	(ii) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of attempted aggravated murder, the
2674	court shall enter a judgment of conviction for attempted murder.
2675	(5) (a) Any aggravating circumstance described in Subsection [(1) or] (2) that
2676	constitutes a separate offense does not merge with the crime of aggravated murder.
2677	(b) [A person] An actor who is convicted of aggravated murder, based on an
2678	aggravating circumstance described in Subsection [(1) or] (2) that constitutes a separate
2679	offense, may also be convicted of, and punished for, the separate offense.
2680	Section 53. Section 76-5-203 is amended to read:
2681	76-5-203. Murder Penalties Affirmative defense and special mitigation
2682	Separate offenses.
2683	(1) (a) As used in this section, "predicate offense" means:
2684	[(a)] (i) a clandestine drug lab violation under Section 58-37d-4 or 58-37d-5;
2685	[(b)] (ii) aggravated child abuse, under Subsection [76-5-109(2)(a)] 76-5-109.2(3)(a),
2686	when the [victim] abused individual is younger than 18 years [of age] old;
2687	[(c)] (iii) kidnapping under Section 76-5-301;
2688	[(d)] <u>(iv)</u> child kidnapping under Section 76-5-301.1;
2689	[(e)] (v) aggravated kidnapping under Section 76-5-302;
2690	(vi) rape under Section 76-5-402;
2691	[(f)] (vii) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;
2692	(viii) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
2693	$\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$ (ix) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;

```
2694
                (x) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
2695
                [(h)] (xi) sodomy upon a child under Section 76-5-403.1;
2696
                [(ii)] (xii) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404;
2697
                [(i)] (xiii) sexual abuse of a child [or aggravated sexual abuse of a child] under Section
2698
        76-5-404.1:
2699
                [(k) rape under Section 76-5-402;]
                [(1) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;]
2700
                [(m) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;]
2701
2702
                (xiv) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.3;
2703
                [(n)] (xv) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405;
2704
                [(o)] (xvi) arson under Section 76-6-102;
2705
                [(p)] (xvii) aggravated arson under Section 76-6-103;
2706
                [<del>(q)</del>] (xviii) burglary under Section 76-6-202;
                [<del>(r)</del>] (xix) aggravated burglary under Section 76-6-203;
2707
2708
                [(s)] (xx) robbery under Section 76-6-301;
2709
                [(tt)] (xxi) aggravated robbery under Section 76-6-302;
2710
                [<del>(u)</del>] (xxii) escape or aggravated escape under Section 76-8-309; or
                [<del>(v)</del>] (xxiii) a felony violation of Section 76-10-508 or 76-10-508.1 regarding discharge
2711
2712
        of a firearm or dangerous weapon.
2713
                (b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2714
                (2) [Criminal homicide constitutes] An actor commits murder if:
2715
                (a) the actor intentionally or knowingly causes the death of another individual:
2716
                (b) intending to cause serious bodily injury to another individual, the actor commits an
2717
        act clearly dangerous to human life that causes the death of [another] the other individual;
2718
                (c) acting under circumstances evidencing a depraved indifference to human life, the
2719
        actor knowingly engages in conduct [which] that creates a grave risk of death to another
2720
        individual and thereby causes the death of [another] the other individual;
2721
                (d) (i) the actor is engaged in the commission, attempted commission, or immediate
2722
        flight from the commission or attempted commission of any predicate offense, or is a party to
        the predicate offense;
2723
2724
                (ii) [a person] an individual other than a party [as defined] described in Section
```

2725	76-2-202 is killed in the course of the commission, attempted commission, or immediate flight
2726	from the commission or attempted commission of any predicate offense; and
2727	(iii) the actor acted with the intent required as an element of the predicate offense;
2728	(e) the actor recklessly causes the death of a peace officer or military service member
2729	in uniform while in the commission or attempted commission of:
2730	(i) an assault against a peace officer under Section 76-5-102.4;
2731	(ii) interference with a peace officer while making a lawful arrest under Section
2732	76-8-305 if the actor uses force against $[a]$ the peace officer; or
2733	(iii) an assault against a military service member in uniform under Section 76-5-102.4;
2734	<u>or</u>
2735	(f) the actor commits a homicide [which] that would be aggravated murder, but the
2736	offense is reduced [pursuant to] in accordance with Subsection 76-5-202(4)[; or].
2737	[(g) the actor commits aggravated murder, but special mitigation is established under
2738	Section 76-5-205.5.]
2739	(3) (a) (i) [Murder] A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony.
2740	[(b)] (ii) [A person] A defendant who is convicted of murder shall be sentenced to
2741	imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not less than 15 years and which may be for life.
2742	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the trier of fact finds the elements of murder,
2743	or alternatively, attempted murder, as described in this section are proved beyond a reasonable
2744	doubt, and also finds that the existence of special mitigation is established by a preponderance
2745	of the evidence and in accordance with Section 76-5-205.5, the court shall enter a judgment of
2746	conviction as follows:
2747	(i) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of murder, the court shall enter a
2748	judgment of conviction for manslaughter; or
2749	(ii) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of attempted murder, the court shall,
2750	notwithstanding Subsection 76-4-102(1)(b) or 76-4-102(1)(c)(i), enter a judgment of
2751	conviction for attempted manslaughter.
2752	(4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of murder or attempted murder that the
2753	defendant caused the death of another individual or attempted to cause the death of another
2754	individual under a reasonable belief that the circumstances provided a legal justification or
2755	excuse for the conduct although the conduct was not legally justifiable or excusable under the

2756	existing circumstances.
2757	(b) The reasonable belief of the actor under Subsection (4)(a) shall be determined from
2758	the viewpoint of a reasonable person under the then existing circumstances.
2759	[(c) This affirmative defense reduces charges only from:]
2760	[(i) murder to manslaughter; and]
2761	[(ii) attempted murder to attempted manslaughter.]
2762	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the trier of fact finds the elements of murder,
2763	or alternatively, attempted murder, as described in this section are proved beyond a reasonable
2764	doubt, and also finds $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{that introduced evidence in support of an}}] \underline{\text{the}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ affirmative defense
2764a	described in
2765	this Subsection (4) is not disproven beyond a reasonable doubt, the court shall enter a judgment
2766	of conviction as follows:
2767	(i) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of murder, the court shall enter a
2768	judgment of conviction for manslaughter; or
2769	(ii) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of attempted murder, the court shall
2770	enter a judgment of conviction for attempted manslaughter.
2771	(5) (a) Any predicate offense [described in Subsection (1)] that constitutes a separate
2772	offense does not merge with the crime of murder.
2773	(b) [A person] An actor who is convicted of murder, based on a predicate offense
2774	[described in Subsection (1)] that constitutes a separate offense, may also be convicted of, and
2775	punished for, the separate offense.
2776	Section 54. Section 76-5-205 is amended to read:
2777	76-5-205. Manslaughter Penalties.
2778	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2779	[(a)] (i) (A) "Aid" means the act of providing the physical means.
2780	[(ii)] (B) "Aid" does not include the withholding or withdrawal of life sustaining
2781	treatment procedures to the extent allowed under Title 75, Chapter 2a, Advance Health Care
2782	Directive Act, or any other laws of this state.

authorized by law to administer, dispense, distribute, or prescribe medications or procedures in the course of professional practice.

[(b)] (ii) "Practitioner" means an individual currently licensed, registered, or otherwise

2785

2783 2784

2786

[(c)] (iii) "Provides" means to administer, prescribe, distribute, or dispense.

2787	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2788	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), [criminal homicide constitutes manslaughter
2789	if the actor] an actor commits manslaughter if the actor:
2790	(a) recklessly causes the death of another <u>individual</u> ;
2791	(b) intentionally, and with knowledge that another individual intends to commit suicide
2792	or attempt to commit suicide, aids the [other] individual to commit suicide; or
2793	(c) commits a homicide which would be murder, but the offense is reduced [pursuant
2794	to] in accordance with Subsection 76-5-203(4)[; or].
2795	[(d) commits murder, but special mitigation is established under Section 76-5-205.5.]
2796	(3) [Manslaughter] A violation of Subsection (2) is a felony of the second degree.
2797	(4) (a) In addition to the penalty described under this section or any other section,[-an
2798	individual] a defendant who is convicted of violating this section shall have the [individual's]
2799	defendant's driver license revoked under Section 53-3-220 if the death of another individual
2800	results from driving a motor vehicle.
2801	(b) The court shall forward the report of the conviction resulting from driving a motor
2802	vehicle to the Driver License Division in accordance with Section 53-3-218.
2803	(5) (a) A practitioner does not violate Subsection (2)(b) if the practitioner provides
2804	medication or a procedure to treat an individual's illness or relieve an individual's pain or
2805	discomfort, regardless of whether the medication or procedure may hasten or increase the risk
2806	of death to the individual to whom the practitioner provides the medication or procedure[;
2807	unless].
2808	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a practitioner violates Subsection (2)(b) if the
2809	practitioner intentionally and knowingly provides the medication or procedure to aid the
2810	individual to commit suicide or attempt to commit suicide.
2811	Section 55. Section 76-5-205.5 is amended to read:
2812	76-5-205.5. Special mitigation for mental illness or provocation Burden of
2813	proof Charge reduction.
2814	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2815	[(a)] (i) (A) "Extreme emotional distress" means an overwhelming reaction of anger,
2816	shock, or grief that:
2817	[(A)] (I) causes the defendant to be incapable of reflection and restraint; and

2818	[(B)] (II) would cause an objectively reasonable person to be incapable of reflection
2819	and restraint.
2820	[(ii)] (B) "Extreme emotional distress" does not include:
2821	[(A)] (I) a condition resulting from mental illness; or
2822	[(B)] (II) distress that is substantially caused by the defendant's own conduct.
2823	[(b)] (ii) "Mental illness" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-2-305.
2824	(b) The terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2825	(2) Special mitigation exists when a defendant causes the death of another <u>individual</u> or
2826	attempts to cause the death of another <u>individual</u> :
2827	(a) (i) under circumstances that are not legally justified, but the defendant acts under a
2828	delusion attributable to a mental illness;
2829	(ii) the nature of the delusion is such that, if the facts existed as the defendant believed
2830	them to be in the delusional state, those facts would provide a legal justification for the
2831	defendant's conduct; and
2832	(iii) the defendant's actions, in light of the delusion, are reasonable from the objective
2833	viewpoint of a reasonable person; or
2834	(b) except as provided in Subsection (4), under the influence of extreme emotional
2835	distress that is predominantly caused by the victim's highly provoking act immediately
2836	preceding the defendant's actions.
2837	(3) A defendant who is under the influence of voluntarily consumed, injected, or
2838	ingested alcohol, controlled substances, or volatile substances at the time of the alleged offense
2839	may not claim mitigation of the offense under Subsection (2)(a) on the basis of mental illness if
2840	the alcohol or substance causes, triggers, or substantially contributes to the defendant's mental
2841	illness.
2842	(4) A defendant may not claim special mitigation under Subsection (2)(b) if:
2843	(a) the time period after the victim's highly provoking act and before the defendant's
2844	actions was long enough for an objectively reasonable person to have recovered from the
2845	extreme emotional distress;
2846	(b) the defendant responded to the victim's highly provoking act by inflicting serious or
2847	substantial bodily injury on the victim over a prolonged period, or by inflicting torture on the
2848	victim, regardless of whether the victim was conscious during the infliction of serious or

2049	substantial bodily injury of torture, or
2850	(c) the victim's highly provoking act, described in Subsection (2)(b), is comprised of
2851	words alone.
2852	[(5) (a) If the trier of fact finds that the elements of an offense described in Subsection
2853	(5)(b) are proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and also finds that the existence of special
2854	mitigation under this section is established by a preponderance of the evidence, the trier of fac
2855	shall return a verdict on the reduced charge as provided in Subsection (5)(b).]
2856	[(b) If under Subsection (5)(a) the offense is:]
2857	[(i) aggravated murder, the defendant shall instead be found guilty of murder;]
2858	[(ii) attempted aggravated murder, the defendant shall instead be found guilty of
2859	attempted murder;]
2860	[(iii) murder, the defendant shall instead be found guilty of manslaughter; or]
2861	[(iv) attempted murder, the defendant shall instead be found guilty of attempted
2862	manslaughter.]
2863	[(c) If the trier of fact finds that special mitigation is not established under this section
2864	the trier of fact shall convict the defendant of the offense for which the prosecution proves all
2865	the elements beyond a reasonable doubt.]
2866	[(6) (a) If a jury is the trier of fact, a unanimous vote of the jury is required to establish
2867	the existence of the special mitigation under this section.]
2868	[(b) If the jury finds special mitigation by a unanimous vote, the jury shall return a
2869	verdict on the reduced charge as provided in Subsection (5).]
2870	(5) If the trier of fact finds that the elements of aggravated murder, attempted
2871	aggravated murder, murder, or attempted murder are proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and
2872	also finds that the existence of special mitigation under this section is established by a
2873	preponderance of the evidence, the court shall enter a judgment of conviction in accordance
2874	with Subsection 76-5-202(3)(f)(i), 76-5-202(3)(f)(ii), 76-5-203(3)(b)(i), or 76-5-203(3)(b)(ii),
2875	respectively.
2876	(6) If the issue of special mitigation is submitted to the trier of fact, the trier of fact
2877	shall return a special verdict at the same time as the general verdict, indicating whether it finds
2878	special mitigation.
2879	(7) (a) If a jury is the trier of fact, a unanimous vote of the jury is required to find

2880	special mitigation under this section.
2881	(b) If the jury unanimously finds that the elements of an offense described in
2882	Subsection (5) are proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and finds special mitigation by a
2883	unanimous vote, the jury shall return a general verdict finding the defendant guilty of the
2884	charged crime and a special verdict indicating special mitigation.
2885	(c) If the jury unanimously finds that the elements of an offense described in
2886	Subsection (5) are proven beyond a reasonable doubt but finds by a unanimous vote that
2887	special mitigation is not established, or if the jury is unable to unanimously agree that special
2888	mitigation is established, the jury shall convict the defendant of the greater offense for which
2889	the prosecution proves all the elements beyond a reasonable doubt.
2890	[(7) (a) If the issue of special mitigation is submitted to the trier of fact, the trier of fact
2891	shall return a special verdict indicating whether the existence of special mitigation is found.]
2892	[(b) The trier of fact shall return the special verdict at the same time as the general
2893	verdict, to indicate the basis for the general verdict.]
2894	[(8) Special mitigation under this section does not, in any case, reduce the level of an
2895	offense by more than one degree from that offense, the elements of which the evidence proves
2896	beyond a reasonable doubt.]
2897	Section 56. Section 76-5-206 is amended to read:
2898	76-5-206. Negligent homicide Penalties.
2899	(1) Definitions of terms in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2900	[(1) Criminal homicide constitutes negligent homicide] (2) An actor commits
2901	negligent homicide if the actor, acting with criminal negligence, causes the death of another
2902	individual.
2903	[(2) Negligent homicide] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
2904	[(3)] (4) (a) In addition to the penalty provided under this section or any other section,
2905	[a person] a defendant who is convicted of violating this section shall have the [person's]
2906	<u>defendant's</u> driver license revoked under Section 53-3-220 if the death of another [person]
2907	individual results from driving a motor vehicle.
2908	(b) The court shall forward the report of the conviction to the Driver License Division
2909	in accordance with Section 53-3-218.
2910	Section 57. Section 76-5-207 is amended to read:

2911	76-5-207. Automobile homicide Penalties Evidence.
2912	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2913	(i) "Criminally negligent" means the same as that term is described in Subsection
2914	<u>76-2-103(4).</u>
2915	[(a)] (ii) "Drug" or "drugs" means:
2916	[(i)] (A) a controlled substance as defined in Section 58-37-2;
2917	[(ii)] (B) a drug as defined in Section 58-17b-102; or
2918	[(iii)] (C) any substance that, when knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly taken into
2919	the human body, can impair the ability of [a person] an individual to safely operate a motor
2920	vehicle.
2921	[(b)] (iii) "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle and includes any
2922	automobile, truck, van, motorcycle, train, engine, watercraft, or aircraft.
2923	[(2) (a) Criminal homicide is automobile homicide, a third degree felony, if the person
2924	(iv) "Negligent" means simple negligence, the failure to exercise that degree of care
2925	that reasonable and prudent persons exercise under like or similar circumstances.
2926	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2927	(2) An actor commits automobile homicide if the actor:
2928	(a) operates a motor vehicle in a negligent or criminally negligent manner causing the
2929	death of another individual; and[:]
2930	(b) (i) has sufficient alcohol in [his] the actor's body that a subsequent chemical test
2931	shows that the [person] actor has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or
2932	greater at the time of the test;
2933	(ii) is under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol
2934	and any drug to a degree that renders the [person] actor incapable of safely operating a vehicle;
2935	or
2936	(iii) has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or greater at the time of
2937	operation.
2938	[(b) A conviction for a violation of this Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if it is
2939	subsequent to a conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2).
2940	[(c) As used in this Subsection (2), "negligent" means simple negligence, the failure to
2941	exercise that degree of care that reasonable and prudent persons exercise under like or similar

2942	circumstances.]
2943	[(3) (a) Criminal homicide is automobile homicide, a second degree felony, if the
2944	person operates a motor vehicle in a criminally negligent manner causing the death of another
2945	and:]
2946	[(i) has sufficient alcohol in his body that a subsequent chemical test shows that the
2947	person has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or greater at the time of the
2948	test;]
2949	[(ii) is under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol
2950	and any drug to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely operating a vehicle; or]
2951	[(iii) has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or greater at the time of
2952	operation.]
2953	[(b) As used in this Subsection (3), "criminally negligent" means criminal negligence
2954	as defined by Subsection 76-2-103(4).]
2955	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if the actor operated a
2956	motor vehicle in a negligent manner.
2957	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a violation of Subsection (2) is a second
2958	degree felony if the actor operated the motor vehicle in a criminally negligent manner.
2959	(iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (ii), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
2960	second degree felony if:
2961	(A) the actor operated a motor vehicle in a negligent manner; and
2962	(B) conviction for the violation is subsequent to a conviction as defined in Subsection
2963	41-6a-501(2)(a).
2964	(b) An actor is guilty of a separate offense for each individual other than the actor
2965	suffering bodily injury or serious bodily injury, whether or not the injuries arise from the same
2966	episode of driving, as a result of the actor's violation of Section 41-6a-502 or death as a result
2967	of the actor's violation of this section.
2968	(4) The fact that an actor charged with violating this section is or has been legally
2969	entitled to use alcohol or a drug is not a defense.
2970	$\left[\frac{4}{5}\right]$ (5) (a) The standards for chemical breath analysis as provided by Section
2971	41-6a-515 and the provisions for the admissibility of chemical test results as provided by
2972	Section 41-6a-516 apply to determination and proof of blood alcohol content under this

2973	section.
2974	[(5)] (b) Calculations of blood or breath alcohol concentration under this section shall
2975	be made in accordance with Subsection 41-6a-502(1).
2976	[(6) The fact that a person charged with violating this section is or has been legally
2977	entitled to use alcohol or a drug is not a defense.]
2978	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> Evidence of a defendant's blood or breath alcohol content or drug content is
2979	admissible except when prohibited by Rules of Evidence or the constitution.
2980	[(8) A person is guilty of a separate offense for each victim suffering bodily injury or
2981	serious bodily injury as a result of the person's violation of Section 41-6a-502 or death as a
2982	result of the person's violation of this section whether or not the injuries arise from the same
2983	episode of driving.]
2984	Section 58. Section 76-5-207.5 is amended to read:
2985	76-5-207.5. Automobile homicide involving a handheld wireless communication
2986	device while driving.
2987	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2988	[(a)] (i) "Criminally negligent" means [criminal negligence as defined by] the same as
2989	that term is described in Subsection 76-2-103(4).
2990	[(b)] (ii) "Handheld wireless communication device" [has the same meaning as] means
2991	the same as that term is defined in Section 41-6a-1716.
2992	[(c)] (iii) "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle and includes any
2993	automobile, truck, van, motorcycle, train, engine, watercraft, or aircraft.
2994	[(d)] (iv) "Negligent" means simple negligence, the failure to exercise that degree of
2995	care that reasonable and prudent persons exercise under like or similar circumstances.
2996	[(2) Criminal homicide is automobile homicide, a third degree felony, if the person]
2997	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2998	(2) An actor commits automobile homicide if the actor:
2999	(a) operates a moving motor vehicle:
3000	(i) (A) in a negligent manner[:]; or
3001	(B) in a criminally negligent manner; and
3002	[(a)] (ii) while using a handheld wireless communication device in violation of Section
3003	41-6a-1716; and

3004	(b) [causing] causes the death of another [person] individual.
3005	[(3) Criminal homicide is automobile homicide, a second degree felony, if the person
3006	operates a moving motor vehicle in a criminally negligent manner:
3007	[(a) while using a handheld wireless communication device in violation of Section
3008	41-6a-1716; and]
3009	[(b) causing the death of another person.]
3010	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) is a third degree felony.
3011	(b) A violation of Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) is a second degree felony.
3012	Section 59. Section 76-5-208 is amended to read:
3013	76-5-208. Child abuse homicide Penalties.
3014	[(1) Criminal homicide constitutes child abuse homicide if, under circumstances not
3015	amounting to aggravated murder, as described in Section 76-5-202,
3016	(1) (a) As used in this section, "child abuse" means an offense described in Sections
3017	76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3, and 76-5-114.
3018	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3019	(2) Unless a violation amounts to aggravated murder as described in Section 76-5-202
3020	an actor commits child abuse homicide if:
3021	(a) (i) the actor causes the death of [a person under] another individual who is younger
3022	than 18 years [of age] old; and
3023	(ii) the individual's death results from child abuse[, as defined in Subsection
3024	76-5-109(1):]; and
3025	[(a) if] (b) (i) the child abuse is done recklessly under Subsection [$\frac{76-5-109(2)(b)}{2}$]
3026	<u>76-5-109.2(3)(b);</u>
3027	[(b) if] (ii) the child abuse is done with criminal negligence under Subsection
3028	$\left[\frac{76-5-109(2)(c)}{76-5-109.2(3)(c)}\right]$ or
3029	[(c) if,] (iii) under circumstances not amounting to the type of child abuse homicide
3030	described in Subsection $[(1)(a)]$ $(2)(b)(i)$, the child abuse is done intentionally, knowingly,
3031	recklessly, or with criminal negligence, under Subsection 76-5-109(3)(a), (b), or (c).
3032	[(2) Child abuse homicide as described in] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection [(1)(a)]
3033	(2)(b)(i) is a first degree felony.
3034	[(3) Child abuse homicide as described in Subsections (1)(b) and (c)

3035	(b) A violation of Subsection (2)(b)(ii) or (iii) is a second degree felony.
3036	Section 60. Section 76-5-209 is amended to read:
3037	76-5-209. Homicide by assault Penalty.
3038	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3039	[(1) A person] (2) An actor commits homicide by assault if, under circumstances not
3040	amounting to aggravated murder, murder, or manslaughter[, a person]:
3041	(a) the actor causes the death of another individual; and
3042	(b) the actor causes the other individual's death while intentionally or knowingly
3043	attempting, with unlawful force or violence, to do bodily injury to [another] the other
3044	individual.
3045	[(2)] (3) Homicide by assault is a third degree felony.
3046	Section 61. Section 76-5-301 is amended to read:
3047	76-5-301. Kidnapping.
3048	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3049	(i) "Against the will of an individual" includes without the consent of the legal
3050	guardian, caretaker, or custodian of an individual who is a dependent adult.
3051	(ii) "Dependent adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
3052	(iii) "Minor" means an individual who is 14 years old or older but younger than 18
3053	years old.
3054	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3055	[(1)] (2) An actor commits kidnapping if the actor intentionally or knowingly, without
3056	authority of law, and against the will of [the victim] an individual:
3057	(a) detains or restrains the [victim] individual for any substantial period of time;
3058	(b) detains or restrains the [victim] individual in circumstances exposing the [victim]
3059	individual to risk of bodily injury;
3060	(c) holds the [victim] individual in involuntary servitude;
3061	(d) detains or restrains a minor without the consent of the minor's parent or legal
3062	guardian or the consent of a person acting in loco parentis[, if the minor is 14 years of age or
3063	older but younger than 18 years of age]; or
3064	(e) moves the [victim] individual any substantial distance or across a state line.
3065	[(2) As used in this section, acting "against the will of the victim" includes acting

3066	without the consent of the legal guardian or custodian of a victim who is a mentally
3067	incompetent person.]
3068	(3) [Kidnapping] A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
3069	Section 62. Section 76-5-301.1 is amended to read:
3070	76-5-301.1. Child kidnapping.
3071	(1) (a) As used in this section, "child" means an individual under 14 years old.
3072	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3073	[(1)] (2) An actor commits child kidnapping if the actor intentionally or knowingly,
3074	without authority of law, and by any means and in any manner, seizes, confines, detains, or
3075	transports a child [under the age of 14] without the consent of the [victim's] child's parent or
3076	guardian, or the consent of a person acting in loco parentis.
3077	[(2) Violation of Section 76-5-303 is not a violation of this section.]
3078	(3) [Child kidnapping] A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony
3079	[punishable by a term of imprisonment of:].
3080	(4) An actor convicted of a violation of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment
3081	<u>of:</u>
3082	(a) except as provided in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) (b), $[(3)]$ (4) (c), or $[(4)]$ (5) , not less than
3083	15 years and which may be for life;
3084	(b) except as provided in Subsection [(3)] (4) (c) or [(4)] (5) , life without parole, if the
3085	trier of fact finds that during the course of the commission of the child kidnapping the
3086	[defendant] actor caused serious bodily injury to another; or
3087	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
3088	child kidnapping the [defendant] actor was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3089	[4] [5] If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection [3] $[4]$ (a) or (b), a court finds
3090	that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) (a) or (b) is in the interests of
3091	justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of
3092	imprisonment of not less than:
3093	(a) for purposes of Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) (b), 15 years and which may be for life; or
3094	(b) for purposes of Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) or (b):
3095	(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3096	(ii) six years and which may be for life.

3097	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (6) The provisions of Subsection $[\underbrace{(4)}]$ (5) do not apply when a person is
3098	sentenced under Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) (c).
3099	[(6)] (7) Subsections $[(3)]$ (4)(b) and $[(3)]$ (4)(c) do not apply if the defendant was
3100	younger than 18 years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3101	[(7)] (8) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section
3102	76-3-406.
3103	(9) A violation of Section 76-5-303 is not a violation of this section.
3104	Section 63. Section 76-5-302 is amended to read:
3105	76-5-302. Aggravated kidnapping.
3106	(1) (a) As used in this section, "in the course of committing unlawful detention or
3107	kidnapping" means in the course of committing, attempting to commit, or in the immediate
3108	flight after the attempt or commission of a violation of:
3109	(i) Section 76-5-301, kidnapping; or
3110	(ii) Section 76-5-304, unlawful detention.
3111	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3112	[(1)] (2) An actor commits aggravated kidnapping if the actor, in the course of
3113	committing unlawful detention or kidnapping:
3114	(a) uses or threatens to use a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601]; or
3115	(b) acts with the intent to:
3116	(i) [to] hold the victim for ransom or reward, [or] as a shield or hostage, or to compel a
3117	third person to engage in particular conduct or to forbear from engaging in particular conduct;
3118	(ii) [to] facilitate the commission, attempted commission, or flight after commission or
3119	attempted commission of a felony;
3120	(iii) [to] hinder or delay the discovery of or reporting of a felony;
3121	(iv) [to] inflict bodily injury on or to terrorize the victim or another individual;
3122	(v) [to] interfere with the performance of any governmental or political function; or
3123	(vi) [to] commit a sexual offense as described in Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
3124	Offenses.
3125	[(2) As used in this section, "in the course of committing unlawful detention or
3126	kidnapping" means in the course of committing, attempting to commit, or in the immediate
3127	flight after the attempt or commission of a violation of

3128	[(a) Section 76-5-301, kidnapping; or]
3129	[(b) Section 76-5-304, unlawful detention.]
3130	[(3) Aggravated kidnapping] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) in the course of
3131	committing unlawful detention is a third degree felony.
3132	[(4) Aggravated kidnapping] (b) A violation of Subsection (2) in the course of
3133	committing kidnapping is a first degree felony [punishable by a term of imprisonment of:].
3134	(4) An actor convicted of a violation of Subsection (3)(b) shall be sentenced to
3135	imprisonment of:
3136	(a) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), (4)(c), or (5), not less than 15 years and
3137	which may be for life;
3138	(b) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c) or (5), life without parole, if the trier of fact
3139	finds that during the course of the commission of the aggravated kidnapping the defendant
3140	caused serious bodily injury to the victim or another individual; or
3141	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
3142	aggravated kidnapping, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3143	(5) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (4)(a) or (b), a court finds that a
3144	lesser term than the term described in Subsection (4)(a) or (b) is in the interests of justice and
3145	states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment
3146	of not less than:
3147	(a) for purposes of Subsection (4)(b), 15 years and which may be for life; or
3148	(b) for purposes of Subsection (4)(a) or (b):
3149	(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3150	(ii) six years and which may be for life.
3151	(6) The provisions of Subsection (5) do not apply when a [person] defendant is
3152	sentenced under Subsection (4)(c).
3153	(7) Subsections (4)(b) and (c) do not apply if the [defendant] actor was younger than 18
3154	years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3155	(8) Imprisonment under Subsection (4) is mandatory in accordance with Section
3156	76-3-406.
3157	Section 64. Section 76-5-303 is amended to read:
3158	76-5-303. Custodial interference.

3159	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3160	[(a)] (i) "Child" means [a person] an individual under [the age of] 18 years old.
3161	[(b)] (ii) "Custody" means court-ordered physical custody entered by a court of
3162	competent jurisdiction.
3163	[(e)] (iii) "Visitation" means court-ordered parent-time or visitation entered by a court
3164	of competent jurisdiction.
3165	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3166	(2) (a) [A person] An actor who is entitled to custody of a child [is guilty of] commits
3167	custodial interference if, during a period of time when another [person] individual is entitled to
3168	visitation of the child, the [person] actor takes, entices, conceals, detains, or withholds the child
3169	from the [person] individual entitled to visitation of the child, with the intent to interfere with
3170	the visitation of the child.
3171	(b) [A person] An actor who is entitled to visitation of a child [is guilty of] commits
3172	custodial interference if, during a period of time when the [person] individual is not entitled to
3173	visitation of the child, the [person] actor takes, entices, conceals, detains, or withholds the child
3174	from [a person] an individual who is entitled to custody of the child, with the intent to interfere
3175	with the custody of the child.
3176	(3) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection (4) or (5), custodial interference] A violation
3177	of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
3178	[(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the actor described in Subsection (2) is
3179	guilty of]
3180	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a class A
3181	misdemeanor if the actor:
3182	[(a)] (i) commits custodial interference; and
3183	[(b)] (ii) has been convicted of custodial interference at least twice in the two-year
3184	period immediately preceding the day on which the commission of custodial interference
3185	described in Subsection $[\frac{(4)(a)}{(3)(b)(i)}]$ occurs.
3186	[(5) Custodial interference] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (b), a violation of
3187	Subsection (2) is a felony of the third degree if, during the course of the custodial interference,
3188	the actor [described in Subsection (2)] removes, causes the removal, or directs the removal of
3189	the child from the state.

3190	[(6)] (4) In addition to the affirmative defenses described in Section 76-5-305, it is an
3191	affirmative defense to the crime of custodial interference that:
3192	(a) the action is consented to by the [person] individual whose custody or visitation of
3193	the child was interfered with; or
3194	(b) (i) the action is based on a reasonable belief that the action is necessary to protect a
3195	child from abuse, including sexual abuse; and
3196	(ii) before engaging in the action, the [person] actor reports the [person's] actor's
3197	intention to engage in the action, and the basis for the belief described in Subsection $[(6)]$
3198	(4)(b)(i), to the Division of Child and Family Services or law enforcement.
3199	Section 65. Section 76-5-303.5 is amended to read:
3200	76-5-303.5. Notification of conviction of custodial interference.
3201	(1) As used in this section:
3202	(a) (i) "Convicted" means [that a person has received a conviction.] a conviction by
3203	plea or verdict or adjudication in juvenile court of a crime or offense.
3204	(ii) "Convicted" includes:
3205	(A) a plea of guilty or guilty and mentally ill;
3206	(B) a plea of no contest; and
3207	(C) the acceptance by the court of a plea in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas
3208	in Abeyance, regardless of whether the charge is subsequently reduced or dismissed in
3209	accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.
3210	[(b) "Conviction" is as defined in Section 53-3-102.]
3211	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3212	(2) If [a person] an individual is convicted of custodial interference under Section
3213	76-5-303, the court shall notify the Driver License Division, created in Section 53-3-103, of the
3214	conviction, and whether the conviction is for:
3215	(a) a class B misdemeanor, under Subsection 76-5-303(3)(a);
3216	(b) a class A misdemeanor, under Subsection 76-5-303[(4)](3)(b); or
3217	(c) a felony, under Subsection $76-5-303[(5)](3)(c)$.
3218	Section 66. Section 76-5-304 is amended to read:
3219	76-5-304. Unlawful detention and unlawful detention of a minor.
3220	(1) (a) As used in this section:

3221	(i) Acting "against the will of an individual" includes acting without the consent of the
3222	legal guardian, caretaker, or custodian of an individual who is:
3223	(A) a dependent adult; or
3224	(B) a minor who is 14 or 15 years old.
3225	(ii) "Dependent adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
3226	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3227	[(1)] (2) (a) An actor commits unlawful detention if the actor intentionally or
3228	knowingly, without authority of law, and against the will of [the victim] an individual, detains
3229	or restrains the [victim under circumstances not constituting a violation of:] individual.
3230	[(a) kidnapping, Section 76-5-301; or]
3231	[(b) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1.]
3232	[(2)] (b) An actor commits unlawful detention of a minor if the actor is at least four or
3233	more years older than the minor, and intentionally or knowingly, without authority of law, and
3234	against the will of the [victim] minor, coerces or exerts influence over the [victim] minor with
3235	the intent to cause the [victim] minor to remain with the actor for an unreasonable period of
3236	time under the circumstances[, and:].
3237	[(a) the act is under circumstances not constituting a violation of:]
3238	[(i) kidnapping, Section 76-5-301; or]
3239	[(ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1; and]
3240	[(b) the actor is at least four or more years older than the victim.]
3241	[(3) As used in this section, acting "against the will of the victim" includes acting
3242	without the consent of the legal guardian or custodian of a victim who is:]
3243	[(a) a mentally incompetent person; or]
3244	[(b) a minor who is 14 or 15 years of age.]
3245	[(4) Unlawful detention] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
3246	(4) If the conduct of the actor amounts to a violation under one of the following, the
3247	actor shall be charged with the violation and not under Subsection (2)(a) or (2)(b):
3248	(a) kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301; or
3249	(b) child kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301.1.
3250	Section 67. Section 76-5-305 is amended to read:
3251	76-5-305. Defenses.

3252	(1) It is a defense under this part that:
3253	(a) the actor was acting under a reasonable belief that:
3254	(i) the conduct was necessary to protect any [person] individual from imminent bodily
3255	injury or death; or
3256	(ii) the detention or restraint was authorized by law; or
3257	(b) the alleged victim is younger than 18 years [of age] old or is [mentally
3258	incompetent] a dependent adult, as defined in Section 76-5-111, and the actor was acting under
3259	a reasonable belief that the custodian, guardian, caretaker, legal guardian, custodial parent, or
3260	person acting in loco parentis to the victim would, if present, have consented to the actor's
3261	conduct.
3262	(2) Subsection (1)(b) may not be used as a defense to conduct described in Section
3263	76-5-308.5.
3264	Section 68. Section 76-5-307 is amended to read:
3265	76-5-307. Definitions.
3266	As used in Sections 76-5-308 through [76-5-310] <u>76-5-310.1</u> of this part:
3267	(1) "Child" means [a person] an individual younger than 18 years [of age] old.
3268	(2) "Commercial purpose" includes direct or indirect participation in or facilitation of
3269	the transportation of one or more [persons] individuals for the purpose of:
3270	(a) charging or obtaining a fee for the transportation; or
3271	(b) obtaining, exchanging, or receiving any thing or item of value or an attempt to
3272	conduct any of these activities.
3273	(3) "Facilitation" regarding transportation under Subsection (2) includes providing:
3274	(a) travel arrangement services;
3275	(b) payment for the costs of travel; or
3276	(c) property that would advance an act of transportation, including a vehicle or other
3277	means of transportation, a weapon, false identification, and making lodging available,
3278	including by rent, lease, or sale.
3279	(4) "Family member" means [a person's] an individual's parent, grandparent, sibling, or
3280	any other [person] individual related to the [person] individual by consanguinity or affinity to
3281	the second degree.
3282	Section 69. Section 76-5-308 is amended to read:

3283	76-5-308. Human trafficking for labor.
3284	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3285	[(1)] (2) An actor commits human trafficking for labor [or sexual exploitation] if the
3286	actor recruits, harbors, transports, obtains, patronizes, or solicits [a person] an individual for
3287	<u>labor</u> through the use of force, fraud, or coercion, which may include:
3288	(a) threatening serious harm to, or physical restraint against, that [person] individual or
3289	[a third person] another individual;
3290	(b) destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating, or possessing any passport,
3291	immigration document, or other government-issued identification document;
3292	(c) abusing or threatening abuse of the law or legal process against the [person or a
3293	third person] individual or another individual;
3294	(d) using a condition of [a person] an individual being a debtor due to a pledge of the
3295	[debtor's] individual's personal services or the personal services of [a person] an individual
3296	under the control of the debtor as a security for debt where the reasonable value of the services
3297	is not applied toward the liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those services are
3298	not respectively limited and defined;
3299	(e) using a condition of servitude by means of any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to
3300	cause [a person] an individual to believe that if the [person] individual did not enter into or
3301	continue in a condition of servitude, [that person or a third person] the individual or another
3302	<u>individual</u> would suffer serious harm or physical restraint, or would be threatened with abuse of
3303	legal process; or
3304	(f) creating or exploiting a relationship where the [person] individual is dependent [on]
3305	<u>upon</u> the actor.
3306	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
3307	[(2) (a)] (4) Human trafficking for labor includes any labor obtained through force,
3308	fraud, or coercion as described in Subsection $[(1)]$ (2).
3309	(5) This offense is a separate offense from any other crime committed in relationship to
3310	the commission of this offense.
3311	[(b) Human trafficking for sexual exploitation includes all forms of commercial sexual
3312	activity, which may include the following conduct when the person acts under force, fraud, or
3313	coercion as described in Subsection (1):]

3314	[(i) sexually explicit performance;]
3315	[(ii) prostitution;]
3316	[(iii) participation in the production of pornography;]
3317	[(iv) performance in strip clubs; and]
3318	[(v) exotic dancing or display.]
3319	[(3) A person commits human smuggling by transporting or procuring the
3320	transportation for one or more persons for a commercial purpose, knowing or having reason to
3321	know that the person or persons transported or to be transported are not:]
3322	[(a) citizens of the United States;]
3323	[(b) permanent resident aliens; or]
3324	[(c) otherwise lawfully in this state or entitled to be in this state.]
3325	Section 70. Section 76-5-308.1 is enacted to read:
3326	76-5-308.1. Human trafficking for sexual exploitation.
3327	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3328	(2) An actor commits human trafficking for sexual exploitation if the actor recruits,
3329	harbors, transports, obtains, patronizes, or solicits an individual for sexual exploitation through
3330	the use of force, fraud, or coercion, which may include:
3331	(a) threatening serious harm to, or physical restraint against, that individual or another
3332	individual;
3333	(b) destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating, or possessing any passport,
3334	immigration document, or other government-issued identification document;
3335	(c) abusing or threatening abuse of the law or legal process against the individual or
3336	another individual;
3337	(d) using a condition of an individual being a debtor due to a pledge of the individual's
3338	personal services or the personal services of an individual under the control of the debtor as a
3339	security for debt where the reasonable value of the services is not applied toward the
3340	liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those services are not respectively limited
3341	and defined;
3342	(e) using a condition of servitude by means of any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to
3343	cause an individual to believe that if the individual did not enter into or continue in a condition
3344	of servitude, the individual or another individual would suffer serious harm or physical

3345	restraint, or would be threatened with abuse of legal process; or
3346	(f) creating or exploiting a relationship where the individual is dependent upon the
3347	actor.
3348	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
3349	(4) Human trafficking for sexual exploitation includes all forms of commercial sexual
3350	activity, which may include the following conduct when the person acts under force, fraud, or
3351	coercion as described in Subsection (1):
3352	(a) sexually explicit performance;
3353	(b) prostitution;
3354	(c) participation in the production of pornography;
3355	(d) performance in strip clubs; and
3356	(e) exotic dancing or display.
3357	(5) This offense is a separate offense from any other crime committed in relationship to
3358	the commission of this offense.
3359	Section 71. Section 76-5-308.3 is enacted to read:
3360	76-5-308.3. Human smuggling Penalty.
3361	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3362	(2) An actor commits human smuggling if the actor transports or procures the
3363	transportation for one or more individuals for a commercial purpose, knowing or having reason
3364	to know that the individual or individuals transported or to be transported are not:
3365	(a) citizens of the United States;
3366	(b) permanent resident aliens; or
3367	(c) otherwise lawfully in this state or entitled to be in this state.
3368	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
3369	(4) This offense is a separate offense from any other crime committed in relationship to
3370	the commission of this offense.
3371	Section 72. Section 76-5-308.5 is amended to read:
3372	76-5-308.5. Human trafficking of a child Penalties.
3373	[(1) "Commercial] (1) (a) As used in this section, "commercial sexual activity with a
3374	child" means any sexual act with a child, [on account of] for which anything of value is given
3375	to or received by any person.

3376	(b) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3377	(2) An actor commits human trafficking of a child if the actor recruits, harbors,
3378	transports, obtains, patronizes, or solicits a child for sexual exploitation or forced labor.
3379	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony.
3380	[(3)] (4) (a) Human trafficking of a child for labor includes any labor obtained through
3381	force, fraud, [and] or coercion as described in Section 76-5-308.
3382	(b) Human trafficking of a child for sexual exploitation includes all forms of
3383	commercial sexual activity with a child, including sexually explicit performance, prostitution,
3384	participation in the production of pornography, performance in a strip club, and exotic dancing
3385	or display as described in Section 76-5-308.1.
3386	[(4) Human trafficking of a child in violation of this section is a first degree felony.]
3387	(5) This offense is a separate offense from any other crime committed in relationship to
3388	the commission of this offense.
3389	Section 73. Section 76-5-309 is amended to read:
3390	76-5-309. Benefitting from trafficking and human smuggling Penalties.
3391	[(1) Human trafficking for labor and human trafficking for sexual exploitation are each
3392	a second degree felony, except under Section 76-5-310.]
3393	[(2) Human smuggling under Section 76-5-308 of one or more persons is a second
3394	degree felony, except under Section 76-5-310.]
3395	[(3) Human trafficking for labor or for sexual exploitation, human trafficking of a
3396	child, and human smuggling are each a separate offense from any other crime committed in
3397	relationship to the commission of either of these offenses.]
3398	[(4) Under circumstances not amounting to aggravated sexual abuse of a child, a
3399	violation of Subsection 76-5-404.1(4)(h), a person who]
3400	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3401	(2) An actor is a party to the offense if the actor benefits, receives, or exchanges
3402	anything of value from knowing participation in:
3403	(a) human trafficking for labor [or for sexual exploitation] in violation of Section
3404	76-5-308 [is guilty of a second degree felony];
3405	(b) human smuggling [is guilty of a third degree felony; and] in violation of Section
3406	76-5-308.3;

3407	(c) human trafficking of a child [is guilty of a first degree felony.] in violation of
3408	Section 76-5-308.5; and
3409	(d) human trafficking for sexual exploitation in violation of Section 76-5-308.1.
3410	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) or (2)(d) is a second degree felony.
3411	(b) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) is a third degree felony.
3412	(c) A violation of Subsection (2)(c) is a first degree felony.
3413	[(5)] (4) [A person] An actor commits a separate offense of human trafficking, human
3414	trafficking of a child, or human smuggling for each [person] individual who is smuggled or
3415	trafficked under Section 76-5-308, <u>76-5-308.1</u> , <u>76-5-308.3</u> , <u>76-5-308.5</u> , [or] 76-5-310, or
3416	<u>76-5-310.1</u> .
3417	Section 74. Section 76-5-310 is amended to read:
3418	76-5-310. Aggravated human trafficking Penalties.
3419	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3420	[(1)] (2) An actor commits aggravated human trafficking for labor or sexual
3421	exploitation [or aggravated human smuggling] if, in the course of committing an offense under
3422	Section 76-5-308 or 76-5-308.1, the offense:
3423	(a) results in the death of [the] <u>a</u> trafficked [or smuggled person] <u>individual</u> ;
3424	(b) results in serious bodily injury of [the] a trafficked [or smuggled person] individual;
3425	(c) involves:
3426	(i) rape under Section 76-5-402;
3427	(ii) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;
3428	(iii) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
3429	(iv) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;
3430	(v) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
3431	(vi) sodomy on a child under Section 76-5-403.1;
3432	(vii) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section [76-5-404.1] 76-5-404.3 ; or
3433	(viii) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405;
3434	(d) involves the trafficking of 10 or more [victims] individuals; or
3435	(e) involves [a victim] an individual trafficked for longer than 30 consecutive days.
3436	[(2) An actor commits aggravated human smuggling if the actor commits human
3437	smuggling under Section 76-5-308 and any human being whom the person engages in

3438	smuggling is:]
3439	[(a) a child; and]
3440	[(b) not accompanied by a family member who is 18 years of age or older.]
3441	(3) [(a) Aggravated human trafficking] A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree
3442	felony.
3443	[(b) Aggravated human smuggling is a first degree felony.]
3444	[(c)] (4) Aggravated human trafficking [and aggravated human smuggling are each] is
3445	a separate offense from any other crime committed in relationship to the commission of [either
3446	of these offenses] the offense.
3447	Section 75. Section 76-5-310.1 is enacted to read:
3448	76-5-310.1. Aggravated human smuggling Penalties.
3449	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3450	(2) An actor commits aggravated human smuggling if, in the course of committing an
3451	offense under Section 76-5-308.3, the offense:
3452	(a) results in the death of a smuggled individual;
3453	(b) results in serious bodily injury to a smuggled individual;
3454	(c) involves the smuggling of a child and the child is not accompanied by a family
3455	member who is 18 years old or older;
3456	(d) involves:
3457	(i) rape under Section 76-5-402;
3458	(ii) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;
3459	(iii) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
3460	(iv) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;
3461	(v) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
3462	(vi) sodomy on a child under Section 76-5-403.1;
3463	(vii) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.1; or
3464	(viii) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405; or
3465	(e) involves the smuggling of 10 or more individuals.
3466	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony.
3467	(4) Aggravated human smuggling is a separate offense from any other crime committed
3468	in relationship to the offense.

3469	Section 76. Section 76-5-311 is amended to read:
3470	76-5-311. Human trafficking of a vulnerable adult Penalties.
3471	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3472	[(a)] (i) "Commercial sexual activity with a vulnerable adult" means any sexual act
3473	with a vulnerable adult for which anything of value is given to or received by any individual.
3474	[(b)] (ii) "Vulnerable adult" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
3475	76-5-111(1).
3476	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3477	(2) An actor commits human trafficking of a vulnerable adult if the actor:
3478	(a) recruits, harbors, transports, or obtains a vulnerable adult for sexual exploitation or
3479	forced labor; or
3480	(b) patronizes or solicits a vulnerable adult for sexual exploitation or forced labor when
3481	the actor knew or should have known of the victim's vulnerability.
3482	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony.
3483	[(3)] (4) (a) Human trafficking of a vulnerable adult for labor includes any labor
3484	obtained through force, fraud, or coercion as described in Section 76-5-308.
3485	(b) Human trafficking of a vulnerable adult for sexual exploitation includes all forms
3486	of commercial sexual activity with a vulnerable adult involving:
3487	(i) sexually explicit performances;
3488	(ii) prostitution;
3489	(iii) participation in the production of pornography;
3490	(iv) performance in a strip club; or
3491	(v) exotic dancing or display.
3492	[(4) Human trafficking of a vulnerable adult in violation of this section is a first degree
3493	felony.]
3494	Section 77. Section 76-5-401 is amended to read:
3495	76-5-401. Unlawful sexual activity with a minor Penalties Evidence of age
3496	raised by defendant Limitations.
3497	(1) (a) [For purposes of] As used in this section ["minor" is a person], "minor" means
3498	an individual who is 14 years [of age] old or older, but younger than 16 years [of age] old, at
3499	the time the sexual activity described in [this section] Subsection (2) occurred.

3500	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3501	(2) (a) [A person] Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in
3502	Subsection (4), an actor 18 years old or older commits unlawful sexual activity with a minor
3503	if[, under circumstances not amounting to rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402, object rape, in
3504	violation of Section 76-5-402.2, forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403, or
3505	aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405,] the actor:
3506	$[\frac{a}{a}]$ (i) has sexual intercourse with the minor;
3507	[(b)] (ii) engages in any sexual act with the minor involving the genitals of [one
3508	person] an individual and the mouth or anus of another [person, regardless of the sex of either
3509	participant] individual; or
3510	[(c)] (iii) causes the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of the
3511	minor by [any] a foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of the human
3512	body, with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any [person] individual or
3513	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any [person, regardless of the sex of any
3514	participant] individual.
3515	(b) Any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element of a
3516	violation of Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
3517	(3) (a) [Except under Subsection (3)(b) or (c), a] A violation of Subsection (2) is a
3518	third degree felony.
3519	(b) (i) [H] Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (c), if the defendant establishes by a
3520	preponderance of the evidence the mitigating factor that the defendant is less than four years
3521	older than the minor at the time the sexual activity occurred, the offense is a class B
3522	misdemeanor.
3523	(ii) An offense under [this] Subsection (3)(b)(i) is not subject to registration under
3524	Subsection 77-41-102(17)(a)(vii).
3525	(c) (i) [H] Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the defendant establishes by a
3526	preponderance of the evidence the mitigating factor that the defendant was younger than 21
3527	years old at the time the sexual activity occurred, the offense is a class A misdemeanor.
3528	$\underline{\text{(ii)}}$ An offense under [this] Subsection (3)(c)($\underline{\text{(i)}}$ is not subject to registration under
3529	Subsection 77-41-102(17)(a)(vii).
3530	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:

3531	(a) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3532	(b) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3533	(c) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
3534	(d) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or
3535	(e) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (4)(d).
3536	Section 78. Section 76-5-401.1 is amended to read:
3537	76-5-401.1. Sexual abuse of a minor Penalties Limitations.
3538	[(1) For purposes of this section "minor" is]
3539	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3540	(i) "Indecent liberties" means:
3541	(A) the actor touching another individual's genitals, anus, buttocks, pubic area, or
3542	female breast;
3543	(B) causing any part of an individual's body to touch the actor's or another's genitals,
3544	pubic area, anus, buttocks, or female breast;
3545	(C) simulating or pretending to engage in sexual intercourse with another individual,
3546	including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or oral-anal intercourse; or
3547	(D) causing an individual to simulate or pretend to engage in sexual intercourse with
3548	the actor or another, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or oral-anal
3549	intercourse.
3550	(ii) "Minor means an individual who is 14 years [of age] old or older, but younger than
3551	16 years [of age] old, at the time the sexual activity described in [this section] Subsection (2)
3552	occurred.
3553	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3554	(2) (a) [An individual] Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in
3555	Subsection (4), an actor commits sexual abuse of a minor if the [individual] actor:
3556	(i) is four years or more older than the minor; and [, under circumstances not amounting
3557	to rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402, object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2,
3558	forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403, aggravated sexual assault, in violation of
3559	Section 76-5-405, unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401, or an
3560	attempt to commit any of those offenses, the individual]
3561	(ii) with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual, or

3562	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
3563	(A) touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of the minor[, or];
3564	(B) touches the breast of a female minor[7]; or
3565	(C) otherwise takes indecent liberties with the minor[, with the intent to cause
3566	substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to arouse or gratify the
3567	sexual desire of any individual regardless of the sex of any participant.].
3568	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
3569	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3570	(3) A violation of [this section is] Subsection (2)(a) is:
3571	(a) a class A misdemeanor; and
3572	(b) is not subject to registration under Subsection 77-41-102(17)(a)(viii) on a first
3573	offense if the offender was younger than 21 years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3574	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:
3575	(a) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401;
3576	(b) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3577	(c) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3578	(d) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
3579	(e) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or
3580	(f) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (e).
3581	Section 79. Section 76-5-401.2 is amended to read:
3582	76-5-401.2. Unlawful sexual conduct with a 16- or 17-year-old Penalties
3583	Limitations.
3584	(1) (a) As used in this section[, "minor"]:
3585	(i) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
3586	(ii) "Minor" means an individual who is 16 years [of age] old or older, but younger
3587	than 18 years [of age] old, at the time the sexual conduct described in Subsection (2) occurred.
3588	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3589	(2) (a) [An individual] Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in
3590	Subsection (4), an actor commits unlawful sexual conduct with a minor if[, under
3591	circumstances not amounting to an offense listed under Subsection (3), an individual who is]
3592	the actor:

3593	(i) (A) is seven or more years older but less than 10 years older than the minor at the
3594	time of the sexual conduct;
3595	(B) engages in any conduct listed in Subsection (2)(b)[, and the individual]; and
3596	(C) knew or reasonably should have known the age of the minor; or
3597	(ii) (A) is 10 or more years older than the minor at the time of the sexual conduct; and
3598	(B) engages in any conduct listed in Subsection (2)(b).
3599	(b) As used in Subsection (2)(a), "sexual conduct" refers to when the [individual]
3600	actor:
3601	(i) has sexual intercourse with the minor;
3602	(ii) engages in any sexual act with the minor involving the genitals of one individual
3603	and the mouth or anus of another individual[, regardless of the sex of either participant];
3604	(iii) (A) causes the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of the
3605	minor by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of the human
3606	body[,]; and
3607	(B) causes the penetration with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain
3608	to any individual or with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual[;
3609	regardless of the sex of any participant]; or
3610	(iv) with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or
3611	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
3612	(A) touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of the minor[, or];
3613	(B) touches the breast of a female minor[;]; or
3614	(C) otherwise takes indecent liberties with the minor[, with the intent to cause
3615	substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to arouse or gratify the
3616	sexual desire of any individual regardless of the sex of any participant].
3617	[(3) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2) are:]
3618	[(a) (i) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;]
3619	[(ii) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;]
3620	[(iii) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;]
3621	[(iv) forcible sexual abuse, in violation of Section 76-5-404; or]
3622	[(v) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or]
3623	[(b) an attempt to commit any offense under Subsection (3)(a).]

3624	(c) (i) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute
3625	the relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3626	(ii) Any penetration, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element
3627	under Subsection (2)(b)(i).
3628	(iii) Any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element under
3629	Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
3630	[(4)] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a third degree felony.
3631	[(5)] (b) A violation of Subsection (2)(b)(iv) is a class A misdemeanor.
3632	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:
3633	(a) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3634	(b) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3635	(c) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
3636	(d) forcible sexual abuse, in violation of Section 76-5-404;
3637	(e) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or
3638	(f) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (e).
3639	Section 80. Section 76-5-401.3 is amended to read:
3640	76-5-401.3. Unlawful adolescent sexual activity Penalties Limitations.
3641	(1) (a) As used in this section[: (a) "Adolescent"], "adolescent" means an individual in
3642	the transitional phase of human physical and psychological growth and development between
3643	childhood and adulthood who is 12 years old or older, but [under] younger than 18 years old.
3644	[(b) "Unlawful adolescent sexual activity" means sexual activity between adolescents
3645	under circumstances not amounting to:]
3646	[(i) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;]
3647	[(ii) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;]
3648	[(iii) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;]
3649	[(iv) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;]
3650	[(v) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;]
3651	[(vi) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1;]
3652	[(vii) sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404;]
3653	[(viii) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or]
3654	[(ix) incest, in violation of Section 76-7-102.]

3655	[(2) Unlawful adolescent sexual activity is punishable as a:]
3656	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3657	(2) Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in Subsection (4), an actor
3658	commits unlawful sexual activity if the actor:
3659	(a) is an adolescent; and
3660	(b) has sexual activity with another adolescent.
3661	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a:
3662	(a) third degree felony if an [adolescent] actor who is 17 years old engages in unlawful
3663	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 or 13 years old;
3664	(b) third degree felony if an [adolescent] actor who is 16 years old engages in unlawful
3665	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 years old;
3666	(c) class A misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 16 years old engages in
3667	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old;
3668	(d) class A misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 14 or 15 years old engages in
3669	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 years old;
3670	(e) class B misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 17 years old engages in
3671	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 14 years old;
3672	(f) class B misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 15 years old engages in
3673	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old;
3674	(g) class C misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 12 or 13 years old engages in
3675	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 or 13 years old; and
3676	(h) class C misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 14 years old engages in
3677	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old.
3678	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2) are:
3679	(a) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3680	(b) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;
3681	(c) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3682	(d) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;
3683	(e) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
3684	(f) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1;
3685	(g) sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404;

3686	(h) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405;
3687	(i) incest, in violation of Section 76-7-102; or
3688	(j) an attempt to commit any offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (4)(i).
3689	[(3)] (5) An offense under this section is not eligible for a nonjudicial adjustment under
3690	Section 80-6-304 or a referral to a youth court under Section 80-6-902.
3691	[(4)] (6) Except for an offense that is transferred to a district court by the juvenile court
3692	in accordance with Section 80-6-504, the district court may enter any sentence or combination
3693	of sentences that would have been available in juvenile court but for the delayed reporting or
3694	delayed filing of the information in the district court.
3695	[(5)] (7) An offense under this section is not subject to registration under Subsection
3696	77-41-102(17).
3697	Section 81. Section 76-5-402 is amended to read:
3698	76-5-402. Rape Penalties.
3699	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3700	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits rape [when] if the actor has sexual intercourse
3701	with another [person] individual without [the victim's] the individual's consent.
3702	(b) Any sexual penetration, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant
3703	element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3704	[(2)] (c) This section applies whether or not the actor is married to the [victim]
3705	individual.
3706	(3) [Rape] A violation of Subsection (2) is a felony of the first degree, punishable by a
3707	term of imprisonment of:
3708	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) or (c), not less than five years and which
3709	may be for life;
3710	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (4), 15 years and which may be for life,
3711	if the trier of fact finds that:
3712	(i) during the course of the commission of the rape the defendant caused serious bodily
3713	injury to [another] the victim; or
3714	(ii) at the time of the commission of the rape, the defendant was younger than 18 years
3715	[of age] old and was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense; or
3716	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the

- 3717 rape the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense. 3718 (4) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (3)(b), a court finds that a lesser 3719 term than the term described in Subsection (3)(b) is in the interests of justice and states the 3720 reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment of not less 3721 than: 3722 (a) 10 years and which may be for life; or 3723 (b) six years and which may be for life. (5) The provisions of Subsection (4) do not apply when a [person] defendant is 3724 3725 sentenced under Subsection (3)(a) or (c). 3726 (6) Imprisonment under Subsection (3)(b), (3)(c), or (4) is mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406. 3727 3728 Section 82. Section **76-5-402.1** is amended to read: 76-5-402.1. Rape of a child -- Penalties. 3729 (1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section. 3730 3731 [(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits rape of a child [when the person] if the actor has sexual intercourse with [a child] an individual who is [under the age of 14.] younger than 3732 3733 14 years old. 3734 (b) Any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element of a 3735 violation of Subsection (2)(a). [(2) Rape of a child] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony 3736 punishable by a term of imprisonment of: 3737 3738 (a) except as provided in Subsections $\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)(b)}\right]$ (5), not less than 25 years 3739 and which may be for life; or 3740 (b) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that: (i) during the course of the commission of the rape of a child, the defendant caused 3741 3742 serious bodily injury to [another] the victim; or 3743 (ii) at the time of the commission of the rape of a child the defendant was previously 3744 convicted of a grievous sexual offense. 3745
- 3745 [(3)] (4) Subsection [(2)] (3)(b) does not apply if the defendant was younger than 18 years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
- 3747 [(4)] (5) (a) When imposing a sentence under [Subsection (2)] Subsections (3)(a) and

3748	[(4)] (5) (b), a court may impose a term of imprisonment under Subsection $[(4)]$ (5) (b) if:
3749	(i) it is a first time offense for the defendant under this section;
3750	(ii) the defendant was younger than 21 years [of age] old at the time of the offense; and
3751	(iii) the court finds that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection [(2)] (3)(a)
3752	is in the interests of justice under the facts and circumstances of the case, including the age of
3753	the victim, and states the reasons for this finding on the record.
3754	(b) If the conditions of Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(a) are met, the court may impose a term of
3755	imprisonment of not less than:
3756	(i) 15 years and which may be for life;
3757	(ii) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3758	(iii) six years and which may be for life.
3759	[(5)] (6) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section
3760	76-3-406.
3761	Section 83. Section 76-5-402.2 is amended to read:
3762	76-5-402.2. Object rape Penalties.
3763	[(1) A person who, without the victim's consent, causes the penetration, however
3764	slight, of the genital or anal opening of another person who is 14 years of age or older, by any
3765	foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of the human body other than
3766	the mouth or genitals, with intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to the victim or
3767	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person, commits an offense which]
3768	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3769	(2) An actor commits object rape if:
3770	(a) the actor:
3771	(i) acts without an individual's consent;
3772	(ii) causes the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of the
3773	individual by:
3774	(A) a foreign object;
3775	(B) a substance;
3776	(C) an instrument;
3777	(D) a device; or
3778	(E) a part of the human body other than the mouth or genitals; and

3779	(iii) (A) intends to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to the individual; or
3780	(B) intends to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual; and
3781	(b) the individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) is 14 years old or older.
3782	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony, punishable by a term of
3783	imprisonment of:
3784	(a) except as provided in Subsection [(1)] (3) (b) or (c), not less than five years and
3785	which may be for life;
3786	(b) except as provided in Subsection [(1)] (3)(c) or [(2)] (4), 15 years and which may
3787	be for life, if the trier of fact finds that:
3788	(i) during the course of the commission of the object rape the defendant caused serious
3789	bodily injury to [another] the victim; or
3790	(ii) at the time of the commission of the object rape, the defendant was younger than 18
3791	years [of age] old and was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense; or
3792	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
3793	object rape, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3794	[(2)] (4) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection $[(1)]$ (3)(b), a court finds that a
3795	lesser term than the term described in Subsection [(1)] (3) (b) is in the interests of justice and
3796	states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment
3797	of not less than:
3798	(a) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3799	(b) six years and which may be for life.
3800	[(3)] (5) The provisions of Subsection $[(2)]$ (4) do not apply $[(3)]$ when a person $[(3)]$ if $[(3)]$
3801	<u>defendant</u> is sentenced under Subsection [(1)] (3) (a) or (c).
3802	[(4)] (6) Imprisonment under Subsection $[(1)(b), (1)(c), or (2)]$ (3)(b), (3)(c), or (4) is
3803	mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406.
3804	Section 84. Section 76-5-402.3 is amended to read:
3805	76-5-402.3. Object rape of a child Penalty.
3806	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3807	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits object rape of a child [when the person] if:
3808	(i) the actor causes the penetration or touching, however slight, of the genital or anal
3809	opening [of a child who is under the age of 14 by any] of the individual by, except as provided

3810	in Subsection (2)(b):
3811	(A) a foreign object[-];
3812	(B) a substance[;];
3813	(C) an instrument[-]; or
3814	(D) a device[, not including a part of the human body, with intent];
3815	(ii) the actor:
3816	(A) intends to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to the [child] individual; or
3817	[with the intent]
3818	(B) intends to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any [person.] individual; and
3819	(iii) the individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) is younger than 14 years old.
3820	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not include penetration or touching by a part of the human
3821	<u>body.</u>
3822	[(2) Object rape of a child] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony
3823	punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
3824	[(a)] (i) except as provided in Subsections $[(2)(b)]$ $(3)(a)(ii)$ and (4) , not less than 25
3825	years and which may be for life; or
3826	[(b)] (ii) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that:
3827	[(i)] (A) during the course of the commission of the object rape of a child the defendant
3828	caused serious bodily injury to [another] the victim; or
3829	[(ii)] (B) at the time of the commission of the object rape of a child the defendant was
3830	previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3831	[(3)] (b) Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ (3)(a)(ii) does not apply if the defendant was younger than
3832	18 years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3833	(4) (a) When imposing a sentence under [Subsection (2)(a)] Subsections (3)(a)(i) and
3834	(4)(b), a court may impose a term of imprisonment under Subsection (4)(b) if:
3835	(i) it is a first time offense for the defendant under this section;
3836	(ii) the defendant was younger than 21 years [of age] old at the time of the offense; and
3837	(iii) the court finds that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)}{a}]$
3838	(3)(a)(i) is in the interests of justice under the facts and circumstances of the case, including the
3839	age of the victim, and states the reasons for this finding on the record.
3840	(b) If the conditions of Subsection (4)(a) are met, the court may impose a term of

3641	imprisonment of not less than:
3842	(i) 15 years and which may be for life;
3843	(ii) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3844	(iii) six years and which may be for life.
3845	(5) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406.
3846	Section 85. Section 76-5-403 is amended to read:
3847	76-5-403. Forcible sodomy Penalties.
3848	(1) (a) As used in this section, "sodomy" means engaging in any sexual act with an
3849	individual who is 14 years [of age] old or older involving the genitals of one individual and the
3850	mouth or anus of another individual[, regardless of the sex of either participant].
3851	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3852	(2) (a) An [individual] actor commits forcible sodomy when the actor commits sodomy
3853	upon another individual without the [other's] other individual's consent.
3854	(b) Any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element of a
3855	violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3856	(3) [Forcible sodomy] A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony, punishable
3857	by a term of imprisonment of:
3858	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) or (c), not less than five years and which
3859	may be for life;
3860	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (4), 15 years and which may be for life,
3861	if the trier of fact finds that:
3862	(i) during the course of the commission of the forcible sodomy the defendant caused
3863	serious bodily injury to [another] the victim; or
3864	(ii) at the time of the commission of the rape, the defendant was younger than 18 years
3865	[of age] old and was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense; or
3866	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
3867	forcible sodomy the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3868	(4) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (3)(b), a court finds that a lesser
3869	term than the term described in Subsection (3)(b) is in the interests of justice and states the
3870	reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment of not less
3871	than:

3872	(a) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3873	(b) six years and which may be for life.
3874	(5) The provisions of Subsection (4) do not apply when [an individual] a defendant is
3875	sentenced under Subsection (3)(a) or (c).
3876	(6) Imprisonment under Subsection (3)(b), (3)(c), or (4) is mandatory in accordance
3877	with Section 76-3-406.
3878	Section 86. Section 76-5-403.1 is amended to read:
3879	76-5-403.1. Sodomy on a child Penalties.
3880	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3881	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits sodomy [upon] on a child if:
3882	(i) the actor engages in any sexual act upon or with [a child who is under the age of 14
3883	involving] another individual;
3884	(ii) the individual is younger than 14 years old; and
3885	(iii) the sexual act involves the genitals or anus of the actor or the [child] individual
3886	and the mouth or anus of either [person, regardless of the sex of either participant.] the actor of
3887	individual.
3888	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
3889	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3890	[(2) Sodomy upon a child] (3) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) is a first degree felony
3891	punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
3892	(a) except as provided in Subsections $[(2)]$ (3) (b) and $[(4)]$ (5) , not less than 25 years
3893	and which may be for life; or
3894	(b) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that:
3895	(i) during the course of the commission of the sodomy [upon] on a child the defendant
3896	caused serious bodily injury to [another] the victim; or
3897	(ii) at the time of the commission of the sodomy [upon] on a child, the defendant was
3898	previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3899	[(3)] (4) Subsection $[(2)]$ (3)(b) does not apply if the defendant was younger than 18
3900	years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3901	[4) (a) When imposing a sentence under [Subsection (2)] Subsections (3)(a) and
3902	[(4)] (5)(b), a court may impose a term of imprisonment under Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(b) if:

3903	(i) it is a first time offense for the defendant under this section;
3904	(ii) the defendant was younger than 21 years [of age] old at the time of the offense; and
3905	(iii) the court finds that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection [(2)] (3)(a)
3906	is in the interests of justice under the facts and circumstances of the case, including the age of
3907	the victim, and states the reasons for this finding on the record.
3908	(b) If the conditions of Subsection $[(4)]$ (5) (a) are met, the court may impose a term of
3909	imprisonment of not less than:
3910	(i) 15 years and which may be for life;
3911	(ii) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3912	(iii) six years and which may be for life.
3913	[(5)] (6) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section
3914	76-3-406.
3915	Section 87. Section 76-5-404 is amended to read:
3916	76-5-404. Forcible sexual abuse Penalties Limitations.
3917	(1) (a) As used in this section, "indecent liberties" means the same as that term is
3918	defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
3919	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3920	[(1) An individual] (2) (a) Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in
3921	Subsection (4), an actor commits forcible sexual abuse if [the victim is 14 years of age or older
3922	and, under circumstances not amounting to rape, object rape, forcible sodomy, or attempted
3923	rape or forcible sodomy,]:
3924	(i) without the consent of the individual, the actor:
3925	(A) touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of [another, or]
3926	another individual;
3927	(B) touches the breast of $[a]$ another individual who is female $[a]$; or
3928	(C) otherwise takes indecent liberties with [another, with intent to] another individual;
3929	(ii) the actor intends to:
3930	(A) cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual [or with the intent to];
3931	<u>or</u>
3932	(B) arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual[, without the consent of the
3933	other, regardless of the sex of any participant.]: and

3934	[(2) Forcible sexual abuse is:]
3935	[(a) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b),]
3936	(iii) the individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), (B), or (C) is 14 years old or
3937	older.
3938	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
3939	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3940	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a felony of the second degree, punishable by a
3941	term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than 15 years[; or (b) except as
3942	provided in Subsection (3),].
3943	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and except as provided in Subsection
3944	(3)(b)(ii), a violation of Subsection (2) is a felony of the first degree, punishable by a term of
3945	imprisonment for 15 years and which may be for life, if the trier of fact finds that during the
3946	course of the commission of the forcible sexual abuse the defendant caused serious bodily
3947	injury to [another] the victim.
3948	[(3)] (ii) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ (3)(b)(i), a court finds
3949	that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ $(3)(b)(i)$ is in the interests of
3950	justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of
3951	imprisonment of not less than:
3952	[(a)] (A) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3953	[(b)] (B) six years and which may be for life.
3954	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:
3955	(a) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3956	(b) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3957	(c) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403; or
3958	(d) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (4)(c).
3959	[(4)] (5) Imprisonment under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3)(b) or $[(3)]$ (4) is mandatory in
3960	accordance with Section 76-3-406.
3961	Section 88. Section 76-5-404.1 is amended to read:
3962	76-5-404.1. Sexual abuse of a child Penalties Limitations.
3963	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3964	[(a)] (i) "Adult" means an individual 18 years [of age] old or older.

```
3965
                [(b)] (ii) "Child" means an individual [under the age of 14.] younger than 14 years old.
3966
                (iii) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
                [(c)] (iv) "Position of special trust" means:
3967
3968
                [(i)] (A) an adoptive parent;
3969
                [(ii)] (B) an athletic manager who is an adult;
3970
                [<del>(iii)</del>] (C) an aunt;
3971
                [(iv)] (D) a babysitter;
3972
                [(v)] (E) a coach;
3973
                [<del>(vi)</del>] (F) a cohabitant of a parent if the cohabitant is an adult;
3974
                [(vii)] (G) a counselor;
3975
                [(viii)] (H) a doctor or physician;
3976
                [(ix)] (I) an employer;
3977
                [(x)] (J) a foster parent;
3978
                [(xi)] (K) a grandparent;
3979
                [(xii)] (L) a legal guardian;
3980
                [(xiii)] (M) a natural parent;
                [(xiv)] (N) a recreational leader who is an adult;
3981
3982
                [(xv)] (O) a religious leader;
3983
                [(xvi)] (P) a sibling or a stepsibling who is an adult;
3984
                [(xvii)] (Q) a scout leader who is an adult;
3985
                [(xviii)] (R) a stepparent;
3986
                (xix) (S) a teacher or any other individual employed by or volunteering at a public or
3987
         private elementary school or secondary school, and who is 18 years [of age] old or older;
3988
                [(xx)] (T) an instructor, professor, or teaching assistant at a public or private institution
3989
         of higher education;
3990
                [(xxi)] (U) an uncle;
3991
                [(xxii)] (V) a youth leader who is an adult; or
3992
                [(xxiii)] (W) any individual in a position of authority, other than those individuals
3993
         listed in Subsections [(1)(c)(i)] through (xxiii) (1)(a)(iv)(A) through (V), which enables the
3994
         individual to exercise undue influence over the child.
3995
                (b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
```

3996	[(2) An individual] (2) (a) Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in
3997	Subsection (4), an actor commits sexual abuse of a child if[, under circumstances not
3998	amounting to rape of a child, object rape of a child, sodomy on a child, or an attempt to commit
3999	any of these offenses,] the actor:
4000	(i) (A) touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or genitalia of any child[-,];
4001	(B) touches the breast of a female child[-;]; or
4002	(C) otherwise takes indecent liberties with a child[, with intent to]; and
4003	(ii) the actor's conduct is with intent to:
4004	(A) cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual; or [with the intent]
4005	(B) to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual [regardless of the sex of any
4006	participant].
4007	[(3) Sexual abuse of a child is a second degree felony.]
4008	[(4) An individual commits aggravated sexual abuse of a child when in conjunction
4009	with the offense described in Subsection (2) any of the following circumstances have been
4010	charged and admitted or found true in the action for the offense:
4011	[(a) the offense was committed by the use of a dangerous weapon as defined in Section
4012	76-1-601, or by force, duress, violence, intimidation, coercion, menace, or threat of harm, or
4013	was committed during the course of a kidnapping;
4014	[(b) the accused caused bodily injury or severe psychological injury to the victim
4015	during or as a result of the offense;]
4016	[(c) the accused was a stranger to the victim or made friends with the victim for the
4017	purpose of committing the offense;]
4018	[(d) the accused used, showed, or displayed pornography or caused the victim to be
4019	photographed in a lewd condition during the course of the offense;]
4020	[(e) the accused, prior to sentencing for this offense, was previously convicted of any
4021	sexual offense;]
4022	[(f) the accused committed the same or similar sexual act upon two or more victims at
4023	the same time or during the same course of conduct;]
4024	[(g) the accused committed, in Utah or elsewhere, more than five separate acts, which
4025	if committed in Utah would constitute an offense described in this chapter, and were
4026	committed at the same time, or during the same course of conduct, or before or after the instant

4027	offense;
4028	[(h) the offense was committed by an individual who occupied a position of special
4029	trust in relation to the victim;]
4030	[(i) the accused encouraged, aided, allowed, or benefitted from acts of prostitution or
4031	sexual acts by the victim with any other individual, or sexual performance by the victim before
4032	any other individual, human trafficking, or human smuggling; or]
4033	[(j) the accused caused the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening
4034	of the child by any part or parts of the human body other than the genitals or mouth.]
4035	[(5) Aggravated sexual abuse of a child is a first degree felony punishable by a term of
4036	imprisonment of:]
4037	[(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), (5)(c), or (6), not less than 15 years and
4038	which may be for life;]
4039	[(b) except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (6), life without parole, if the trier of
4040	fact finds that during the course of the commission of the aggravated sexual abuse of a child
4041	the defendant caused serious bodily injury to another; or]
4042	[(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of
4043	the aggravated sexual abuse of a child, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous
4044	sexual offense.]
4045	[(6) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (5)(a) or (b), a court finds that a
4046	lesser term than the term described in Subsection (5)(a) or (b) is in the interests of justice and
4047	states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment
4048	of not less than:]
4049	[(a) for purposes of Subsection (5)(b), 15 years and which may be for life; or]
4050	[(b) for purposes of Subsection (5)(a) or (b):]
4051	[(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or]
4052	[(ii) six years and which may be for life.]
4053	[(7) The provisions of Subsection (6) do not apply when an individual is sentenced
4054	under Subsection (5)(c).]
4055	[(8) Subsections (5)(b) and (5)(c) do not apply if the defendant was younger than 18
4056	years of age at the time of the offense.]
4057	[(9) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section

4058	76-3-406.]
4059	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
4060	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
4061	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
4062	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:
4063	(a) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;
4064	(b) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;
4065	(c) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1; or
4066	(d) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (4)(c).
4067	(5) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406.
4068	Section 89. Section 76-5-404.3 is enacted to read:
4069	76-5-404.3. Aggravated sexual abuse of a child Penalties.
4070	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4071	(i) "Adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-4-404.1.
4072	(ii) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-4-404.1.
4073	(iii) "Position of special trust" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4074	<u>76-4-404.1.</u>
4075	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4076	(2) (a) An actor commits aggravated sexual abuse of a child if, in conjunction with the
4077	offense described in Subsection 76-4-404.1(2)(a), any of the following circumstances have
4078	been charged and admitted or found true in the action for the offense:
4079	(i) the actor committed the offense:
4080	(A) by the use of a dangerous weapon;
4081	(B) by force, duress, violence, intimidation, coercion, menace, or threat of harm; or
4082	(C) during the course of a kidnaping;
4083	(ii) the actor caused bodily injury or severe psychological injury to the child during or
4084	as a result of the offense;
4085	(iii) the actor was a stranger to the child or made friends with the child for the purpose
4086	of committing the offense;
4087	(iv) the actor used, showed, or displayed pornography or caused the child to be
4088	photographed in a lewd condition during the course of the offense:

4089	(v) the actor, prior to sentencing for this offense, was previously convicted of any
4090	sexual offense;
4091	(vi) the actor committed the same or similar sexual act upon two or more individuals at
4092	the same time or during the same course of conduct;
4093	(vii) the actor committed, in Utah or elsewhere, more than five separate acts, which if
4094	committed in Utah would constitute an offense described in this chapter, and were committed
4095	at the same time, or during the same course of conduct, or before or after the instant offense;
4096	(viii) the actor occupied a position of special trust in relation to the child;
4097	(ix) the actor encouraged, aided, allowed, or benefitted from acts of prostitution or
4098	sexual acts by the child with any other individual, sexual performance by the child before any
4099	other individual, human trafficking, or human smuggling; or
4100	(x) the actor caused the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of
4101	the child by any part or parts of the human body other than the genitals or mouth.
4102	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
4103	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
4104	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (6), a violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree
4105	felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
4106	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), (3)(c), or (4), not less than 15 years and
4107	which may be for life;
4108	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (4), life without parole, if the trier of fact
4109	finds that during the course of the commission of the aggravated sexual abuse of a child the
4110	defendant caused serious bodily injury to another; or
4111	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
4112	aggravated sexual abuse of a child, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous
4113	sexual offense.
4114	(4) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (3)(a) or (b), a court finds that a
4115	lesser term than the term described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) is in the interests of justice and
4116	states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment
4117	of not less than:
4118	(a) for purposes of Subsection (3)(b), 15 years and which may be for life; or
4119	(b) for purposes of Subsection (3)(a) or (b):

4120	(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or
4121	(ii) six years and which may be for life.
4122	(5) The provisions of Subsection (4) do not apply if a defendant is sentenced under
4123	Subsection (3)(c).
4124	(6) Subsection (3)(b) or (3)(c) does not apply if the defendant was younger than 18
4125	years old at the time of the offense.
4126	(7) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406.
4127	Section 90. Section 76-5-405 is amended to read:
4128	76-5-405. Aggravated sexual assault Penalty.
4129	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4130	[(1) A person] (2) An actor commits aggravated sexual assault if:
4131	(a) in the course of a rape, object rape, forcible sodomy, or forcible sexual abuse, the
4132	actor:
4133	(i) uses, or threatens [the victim] another individual with the use of, a dangerous
4134	weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601];
4135	(ii) compels, or attempts to compel, [the victim] another individual to submit to rape,
4136	object rape, forcible sodomy, or forcible sexual abuse, by threat of kidnaping, death, or serious
4137	bodily injury to be inflicted imminently on any [person] individual; or
4138	(iii) is aided or abetted by one or more persons;
4139	(b) in the course of an attempted rape, attempted object rape, or attempted forcible
4140	sodomy, the actor:
4141	(i) causes serious bodily injury to any [person] individual;
4142	(ii) uses, or threatens [the victim] the individual with the use of[;] a dangerous weapon
4143	[as defined in Section 76-1-601];
4144	(iii) attempts to compel [the victim] the individual to submit to rape, object rape, or
4145	forcible sodomy, by threat of kidnaping, death, or serious bodily injury to be inflicted
4146	imminently on any [person] individual; or
4147	(iv) is aided or abetted by one or more persons; or
4148	(c) in the course of an attempted forcible sexual abuse, the actor:
4149	(i) causes serious bodily injury to any [person] individual;
4150	(ii) uses, or threatens the [victim] individual with the use of[;] a dangerous weapon [as

4151	defined in Section 76-1-601];
4152	(iii) attempts to compel the [victim] individual to submit to forcible sexual abuse, by
4153	threat of kidnaping, death, or serious bodily injury to be inflicted imminently on any [person]
4154	individual; or
4155	(iv) is aided or abetted by one or more persons.
4156	[(2) Aggravated sexual assault] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree
4157	felony, punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
4158	(a) for an aggravated sexual assault described in Subsection [(1)] (2)(a):
4159	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3) (a)(ii) or [(3)] (4) (a), not less than 15 years
4160	and which may be for life; or
4161	(ii) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
4162	aggravated sexual assault, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense;
4163	(b) for an aggravated sexual assault described in Subsection [(1)] (2)(b):
4164	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3)(b)(ii) or [(4)] (5)(a), not less than 10
4165	years and which may be for life; or
4166	(ii) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
4167	aggravated sexual assault, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense;
4168	or
4169	(c) for an aggravated sexual assault described in Subsection [(1)] (2) (c):
4170	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3) (c)(ii) or [(5)] (6) (a), not less than six
4171	years and which may be for life; or
4172	(ii) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
4173	aggravated sexual assault, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
4174	[(3)] (4) (a) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3)(a)(i), a court finds
4175	that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection [(2)] (3) (a)(i) is in the interests of
4176	justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of
4177	imprisonment of not less than:
4178	(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or
4179	(ii) six years and which may be for life.
4180	(b) The provisions of Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) do not apply when a [person] defendant is

sentenced under Subsection [(2)] (3)(a)(ii).

4181

4182 $[\frac{(4)}{(5)}]$ (5) (a) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(b)(i), a court finds 4183 that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection [$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$] (3)(b)(i) is in the interests of 4184 justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of 4185 imprisonment of not less than six years and which may be for life. 4186 (b) The provisions of Subsection [(4)] (5)(a) do not apply when a [person] defendant is 4187 sentenced under Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(b)(ii). 4188 $[\frac{(5)}{(6)}]$ (6) (a) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(c)(i), a court finds 4189 that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(c)(i) is in the interests of 4190 justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of 4191 imprisonment of not less than three years and which may be for life. 4192 (b) The provisions of Subsection [(5)] (6)(a) do not apply when a [person] defendant is 4193 sentenced under Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(c)(ii). 4194 $[\frac{(6)}{(7)}]$ (7) Subsections $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(a)(ii), $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(b)(ii), and $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(c)(ii) do not apply if 4195 the defendant was younger than 18 years [of age] old at the time of the offense. 4196 [(7)] (8) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section 4197 76-3-406. Section 91. Section **76-5-406.3** is amended to read: 4198 4199 76-5-406.3. Applicability of sentencing provisions. A person convicted of a violation of Section 76-5-301.1, child kidnaping; Section 4200 76-5-302, aggravated kidnaping; Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child; Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child; Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child; Section [76-5-404.1] 76-5-404.3, 4202 4203 aggravated sexual abuse of a child; or Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault shall be 4204 sentenced as follows: (1) If the person is sentenced prior to April 29, 1996, he shall be sentenced in 4205 4206 accordance with the statutory provisions in effect prior to that date. 4207 (2) If the person commits the crime and is sentenced on or after April 29, 1996, he 4208 shall be punished in accordance with the statutory provisions in effect after April 29, 1996. 4209

4201

4210

4211

4212

(3) If the person commits the crime prior to April 29, 1996, but is sentenced on or after April 29, 1996, he shall be given the option prior to sentencing to proceed either under the law which was in effect at the time the offense was committed or the law which was in effect at the time of sentencing. If the person refuses to select, the court shall sentence the person in

accordance with the law in effect at the time of sentencing. The provisions of Subsections 77-27-9(2)(a) and (b) apply to the sentence of any person who selects under this section to be sentenced in accordance with the law in effect prior to April 29, 1996.

S.B. 123

Section 92. Section **76-5-406.5** is amended to read:

76-5-406.5. Circumstances required for probation or suspension of sentence for certain sex offenses against a child.

- (1) In a case involving a conviction for a violation of Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child; Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child; Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child; or any attempt to commit a felony under those sections or a conviction for a violation of [Subsections 76-5-404.1(4) and (5)] Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated sexual abuse of a child, the court may suspend execution of sentence and consider probation to a residential sexual abuse treatment center only if all of the following circumstances are found by the court to be present and the court in its discretion, considering the circumstances of the offense, including the nature, frequency, and duration of the conduct, and considering the best interests of the public and the child victim, finds probation to a residential sexual abuse treatment center to be proper:
- (a) the defendant did not use a weapon, force, violence, substantial duress or menace, or threat of harm, in committing the offense or before or after committing the offense, in an attempt to frighten the child victim or keep the child victim from reporting the offense;
- (b) the defendant did not cause bodily injury to the child victim during or as a result of the offense and did not cause the child victim severe psychological harm;
- (c) the defendant, prior to the offense, had not been convicted of any public offense in Utah or elsewhere involving sexual misconduct in the commission of the offense;
- (d) the defendant did not commit an offense described in this Part 4, Sexual Offenses, against more than one child victim or victim, at the same time, or during the same course of conduct, or previous to or subsequent to the instant offense;
- (e) the defendant did not use, show, or display pornography or create sexually-related photographs or tape recordings in the course of the offense;
- (f) the defendant did not act in concert with another offender during the offense or knowingly commit the offense in the presence of a person other than the victim or with lewd intent to reveal the offense to another;
 - (g) the defendant did not encourage, aid, allow, or benefit from any act of prostitution

or sexual act by the child victim with any other person or sexual performance by the child victim before any other person;

- (h) the defendant admits the offense of which he has been convicted and has been accepted for mental health treatment in a residential sexual abuse treatment center that has been approved by the Department of Corrections under Subsection (3);
- (i) rehabilitation of the defendant through treatment is probable, based upon evidence provided by a treatment professional who has been approved by the Department of Corrections under Subsection (3) and who has accepted the defendant for treatment;
- (j) prior to being sentenced, the defendant has undergone a complete psychological evaluation conducted by a professional approved by the Department of Corrections and:
- (i) the professional's opinion is that the defendant is not an exclusive pedophile and does not present an immediate and present danger to the community if released on probation and placed in a residential sexual abuse treatment center; and
 - (ii) the court accepts the opinion of the professional;
- (k) if the offense is committed by a parent, stepparent, adoptive parent, or legal guardian of the child victim, the defendant shall, in addition to establishing all other conditions of this section, establish it is in the child victim's best interest that the defendant not be imprisoned, by presenting evidence provided by a treatment professional who:
- (i) is treating the child victim and understands he will be treating the family as a whole; or
- (ii) has assessed the child victim for purposes of treatment as ordered by the court based on a showing of good cause; and
- (l) if probation is imposed, the defendant, as a condition of probation, may not reside in a home where children younger than 18 years [of age] old reside for at least one year beginning with the commencement of treatment, and may not again take up residency in a home where children younger than 18 years [of age] old reside during the period of probation until allowed to do so by order of the court.
- (2) A term of incarceration of at least 90 days is to be served prior to treatment and continue until the time when bed space is available at a residential sexual abuse treatment center as provided under Subsection (3) and probation is to be imposed for up to a maximum of 10 years.

(3) (a) The Department of Corrections shall develop qualification criteria for the approval of the sexual abuse treatment programs and professionals under this section. The criteria shall include the screening criteria employed by the department for sexual offenders.

- (b) The sexual abuse treatment program shall be at least one year in duration, shall be residential, and shall specifically address the sexual conduct for which the defendant was convicted.
- (4) Establishment by the defendant of all the criteria of this section does not mandate the granting under this section of probation or modification of the sentence that would otherwise be imposed by Section 76-3-406 regarding sexual offenses against children. The court has discretion to deny the request based upon its consideration of the circumstances of the offense, including:
 - (a) the nature, frequency, and duration of the conduct;

- (b) the effects of the conduct on any child victim involved;
- (c) the best interest of the public and any child victim; and
- (d) the characteristics of the defendant, including any risk the defendant presents to the public and specifically to children.
- (5) The defendant has the burden to establish by a preponderance of evidence eligibility under all of the criteria of this section.
- (6) If the court finds a defendant granted probation under this section fails to cooperate or succeed in treatment or violates probation to any substantial degree, the sentence previously imposed for the offense shall be immediately executed.
- (7) The court shall enter written findings of fact regarding the conditions established by the defendant that justify the granting of probation under this section.
- (8) In cases involving conviction of any sexual offense against a child other than those offenses provided in Subsection (1), the court shall consider the circumstances described in Subsection (1) as advisory in determining whether or not execution of sentence should be suspended and probation granted. The defendant is not required to satisfy all of those circumstances for eligibility pursuant to this Subsection (8).
 - Section 93. Section **76-5-407** is amended to read:
- 4304 76-5-407. Consensual conduct in marriage.
 - [(1)] The provisions of this part do not apply to consensual conduct between

4306	individuals married to each other.
4307	[(2) In any prosecution for:]
4308	[(a) the following offenses, any sexual penetration, however slight, is sufficient to
4309	constitute the relevant element of the offense:
4310	[(i) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401, involving
4311	sexual intercourse;]
4312	[(ii) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16 or 17 year old, a violation of Section
4313	76-5-401.2, involving sexual intercourse; or]
4314	[(iii) rape, a violation of Section 76-5-402; or]
4315	[(b) the following offenses, any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the
4316	relevant element of the offense:]
4317	[(i) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401, involving
4318	acts of sodomy;]
4319	[(ii) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16 or 17 year old, a violation of Section
4320	76-5-401.2, involving acts of sodomy;]
4321	[(iii) forcible sodomy, a violation of Subsection 76-5-403(2);]
4322	[(iv) rape of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-402.1; or]
4323	[(v) object rape of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-402.3.]
4324	[(3) In any prosecution for the following offenses, any touching, even if accomplished
4325	through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element of the offense:]
4326	[(a) sodomy on a child, a violation of Section 76-5-403.1;]
4327	[(b) sexual abuse of a child or aggravated sexual abuse of a child, a violation of Section
4328	76-5-404.1;]
4329	[(c) sexual abuse of a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401.1;]
4330	[(d) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16- or 17-year-old, a violation of Section
4331	76-5-401.2;]
4332	[(e) foreible sexual abuse, a violation of Section 76-5-404;]
4333	[(f) custodial sexual relations, a violation of Section 76-5-412; or]
4334	[(g) custodial sexual relations or misconduct with youth receiving state services, a
4335	violation of Section 76-5-413.
4336	Section 94. Section 76-5-412 is amended to read:

4337	76-5-412. Custodial sexual relations Penalties Defenses and limitations.
4338	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4339	[(a)] (i) "Actor" means:
4340	(A) a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103;
4341	[(i)] (B) a correctional officer, as defined in Section 53-13-104;
4342	$[\frac{\text{(ii)}}]$ (C) a special function officer, as defined in Section 53-13-105; or
4343	[(iii) a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103; or]
4344	[(iv)] (D) an employee of, or private provider or contractor for, the Department of
4345	Corrections or a county jail.
4346	(ii) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
4347	[(b)] (iii) "Person in custody" means an individual, either an adult 18 years [of age] old
4348	or older, or a minor younger than 18 years [of age] old, who is:
4349	[(i)] (A) a prisoner, as defined in Section 76-5-101, and includes a prisoner who is in
4350	the custody of the Department of Corrections created under Section 64-13-2, but who is being
4351	housed at the Utah State Hospital established under Section 62A-15-601 or other medical
4352	facility;
4353	[(ii)] (B) under correctional supervision, such as at a work release facility or as a
4354	parolee or probationer; or
4355	[(iii)] (C) under lawful or unlawful arrest, either with or without a warrant.
4356	[(c)] (iv) "Private provider or contractor" means [any person or entity] a person that
4357	contracts with the Department of Corrections or with a county jail to provide services or
4358	functions that are part of the operation of the Department of Corrections or a county jail under
4359	state or local law.
4360	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4361	(2) (a) An actor commits custodial sexual relations if the actor commits any of the acts
4362	under Subsection $[(3)]$ $(2)(b)$:
4363	(i) under circumstances not amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an
4364	offense under Subsection $[(6)]$ (4) ; and
4365	(ii) (A) the actor knows that the individual is a person in custody; or
4366	(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4367	circumstances that the individual was a person in custody

4368	(b) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:
4369	(i) having sexual intercourse with a person in custody;
4370	(ii) engaging in a sexual act with a person in custody involving the genitals of one
4371	individual and the mouth or anus of another individual; or
4372	(iii) (A) causing the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of a
4373	person in custody by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of
4374	the human body; and
4375	(B) intending to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual.
4376	(c) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
4377	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
4378	[(b)] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)[(a)] is a third degree felony[, but if].
4379	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the person in custody is younger than 18
4380	years [of age] old, a violation of Subsection (2)[(a)] is a second degree felony.
4381	(c) If the act committed under [this] Subsection [(2)] (3) amounts to an offense subject
4382	to a greater penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection
4383	[(2)] (3) , this Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more
4384	serious offense.
4385	[(3) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:]
4386	[(a) having sexual intercourse with a person in custody;]
4387	[(b) engaging in any sexual act with a person in custody involving the genitals of one
4388	individual and the mouth or anus of another individual, regardless of the sex of either
4389	participant; or]
4390	[(c) causing the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of a person
4391	in custody by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of the
4392	human body, with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual,
4393	regardless of the sex of any participant.]
4394	[(4) (a) An actor commits custodial sexual misconduct if the actor commits any of the
4395	acts under Subsection (5):]
4396	[(i) under circumstances not amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an
4397	offense under Subsection (6); and]
4398	[(ii) (A) the actor knows that the individual is a person in custody; or]

4399	[(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4400	circumstances that the individual was a person in custody.]
4401	[(b) A violation of Subsection (4)(a) is a class A misdemeanor, but if the person in
4402	custody is younger than 18 years of age, a violation of Subsection (4)(a) is a third degree
4403	felony.]
4404	[(c) If the act committed under this Subsection (4) amounts to an offense subject to a
4405	greater penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection (4),
4406	this Subsection (4) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.]
4407	[(5) Acts referred to in Subsection (4)(a) are the following acts when committed with
4408	the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to
4409	arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual, regardless of the sex of any participant:]
4410	[(a) touching the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of a person in
4411	custody;]
4412	[(b) touching the breast of a female person in custody; or]
4413	[(c) otherwise taking indecent liberties with a person in custody.]
4414	[6] The offenses referred to in [Subsections] Subsection (2)(a)(i) and $[4)(a)(i)$
4415	<u>Subsection 76-5-412.2(2)(a)(i)</u> are:
4416	(a) Section 76-5-401, unlawful sexual activity with a minor;
4417	(b) Section 76-5-402, rape;
4418	(c) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child;
4419	(d) Section 76-5-402.2, object rape;
4420	(e) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child;
4421	(f) Section 76-5-403, forcible sodomy;
4422	(g) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child;
4423	(h) Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse;
4424	(i) Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child, or Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated
4425	sexual abuse of a child; or
4426	(j) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault.
4427	[(7)] (a) It is not a defense to the commission of, or the attempt to commit, the
4428	offense of custodial sexual relations under Subsection (2) [or custodial sexual misconduct
4429	under Subsection (4), or an attempt to commit either of these offenses,] if the person in custody

4430	is younger than 18 years [of age] old, that the actor:
4431	(i) mistakenly believed the person in custody to be 18 years [of age] old or older at the
4432	time of the alleged offense; or
4433	(ii) was unaware of the true age of the person in custody.
4434	(b) Consent of the person in custody is not a defense to any violation or attempted
4435	violation of Subsection (2) [or (4)].
4436	[(8)] (6) It is a defense that the commission by the actor of an act under Subsection (2)
4437	[or (4)] is the result of compulsion, as the defense is described in Subsection 76-2-302(1).
4438	Section 95. Section 76-5-412.2 is enacted to read:
4439	76-5-412.2. Custodial sexual misconduct Penalties Defenses.
4440	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4441	(i) "Actor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-412.
4442	(ii) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
4443	(iii) "Person in custody" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-412.
4444	(iv) "Private provider or contractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4445	<u>76-5-412.</u>
4446	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4447	(2) (a) An actor commits custodial sexual misconduct if:
4448	(i) the actor commits any of the acts under Subsection (2)(b) under circumstances not
4449	amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an offense under Subsection
4450	76-5-412(4); and
4451	(ii) (A) the actor knows that the individual is a person in custody; or
4452	(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4453	circumstances that the individual was a person in custody.
4454	(b) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are the following acts when committed with
4455	the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to another individual or with the intent
4456	to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
4457	(i) touching the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of a person in
4458	custody;
4459	(ii) touching the breast of a female person in custody; or
4460	(iii) otherwise taking indecent liberties with a person in custody.

4461	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
4462	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the person in custody is younger than 18
4463	years old, a violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
4464	(c) If the act committed under Subsection (2) amounts to an offense subject to a greater
4465	penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection (3), this
4466	Subsection (3) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
4467	(4) (a) It is not a defense to the commission of, or attempt to commit, the offense
4468	described in Subsection (2) if the person in custody is younger than 18 years old, that the actor:
4469	(i) mistakenly believed the person in custody to be 18 years old or older at the time of
4470	the alleged offense; or
4471	(ii) was unaware of the true age of the person in custody.
4472	(b) Consent of the person in custody is not a defense to any violation or attempted
4473	violation of Subsection (2).
4474	(5) It is a defense that the commission by the actor of an act under Subsection (2) is the
4475	result of compulsion, as the defense is described in Subsection 76-2-302(1).
4476	Section 96. Section 76-5-413 is amended to read:
4477	76-5-413. Custodial sexual relations with youth receiving state services
4478	Penalties Defenses and limitations.
4479	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4480	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> "Actor" means:
4481	[(i)] (A) an individual employed by the Department of Human Services, as created in
4482	Section 62A-1-102, or an employee of a private provider or contractor; or
4483	[(ii)] (B) an individual employed by the juvenile court of the state, or an employee of a
4484	private provider or contractor.
4485	[(b)] (ii) "Department" means the Department of Human Services created in Section
4486	62A-1-102.
4487	[(e)] (iii) "Juvenile court" means the juvenile court of the state created in Section
4488	78A-6-102.
4489	[(d)] (iv) "Private provider or contractor" means [any individual or entity] a person that
4490	contracts with the:
4491	[(ii)] (A) department to provide services or functions that are part of the operation of the

4492	department; or
4493	[(ii)] (B) juvenile court to provide services or functions that are part of the operation of
4494	the juvenile court.
4495	[(e)] (v) "Youth receiving state services" means an individual:
4496	[(i)] (A) younger than 18 years old, except as provided under Subsection [(1)(e)(ii)]
4497	$\underline{(1)(a)(v)(B)}$, who is:
4498	[(A)] (I) in the custody of the department under Section 80-6-703; or
4499	[(B)] (II) receiving services from any division of the department if any portion of the
4500	costs of these services is covered by public money; or
4501	[(ii)] (B) younger than 21 years old:
4502	[(A)] (I) who is in the custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services, or the
4503	Division of Child and Family Services; or
4504	[(B)] (II) whose case is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
4505	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4506	(2) (a) [An] Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in Subsection (4),
4507	<u>an</u> actor commits custodial sexual relations with a youth receiving state services if:
4508	(i) the actor commits any of the acts [under Subsection (3):] described in Subsection
4509	(2)(b); and
4510	[(i) under circumstances not amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an
4511	offense under Subsection (6); and]
4512	(ii) (A) the actor knows that the individual is a youth receiving state services; or
4513	(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4514	circumstances that the individual was a youth receiving state services.
4515	(b) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a)(i) are:
4516	(i) having sexual intercourse with a youth receiving state services;
4517	(ii) engaging in any sexual act with a youth receiving state services involving the
4518	genitals of one individual and the mouth or anus of another individual; or
4519	(iii) (A) causing the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of a
4520	youth receiving state services by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including
4521	a part of the human body; and
4522	(B) with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or

4523	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual.
4524	(c) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
4525	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
4526	[(b)] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)[(a)] is a third degree felony[, but if].
4527	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the youth receiving state services is younger
4528	than 18 years old, a violation of Subsection $(2)[\frac{(a)}{(a)}]$ is a second degree felony.
4529	(c) If the act committed under [this] Subsection (2) amounts to an offense subject to a
4530	greater penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection [(2)]
4531	(3), this Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious
4532	offense.
4533	[(3) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:]
4534	[(a) having sexual intercourse with a youth receiving state services;]
4535	[(b) engaging in any sexual act with a youth receiving state services involving the
4536	genitals of one individual and the mouth or anus of another individual, regardless of the sex of
4537	either participant; or]
4538	[(c) causing the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of a youth
4539	receiving state services by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part
4540	of the human body, with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any
4541	individual, regardless of the sex of any participant or with the intent to arouse or gratify the
4542	sexual desire of any individual, regardless of the sex of any participant.]
4543	[(4) (a) An actor commits custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state
4544	services if the actor commits any of the acts under Subsection (5):]
4545	[(i) under circumstances not amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an
4546	offense under Subsection (6); and]
4547	[(ii) (A) the actor knows that the individual is a youth receiving state services; or]
4548	[(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4549	circumstances that the individual was a youth receiving state services.]
4550	[(b) A violation of Subsection (4)(a) is a class A misdemeanor, but if the youth
4551	receiving state services is younger than 18 years old, a violation of Subsection (4)(a) is a third
4552	degree felony.]
4553	(c) If the act committed under this Subsection (4) amounts to an offense subject to a

```
4554
        greater penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection (4),
4555
        this Subsection (4) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
                [(5) Acts referred to in Subsection (4)(a) are the following acts when committed with
4556
4557
        the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to
        arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual, regardless of the sex of any participant:
4558
                [(a) touching the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of a youth
4559
4560
        receiving state services;
4561
                [(b) touching the breast of a female youth receiving state services; or]
4562
                (c) otherwise taking indecent liberties with a youth receiving state services.
4563
                [(6) The offenses referred to in Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (4)(a)(i) are:]
                [(a) Section 76-5-401, unlawful sexual activity with a minor;]
4564
4565
                (b) Section 76-5-402, rape;
4566
                (c) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child;
4567
                (d) Section 76-5-402.2, object rape;
4568
                [(e) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child;]
4569
                [(f) Section 76-5-403, forcible sodomy;]
4570
                [(g) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child;]
                [(h) Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse;]
4571
                [(i) Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child or aggravated sexual abuse of a child;
4572
4573
        or]
                (i) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault.
4574
                (4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2) are:
4575
4576
                (a) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401;
                (b) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
4577
4578
                (c) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;
4579
                (d) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
                (e) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;
4580
                (f) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
4581
                (g) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1;
4582
4583
                (h) forcible sexual abuse, in violation of Section 76-5-404;
4584
                (i) sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.1;
```

4585	(j) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.3;
4586	(k) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or
4587	(1) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (4)(k).
4588	$\left[\frac{7}{2}\right]$ (a) It is not a defense to the commission of, or an attempt to commit, the
4589	offense [of custodial sexual relations with a youth receiving state services under] described in
4590	Subsection (2) [or custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state services under
4591	Subsection (4), or an attempt to commit either of these offenses,] if the youth receiving state
4592	services is younger than 18 years old, that the actor:
4593	(i) mistakenly believed the youth receiving state services to be 18 years old or older at
4594	the time of the alleged offense; or
4595	(ii) was unaware of the true age of the youth receiving state services.
4596	(b) Consent of the youth receiving state services is not a defense to any violation or
4597	attempted violation of Subsection (2) [or (4)].
4598	[(8)] <u>(6)</u> It is a defense that the commission by the actor of an act under Subsection (2)
4599	[or (4)] is the result of compulsion, as the defense is described in Subsection 76-2-302(1).
4600	Section 97. Section 76-5-413.2 is enacted to read:
4601	76-5-413.2. Custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state services
4602	Penalties Defenses and limitations.
4603	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4604	(i) "Actor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-413.
4605	(ii) "Department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-413.
4606	(iii) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
4607	(iv) "Juvenile court" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-413.
4608	(v) "Private provider or contractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4609	<u>76-5-413.</u>
4610	(vi) "Youth receiving state services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4611	<u>76-5-413.</u>
4612	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4613	(2) (a) Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in Subsection (4), an
4614	actor commits custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state services if:
4615	(i) the actor commits any of the acts described in Subsection (2)(b); and

4616	(ii) (A) the actor knows that the individual is a youth receiving state services; or
4617	(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4618	circumstances that the individual was a youth receiving state services.
4619	(b) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are the following acts when committed with
4620	the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to
4621	arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
4622	(i) touching the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of a youth
4623	receiving state services;
4624	(ii) touching the breast of a female youth receiving state services; or
4625	(iii) otherwise taking indecent liberties with a youth receiving state services.
4626	(c) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
4627	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
4628	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
4629	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the youth receiving state services is younger
4630	than 18 years old, a violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
4631	(c) If the act committed under Subsection (2) amounts to an offense subject to a greater
4632	penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection (3), this
4633	Subsection (3) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
4634	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2) are:
4635	(a) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401;
4636	(b) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
4637	(c) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;
4638	(d) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
4639	(e) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;
4640	(f) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
4641	(g) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1;
4642	(h) forcible sexual abuse, in violation of Section 76-5-404;
4643	(i) sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.1;
4644	(j) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.3;
4645	(k) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or
4646	(1) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (4)(k).

4647	(5) (a) It is not a defense to the commission of, or an attempt to commit, the offense
4648	described in Subsection (2) if the youth receiving state services is younger than 18 years old,
4649	that the actor:
4650	(i) mistakenly believed the youth receiving state services to be 18 years old or older at
4651	the time of the alleged offense; or
4652	(ii) was unaware of the true age of the youth receiving state services.
4653	(b) Consent of the youth receiving state services is not a defense to any violation or
4654	attempted violation of Subsection (2).
4655	(6) It is a defense that the commission by the actor of an act under Subsection (2) is the
4656	result of compulsion, as the defense is described in Subsection 76-2-302(1).
4657	Section 98. Section 76-5-701 is amended to read:
4658	76-5-701. Female genital mutilation definition.
4659	(1) As used in this part, [female genital mutilation] "female genital mutilation" means
4660	any procedure that involves partial or total removal of the external female genitalia, or any
4661	harmful procedure to the female genitalia, including:
4662	(a) clitoridectomy;
4663	(b) the partial or total removal of the clitoris or the prepuce;
4664	(c) excision or the partial or total removal of the clitoris and the labia minora, with or
4665	without excision of the labia majora;
4666	(d) infibulation or the narrowing of the vaginal orifice with the creation of a covering
4667	seal by cutting and appositioning the labia minora or the labia majora, with or without excision
4668	of the clitoris;
4669	(e) pricking, piercing, incising, or scraping, and cauterizing the genital area; or
4670	(f) any other actions intended to alter the structure or function of the female genitalia
4671	for non-medical reasons.
4672	(2) Female genital mutilation is considered a form of child abuse for mandatory
4673	reporting under Section 62A-4a-403.
4674	Section 99. Section 76-5-702 is amended to read:
4675	76-5-702. Prohibition on female genital mutilation Exceptions.
4676	[(1) It is a second degree felony for any person to:]
4677	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-701 apply to this section.

46/8	(2) An actor commits female genital mutilation if the actor:
4679	(a) [performs] performs a procedure described in Section 76-5-701 on a female under 18
4680	years [of age] old;
4681	(b) [give] gives permission for or [permit] permits a procedure described in Section
4682	76-5-701 to be performed on a female under 18 years [of age] old; or
4683	(c) [remove or cause, permit, or facilitate] removes or causes, permits, or facilitates the
4684	removal of a female under 18 years [of age] old from this state for the purpose of facilitating
4685	the performance of a procedure described in Section 76-5-701 on the female.
4686	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
4687	[(2)] (4) It is not a defense to [female genital mutilation] this section that the conduct
4688	described in Section 76-5-701 is required as a matter of religion, custom, ritual, or standard
4689	practice, or that the individual on whom it is performed or the individual's parent or guardian
4690	consented to the procedure.
4691	[(3)] (5) A surgical procedure is not a violation of [Section 76-5-701] this section if the
4692	procedure is performed by a physician licensed as a medical professional in the place it is
4693	performed and the procedure is:
4694	(a) medically advisable;
4695	(b) necessary to preserve or protect the physical health of the [person] individual on
4696	whom it is performed; or
4697	(c) requested for sex reassignment surgery by the [person] individual on whom it is
4698	performed.
4699	[(4) A] (6) The license of any medical professional licensed in accordance with Title
4700	58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, Title 58,
4701	Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
4702	Assistant Act, who is convicted of a violation of this section shall [have their license] be
4703	permanently revoked by the appropriate licensing board.
4704	Section 100. Section 76-5-704 is amended to read:
4705	76-5-704. Civil cause of action.
4706	(1) [A victim of] An individual upon whom female genital mutilation was performed
4707	may bring a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction for female genital mutilation any
4708	time within 10 years of:

4/09	(a) the procedure being performed; or
4710	(b) the victim's 18th birthday.
4711	(2) The court may award actual, compensatory, and punitive damages, and any other
4712	appropriate relief.
4713	(3) A prevailing plaintiff shall be awarded attorney fees and costs.
4714	(4) Treble damages may be awarded if the plaintiff proves the defendant's acts were
4715	willful and malicious.
4716	(5) If a health care provider is charged and prosecuted for a violation of Section
4717	76-5-702, Section 78B-3-416 may not apply to an action against the health care provider under
4718	this section.
4719	Section 101. Section 76-5b-103 is amended to read:
4720	76-5b-103. Definitions.
4721	As used in this chapter:
4722	(1) "Child pornography" means any visual depiction, including any live performance,
4723	photograph, film, video, picture, or computer or computer-generated image or picture, whether
4724	made or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, of sexually explicit conduct,
4725	where:
4726	(a) the production of the visual depiction involves the use of a minor engaging in
4727	sexually explicit conduct;
4728	(b) the visual depiction is of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct; or
4729	(c) the visual depiction has been created, adapted, or modified to appear that an
4730	identifiable minor is engaging in sexually explicit conduct.
4731	(2) "Distribute" means the selling, exhibiting, displaying, wholesaling, retailing,
4732	providing, giving, granting admission to, or otherwise transferring or presenting child
4733	pornography or vulnerable adult pornography with or without consideration.
4734	(3) "Identifiable minor" means a person:
4735	(a) (i) who was a minor at the time the visual depiction was created, adapted, or
4736	modified; or
4737	(ii) whose image as a minor was used in creating, adapting, or modifying the visual
4738	depiction; and
4739	(b) who is recognizable as an actual person by the person's face, likeness, or other

4740 distinguishing characteristic, such as a birthmark, or other recognizable feature. 4741 (4) "Identifiable vulnerable adult" means a person: 4742 (a) (i) who was a vulnerable adult at the time the visual depiction was created, adapted, 4743 or modified; or 4744 (ii) whose image as a vulnerable adult was used in creating, adapting, or modifying the 4745 visual depiction; and 4746 (b) who is recognizable as an actual person by the person's face, likeness, or other 4747 distinguishing characteristic, such as a birthmark, or other recognizable feature. 4748 (5) "Lacks capacity to consent" is as defined in [Subsection 76-5-111(1)] Section 4749 76-5-111.4. 4750 (6) "Live performance" means any act, play, dance, pantomime, song, or other activity 4751 performed by live actors in person. 4752 (7) "Minor" means a person younger than 18 years [of age] old. (8) "Nudity or partial nudity" means any state of dress or undress in which the human 4753 4754 genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or the female breast, at a point below the top of the areola, is 4755 less than completely and opaquely covered. 4756 (9) "Produce" means: (a) the photographing, filming, taping, directing, producing, creating, designing, or 4757 4758 composing of child pornography or vulnerable adult pornography; or (b) the securing or hiring of persons to engage in the photographing, filming, taping. 4759 directing, producing, creating, designing, or composing of child pornography or vulnerable 4760 4761 adult pornography. 4762 (10) "Sexually explicit conduct" means actual or simulated: 4763 (a) sexual intercourse, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or oral-anal, 4764 whether between persons of the same or opposite sex; 4765 (b) masturbation; 4766 (c) bestiality; 4767 (d) sadistic or masochistic activities; 4768 (e) lascivious exhibition of the genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or female breast of any

(f) the visual depiction of nudity or partial nudity for the purpose of causing sexual

4769

4770

person;

4//1	arousar of any person;
4772	(g) the fondling or touching of the genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or female breast; or
4773	(h) the explicit representation of the defecation or urination functions.
4774	(11) "Simulated sexually explicit conduct" means a feigned or pretended act of
4775	sexually explicit conduct which duplicates, within the perception of an average person, the
4776	appearance of an actual act of sexually explicit conduct.
4777	(12) "Vulnerable adult" is as defined in Subsection 76-5-111(1).
4778	(13) "Vulnerable adult pornography" means any visual depiction, including any live
4779	performance, photograph, film, video, picture, or computer or computer-generated image or
4780	picture, whether made or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, of sexually
4781	explicit conduct, where:
4782	(a) the production of the visual depiction involves the use of a vulnerable adult
4783	engaging in sexually explicit conduct;
4784	(b) the visual depiction is of a vulnerable adult engaging in sexually explicit conduct;
4785	or
4786	(c) the visual depiction has been created, adapted, or modified to appear that an
4787	identifiable vulnerable adult is engaging in sexually explicit conduct.
4788	Section 102. Section 76-5b-201 is amended to read:
4789	76-5b-201. Sexual exploitation of a minor Offenses.
4790	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4791	[(1) A person is guilty of] (2) An actor commits sexual exploitation of a minor:
4792	(a) when the [person] actor:
4793	(i) knowingly produces, possesses, or possesses with intent to distribute child
4794	pornography; or
4795	(ii) intentionally distributes or views child pornography; or
4796	(b) if the [person] actor is a minor's parent or legal guardian and knowingly consents to
4797	or permits the minor to be sexually exploited as described in Subsection [(1)] (2) (a).
4798	[(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), sexual exploitation of a minor]
4799	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
4800	[(b) A violation of Subsection (1)] (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a
4801	violation of Subsection (2) for knowingly producing child pornography is a first degree felony

4802	if the [person] actor produces original child pornography depicting a first degree felony that
4803	involves:
4804	[(i)] (A) the [person] actor or another person engaging in conduct with the minor that is
4805	a violation of:
4806	[(A)] (I) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child;
4807	[(B)] (II) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child;
4808	[(C)] (III) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child; or
4809	[(D)] (IV) Section $[76-5-404.1]$ $[76-5-404.3]$, aggravated sexual abuse of a child; or
4810	[(ii)] (B) the minor being physically abused, as defined in Section 80-1-102.
4811	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(b)}\right]$ It is a separate offense under this section:
4812	[(a)] (i) for each minor depicted in the child pornography; and
4813	[(b)] (ii) for each time the same minor is depicted in different child pornography.
4814	(4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of violating this section that no minor
4815	was actually depicted in the visual depiction or used in producing or advertising the visual
4816	depiction.
4817	(b) For a charge of violating this section for knowingly possessing or intentionally
4818	viewing child pornography, it is an affirmative defense that:
4819	(i) the defendant:
4820	(A) did not solicit the child pornography from the minor depicted in the child
4821	pornography;
4822	(B) is not more than two years older than the minor depicted in the child pornography;
4823	and
4824	(C) upon request of a law enforcement agent or the minor depicted in the child
4825	pornography, removes from an electronic device or destroys the child pornography and all
4826	copies of the child pornography in the defendant's possession; and
4827	(ii) the child pornography does not depict an offense under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part
4828	4, Sexual Offenses.
4829	(5) In proving a violation of this section in relation to an identifiable minor, proof of
4830	the actual identity of the identifiable minor is not required.
4831	(6) This section may not be construed to impose criminal or civil liability on:
4832	(a) an entity or an employee, director, officer, or agent of an entity when acting within

4833	the scope of employment, for the good faith performance of:
4834	(i) reporting or data preservation duties required under federal or state law; or
4835	(ii) implementing a policy of attempting to prevent the presence of child pornography
4836	on tangible or intangible property, or of detecting and reporting the presence of child
4837	pornography on the property;
4838	(b) a law enforcement officer acting within the scope of a criminal investigation;
4839	(c) an employee of a court who may be required to view child pornography during the
4840	course of and within the scope of the employee's employment;
4841	(d) a juror who may be required to view child pornography during the course of the
4842	individual's service as a juror;
4843	(e) an attorney or employee of an attorney who is required to view child pornography
4844	during the course of a judicial process and while acting within the scope of employment;
4845	(f) an employee of the Department of Human Services who is required to view child
4846	pornography within the scope of the employee's employment; or
4847	(g) an attorney who is required to view child pornography within the scope of the
4848	attorney's responsibility to represent the Department of Human Services, including the
4849	divisions and offices within the Department of Human Services.
4850	Section 103. Section 76-5b-202 is amended to read:
4851	76-5b-202. Sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult Offenses.
4852	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4853	[(1) A person is guilty of] (2) An actor commits sexual exploitation of a vulnerable
4854	adult if the [person] actor:
4855	(a) (i) (A) knowingly produces, possesses, or possesses with intent to distribute
4856	material that the [person] actor knows is vulnerable adult pornography; or
4857	(B) intentionally distributes or views material that the [person] actor knows is
4858	vulnerable adult pornography; and
4859	(ii) the vulnerable adult who appears in, or is depicted in, the vulnerable adult
4860	pornography lacks capacity to consent to the conduct described in Subsection [(1)] (2) (a); or
4861	(b) is a vulnerable adult's legal guardian and knowingly consents to, or permits the
4862	vulnerable adult to be, sexually exploited as described in Subsection $[\frac{1}{2}]$ (2)(a).
4863	[(2) Sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a

4804	third degree leiony.
4865	$\left[\frac{3}{b}\right]$ (b) It is a separate offense under this section:
4866	[(a)] (i) for each vulnerable adult depicted in the vulnerable adult pornography; and
4867	[(b)] (ii) for each time the same vulnerable adult is depicted in different vulnerable
4868	adult pornography.
4869	(4) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of violating this section that no vulnerable
4870	adult was actually depicted in the visual depiction or used in producing or advertising the
4871	visual depiction.
4872	(5) In proving a violation of this section in relation to an identifiable vulnerable adult,
4873	proof of the actual identity of the identifiable vulnerable adult is not required.
4874	(6) This section may not be construed to impose criminal or civil liability on:
4875	(a) any entity or an employee, director, officer, or agent of an entity, when acting
4876	within the scope of employment, for the good faith performance of:
4877	(i) reporting or data preservation duties required under any federal or state law; or
4878	(ii) implementing a policy of attempting to prevent the presence of vulnerable adult
4879	pornography on any tangible or intangible property, or of detecting and reporting the presence
4880	of vulnerable adult pornography on the property; or
4881	(b) any law enforcement officer acting within the scope of a criminal investigation.
4882	Section 104. Section 76-5b-203 is amended to read:
4883	76-5b-203. Distribution of an intimate image Penalty.
4884	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4885	[(a)] (i) "Distribute" means selling, exhibiting, displaying, wholesaling, retailing,
4886	providing, giving, granting admission to, providing access to, or otherwise transferring or
4887	presenting an image to another individual, with or without consideration.
4888	[(b)] (ii) "Intimate image" means any visual depiction, photograph, film, video,
4889	recording, picture, or computer or computer-generated image or picture, whether made or
4890	produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, that depicts:
4891	[(i)] (A) exposed human male or female genitals or pubic area, with less than an
4892	opaque covering;
4893	[(ii)] (B) a female breast with less than an opaque covering, or any portion of the
4894	female breast below the top of the areola; or

4895	[(iii)] (C) the individual engaged in any sexually explicit conduct.
4896	[(c)] (iii) "Sexually explicit conduct" means actual or simulated:
4897	[(i)] (A) sexual intercourse, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or
4898	oral-anal, whether between persons of the same or opposite sex;
4899	[(ii)] (B) masturbation;
4900	[(iii)] (C) bestiality;
4901	[(iv)] (D) sadistic or masochistic activities;
4902	[v] (E) exhibition of the genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or female breast of any
4903	individual;
4904	[(vi)] (F) visual depiction of nudity or partial nudity;
4905	[(vii)] (G) fondling or touching of the genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or female
4906	breast; or
4907	[(viii)] (H) explicit representation of the defecation or urination functions.
4908	[(d)] (iv) "Simulated sexually explicit conduct" means a feigned or pretended act of
4909	sexually explicit conduct that duplicates, within the perception of an average person, the
4910	appearance of an actual act of sexually explicit conduct.
4911	(v) "Single criminal episode" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4912	<u>76-1-401.</u>
4913	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4914	(2) (a) An actor commits the offense of distribution of an intimate image if:
4915	(i) the actor knowingly or intentionally distributes to a third party, or knowingly
4916	duplicates or copies an intimate image of an individual who is 18 years old or older and knows
4917	or should know that the distribution, duplication or copying would cause a reasonable person to
4918	suffer emotional distress or harm;
4919	(ii) the actor has not received consent from the individual depicted in the image to
4920	distribute the intimate image;
4921	(iii) the intimate image was created by or provided to the actor under circumstances in
4922	which the individual depicted in the image has a reasonable expectation of privacy; and
4923	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), actual emotional distress or harm is
4924	caused to the individual depicted in the image as a result of the distribution.
4925	(b) Subsection (2)(a)(iv) is not an element of the offense described in Subsection (2)(a)

+920	11.
1927	(i) the individual depicted in the intimate image was the victim of a crime;
1928	(ii) the intimate image was provided to law enforcement as part of an investigation or
1929	prosecution of a crime committed against the victim;
1930	(iii) the intimate image was distributed without a legitimate law enforcement or
4931	investigative purpose by an individual who had access to the intimate image due to the
1932	individual's association with the investigation or prosecution described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)
1933	and
1934	(iv) the victim is incapacitated or deceased.
1935	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
1936	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree
1937	felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an offense under this section that does not
4938	arise from a single criminal episode.
1939	$[\frac{(3)}{4}]$ This section does not apply to:
1940	(a) except as provided in Section 76-5b-203.5:
4941	(i) lawful practices of law enforcement agencies;
1942	(ii) prosecutorial agency functions;
1943	(iii) the reporting of a criminal offense;
1944	(iv) court proceedings or any other judicial proceeding; or
1945	(v) lawful and generally accepted medical practices and procedures;
1946	(b) an intimate image if the individual portrayed in the image voluntarily allows public
1947	exposure of the image;
1948	(c) an intimate image that is portrayed in a lawful commercial setting; or
1949	(d) an intimate image that is related to a matter of public concern or interest.
1950	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(5)}\right]$ (a) This section does not apply to an Internet service provider or interactive
4951	computer service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 230(f)(2), a provider of an electronic
1952	communications service as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2510, a telecommunications service,
1953	information service, or mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 153, including a
1954	commercial mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 332(d), or a cable operator as defined
1955	in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522, if:
1956	(i) the distribution of an intimate image by the Internet service provider occurs only

4937	incidentally through the provider's function of:
4958	(A) transmitting or routing data from one person to another person; or
4959	(B) providing a connection between one person and another person;
4960	(ii) the provider does not intentionally aid or abet in the distribution of the intimate
4961	image; and
4962	(iii) the provider does not knowingly receive from or through a person who distributes
4963	the intimate image a fee greater than the fee generally charged by the provider, as a specific
4964	condition for permitting the person to distribute the intimate image.
4965	(b) This section does not apply to a hosting company, as defined in Section
4966	76-10-1230, if:
4967	(i) the distribution of an intimate image by the hosting company occurs only
4968	incidentally through the hosting company's function of providing data storage space or data
4969	caching to a person;
4970	(ii) the hosting company does not intentionally engage, aid, or abet in the distribution
4971	of the intimate image; and
4972	(iii) the hosting company does not knowingly receive from or through a person who
4973	distributes the intimate image a fee greater than the fee generally charged by the provider, as a
4974	specific condition for permitting the person to distribute, store, or cache the intimate image.
4975	(c) A service provider, as defined in Section 76-10-1230, is not negligent under this
4976	section if it complies with Section 76-10-1231.
4977	[(5) (a) Distribution of an intimate image is a class A misdemeanor except under
4978	Subsection (5)(b).]
4979	[(b) Distribution of an intimate image is a third degree felony on a second or
4980	subsequent conviction for an offense under this section that arises from a separate criminal
4981	episode as defined in Section 76-1-401.]
4982	Section 105. Section 76-5b-203.5 is amended to read:
4983	76-5b-203.5. Misuse of intimate image during a criminal action.
4984	(1) (a) As used in this section[, "intimate image" has the same meaning as]:
4985	(i) "Criminal action" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-1-3.
4986	(ii) "Intimate image" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5b-203.
4987	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.

4988	[(2) Any actor who] (2) An actor commits misuse of an intimate image during a
4989	criminal action if the actor:
4990	(a) obtains access to an intimate image in the course of a criminal action [as defined in
4991	Subsection-77-1-3(1) may not]; and
4992	(b) intentionally [display, duplicate, copy, or share] displays, duplicates, copies, or
4993	shares the intimate image, unless:
4994	[(a)] (i) displaying, duplicating, copying, or sharing the intimate image is done solely
4995	for the purpose of the adjudication, defense, prosecution or investigation of a criminal matter
4996	involving the intimate image;
4997	[(b)] (ii) each individual who is the subject of the intimate image gives written
4998	permission to display, duplicate, copy, or share the intimate image; or
4999	[(c)] (iii) the intimate image was not created by or provided to the actor under
5000	circumstances in which the depicted individual has a reasonable expectation of privacy.
5001	(3) [An actor who violates] A violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of]:
5002	(a) a class A misdemeanor for a first offense; or
5003	(b) a third degree felony for each subsequent offense.
5004	(4) Nothing in this section precludes an agency that employs an individual who is
5005	involved in a criminal action from establishing internal policies for an individual's violation of
5006	this section.
5007	Section 106. Section 76-5b-204 is amended to read:
5008	76-5b-204. Sexual extortion Penalties.
5009	(1) (a) As used in this section:
5010	[(a)] (i) "Adult" means an individual 18 years [of age] old or older.
5011	[(b)] (ii) "Child" means any individual under [the age of] 18 years old.
5012	[(c)] (iii) "Distribute" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5b-203.
5013	[(d)] (iv) "Intimate image" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5014	76-5b-203.
5015	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ "Position of special trust" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5016	[76-5-401.1] <u>76-5-404.1</u> .
5017	[(f)] (vi) "Sexually explicit conduct" means the same as that term is defined in
5018	[Subsection] Section $76-5b-203[\frac{(1)(c)}{(1)}]$.

5019	[(g)] (vii) "Simulated sexually explicit conduct" means the same as that term is defined
5020	in Section 76-5b-203.
5021	[(h)] (viii) "Vulnerable adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5022	76-5-111.
5023	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
5024	(2) (a) An [individual] actor who is 18 years old or older commits the offense of sexual
5025	extortion if the [individual] actor:
5026	[(a)] (i) with an intent to coerce a victim to engage in sexual contact, in sexually
5027	explicit conduct, or in simulated sexually explicit conduct, or to produce, provide, or distribute
5028	an image, video, or other recording of any individual naked or engaged in sexually explicit
5029	conduct, communicates in person or by electronic means a threat:
5030	[(i)] (A) to the victim's person, property, or reputation; or
5031	[(ii)] (B) to distribute an intimate image or video of the victim; or
5032	[(b)] (ii) knowingly causes a victim to engage in sexual contact, in sexually explicit
5033	conduct, or in simulated sexually explicit conduct, or to produce, provide, or distribute any
5034	image, video, or other recording of any individual naked or engaged in sexually explicit
5035	conduct by means of a threat:
5036	[(i)] (A) to the victim's person, property, or reputation; or
5037	[(ii)] (B) to distribute an intimate image or video of the victim.
5038	(b) An actor commits aggravated sexual extortion when, in conjunction with the
5039	offense described in Subsection (2)(a), any of the following circumstances have been charged
5040	and admitted or found true in the action for the offense:
5041	(i) the victim is a child or vulnerable adult;
5042	(ii) the offense was committed by the use of a dangerous weapon or by violence,
5043	intimidation, menace, fraud, or threat of physical harm, or was committed during the course of
5044	a kidnapping;
5045	(iii) the actor caused bodily injury or severe psychological injury to the victim during
5046	or as a result of the offense;
5047	(iv) the actor was a stranger to the victim or became a friend of the victim for the
5048	purpose of committing the offense;
5049	(v) the actor, before sentencing for the offense, was previously convicted of any sexual

5050	offense;
5051	(vi) the actor occupied a position of special trust in relation to the victim;
5052	(vii) the actor encouraged, aided, allowed, or benefitted from acts of prostitution or
5053	sexual acts by the victim with any other individual, or sexual performance by the victim before
5054	any other individual, human trafficking, or human smuggling; or
5055	(viii) the actor caused the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of
5056	the victim by any part or parts of the human body, or by any other object.
5057	(3) (a) (i) [Sexual extortion] A violation of Subsection (2)(a) is a third degree felony.
5058	[(b) Aggravated sexual extortion of] (ii) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) in which the
5059	victim is an adult is a second degree felony.
5060	[(c) Aggravated sexual extortion of] (iii) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) in which the
5061	victim is a child or a vulnerable adult is a first degree felony.
5062	[(4) An individual commits aggravated sexual extortion when, in conjunction with the
5063	offense described in Subsection (2), any of the following circumstances have been charged and
5064	admitted or found true in the action for the offense:
5065	[(a) the victim is a child or vulnerable adult;]
5066	[(b) the offense was committed by the use of a dangerous weapon, as defined in
5067	Section 76-1-601, or by violence, intimidation, menace, fraud, or threat of physical harm, or
5068	was committed during the course of a kidnapping;]
5069	[(c) the individual caused bodily injury or severe psychological injury to the victim
5070	during or as a result of the offense;]
5071	[(d) the individual was a stranger to the victim or became a friend of the victim for the
5072	purpose of committing the offense;]
5073	[(e) the individual, before sentencing for the offense, was previously convicted of any
5074	sexual offense;]
5075	[(f) the individual occupied a position of special trust in relation to the victim;]
5076	[(g) the individual encouraged, aided, allowed, or benefitted from acts of prostitution
5077	or sexual acts by the victim with any other individual, or sexual performance by the victim
5078	before any other individual, human trafficking, or human smuggling; or]
5079	[(h) the individual caused the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal
5080	opening of the victim by any part or parts of the human body, or by any other object.

5081	[(5)] (b) An [individual] actor commits a separate offense under this section:
5082	$[\frac{a}{a}]$ $\underline{(i)}$ for each victim the $[\frac{a}{a}]$ \underline{actor} subjects to the offense outlined in
5083	Subsection (2)(a); and
5084	[(b)] (ii) for each separate time the [individual] actor subjects a victim to the offense
5085	outlined <u>in</u> Subsection (2)(a).
5086	[(6)] (c) This section does not preclude an [individual] actor from being charged and
5087	convicted of a separate criminal act if the [individual] actor commits the separate criminal act
5088	while the [individual] actor violates or attempts to violate this section.
5089	[(7)] (4) An interactive computer service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 230, is not
5090	subject to liability under this section related to content provided by a user of the interactive
5091	computer service.
5092	Section 107. Section 76-5b-205 is amended to read:
5093	76-5b-205. Unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate image Penalty.
5094	(1) (a) As used in this section:
5095	[(a)] (i) "Child" means an individual under [the age of] 18 years old.
5096	[(b)] (ii) "Counterfeit intimate image" means any visual depiction, photograph, film,
5097	video, recording, picture, or computer or computer-generated image or picture, whether made
5098	or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, that has been edited, manipulated, or
5099	altered to depict the likeness of an identifiable individual and purports to, or is made to appear
5100	to, depict that individual's:
5101	[(i)] (A) exposed human male or female genitals or pubic area, with less than an
5102	opaque covering;
5103	[(ii)] (B) a female breast with less than an opaque covering, or any portion of the
5104	female breast below the top of the areola; or
5105	[(iii)] (C) the individual engaged in any sexually explicit conduct or simulated sexually
5106	explicit conduct.
5107	[(c)] (iii) "Distribute" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5b-203.
5108	[(d)] (iv) "Sexually explicit conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5109	76-5b-203.
5110	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ "Simulated sexually explicit conduct" means the same as that term is defined
5111	in Section 76-5b-203.

5112	(vi) "Single criminal episode" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5113	<u>76-1-401.</u>
5114	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
5115	(2) (a) An actor commits the offense of unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate
5116	image if the actor knowingly or intentionally distributes a counterfeit intimate image that the
5117	actor knows or should reasonably know would cause a reasonable person to suffer emotional or
5118	physical distress or harm, if:
5119	$[\frac{a}{a}]$ (i) the actor has not received consent from the depicted individual to distribute the
5120	counterfeit intimate image; and
5121	[(b)] (ii) the counterfeit intimate image was created or provided by the actor without
5122	the knowledge and consent of the depicted individual.
5123	[(3)] (b) An [individual] actor commits aggravated unlawful distribution of a
5124	counterfeit intimate image if, in committing the offense described in Subsection (2)(a), the
5125	individual depicted in the counterfeit intimate image is a child.
5126	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) that is knowing or intentional is a class A
5127	misdemeanor.
5128	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a violation of Subsection (2)(a) that is
5129	knowing or intentional is a third degree felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an
5130	offense under this section that does not arise from a single criminal episode.
5131	(b) (i) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) that is knowing or intentional is a third degree
5132	felony.
5133	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(i), a violation of Subsection (2)(b) that is
5134	knowing or intentional is a second degree felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an
5135	offense under this section that does not arise from a single criminal episode.
5136	(c) This section does not apply to an actor who engages in conduct that constitutes a
5137	violation of this section to the extent that the actor is chargeable, for the same conduct, under
5138	Section 76-5b-201, sexual exploitation of a minor.
5139	(4) This section does not apply to:
5140	(a) (i) lawful practices of law enforcement agencies;
5141	(ii) prosecutorial agency functions;
5142	(iii) the reporting of a criminal offense;

5143	(iv) court proceedings or any other judicial proceeding; or
5144	(v) lawful and generally accepted medical practices and procedures;
5145	(b) a counterfeit intimate image if the individual portrayed in the image voluntarily
5146	allows public exposure of the image;
5147	(c) a counterfeit intimate image that is portrayed in a lawful commercial setting; or
5148	(d) a counterfeit intimate image that is related to a matter of public concern or interest
5149	or protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution or Article I, Sections 1
5150	and 15 of the Utah Constitution.
5151	(5) (a) This section does not apply to an Internet service provider or interactive
5152	computer service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 230(f)(2), a provider of an electronic
5153	communications service as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2510, a telecommunications service,
5154	information service, or mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 153, including a
5155	commercial mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 332(d), or a cable operator as defined
5156	in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522, if:
5157	(i) the distribution of a counterfeit intimate image by the Internet service provider
5158	occurs only incidentally through the provider's function of:
5159	(A) transmitting or routing data from one person to another person; or
5160	(B) providing a connection between one person and another person;
5161	(ii) the provider does not intentionally aid or abet in the distribution of the counterfeit
5162	intimate image; and
5163	(iii) the provider does not knowingly receive from or through a person who distributes
5164	the counterfeit intimate image a fee greater than the fee generally charged by the provider, as a
5165	specific condition for permitting the person to distribute the counterfeit intimate image.
5166	(b) This section does not apply to a hosting company, as defined in Section
5167	76-10-1230, if:
5168	(i) the distribution of a counterfeit intimate image by the hosting company occurs only
5169	incidentally through the hosting company's function of providing data storage space or data
5170	caching to a person;
5171	(ii) the hosting company does not intentionally engage, aid, or abet in the distribution
5172	of the counterfeit intimate image;
5173	(iii) the hosting company does not knowingly receive from or through a person who

01/4	distributes the counterfeit intimate image a fee greater than the fee generally charged by the
5175	provider, as a specific condition for permitting the person to distribute, store, or cache the
5176	counterfeit intimate image; and
5177	(iv) the hosting company immediately removes the counterfeit intimate image upon
5178	notice from a law enforcement agency, prosecutorial agency, or the individual purportedly
5179	depicted in the counterfeit intimate image.
5180	(c) A service provider, as defined in Section 76-10-1230, is not negligent under this
5181	section if it complies with Section 76-10-1231.
5182	[(6) This section does not apply to an actor who engages in conduct that constitutes a
5183	violation of this section to the extent that the actor is chargeable, for the same conduct, under
5184	Section 76-5b-201, sexual exploitation of a minor.]
5185	[(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), knowing or intentional unlawful
5186	distribution of a counterfeit intimate image is a class A misdemeanor.]
5187	[(b) Knowing or intentional unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate image is a
5188	third degree felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an offense under this section that
5189	arises from a separate criminal episode as defined in Section 76-1-401.]
5190	[(c) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), knowing or intentional aggravated
5191	unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate image is a third degree felony.]
5192	[(d) Knowing or intentional aggravated unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate
5193	image is a second degree felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an offense under this
5194	section that arises from a separate criminal episode as defined in Section 76-1-401.]
5195	Section 108. Section 76-6-102 is amended to read:
5196	76-6-102. Arson.
5197	(1) A person is guilty of arson if, under circumstances not amounting to aggravated
5198	arson, the person by means of fire or explosives unlawfully and intentionally damages:
5199	(a) any property with intention of defrauding an insurer; or
5200	(b) the property of another.
5201	(2) A violation of Subsection (1)(a) is a second degree felony.
5202	(3) A violation of Subsection (1)(b) is a second degree felony if:
5203	(a) the damage caused is or exceeds \$5,000 in value;
5204	(b) as a proximate result of the fire or explosion, any person not a participant in the

3203	offense suffers serious bodiny injury as defined in Section [70-1-001] /0-1-101.5;
5206	(c) (i) the damage caused is or exceeds \$1,500 but is less than \$5,000 in value; and
5207	(ii) at the time of the offense the actor has been previously convicted of a violation of
5208	this section or Section 76-6-103 regarding aggravated arson within 10 years prior to the
5209	commission of the violation of Subsection (1)(b).
5210	(4) A violation of Subsection (1)(b) is a third degree felony if:
5211	(a) the damage caused is or exceeds \$1,500 but is less than \$5,000 in value;
5212	(b) as a proximate result of the fire or explosion, any person not a participant in the
5213	offense suffers substantial bodily injury as defined in Section [76-1-601] <u>76-1-101.5</u> ;
5214	(c) the fire or explosion endangers human life; or
5215	(d) (i) the damage caused is or exceeds \$500 but is less than \$1,500 in value; and
5216	(ii) at the time of the offense the actor has been previously convicted of a violation of
5217	this section or Section 76-6-103 regarding aggravated arson within 10 years prior to the
5218	commission of the violation of Subsection (1)(b).
5219	(5) A violation of Subsection (1)(b) is a class A misdemeanor if the damage caused:
5220	(a) is or exceeds \$500 but is less than \$1,500 in value; or
5221	(b) (i) is less than \$500; and
5222	(ii) at the time of the offense the actor has been previously convicted of a violation of
5223	this section or Section 76-6-103 regarding aggravated arson within 10 years prior to the
5224	commission of the violation of Subsection (1)(b).
5225	(6) A violation of Subsection (1)(b) is a class B misdemeanor if the damage caused is
5226	less than \$500.
5227	Section 109. Section 76-6-203 is amended to read:
5228	76-6-203. Aggravated burglary.
5229	(1) A person is guilty of aggravated burglary if in attempting, committing, or fleeing
5230	from a burglary the actor or another participant in the crime:
5231	(a) causes bodily injury to any person who is not a participant in the crime;
5232	(b) uses or threatens the immediate use of a dangerous weapon against any person who
5233	is not a participant in the crime; or
5234	(c) possesses or attempts to use any explosive or dangerous weapon.
5235	(2) Aggravated burglary is a first degree felony.

5236	(3) As used in this section, "dangerous weapon" has the same definition as under
5237	Section $[\frac{76-1-601}{2}]$ $\frac{76-1-101.5}{2}$.
5238	Section 110. Section 76-6-302 is amended to read:
5239	76-6-302. Aggravated robbery.
5240	(1) A person commits aggravated robbery if in the course of committing robbery, he:
5241	(a) uses or threatens to use a dangerous weapon as defined in Section [76-1-601]
5242	<u>76-1-101.5</u> ;
5243	(b) causes serious bodily injury upon another; or
5244	(c) takes or attempts to take an operable motor vehicle.
5245	(2) Aggravated robbery is a first degree felony.
5246	(3) For the purposes of this part, an act shall be considered to be "in the course of
5247	committing a robbery" if it occurs in an attempt to commit, during the commission of, or in the
5248	immediate flight after the attempt or commission of a robbery.
5249	Section 111. Section 76-7-101 is amended to read:
5250	76-7-101. Bigamy Penalty Defense.
5251	(1) An individual is guilty of bigamy if:
5252	(a) the individual purports to marry another individual; and
5253	(b) knows or reasonably should know that one or both of the individuals described in
5254	Subsection (1)(a) are legally married to another individual.
5255	(2) An individual who violates Subsection (1) is guilty of an infraction.
5256	(3) An individual is guilty of a third degree felony if the individual induces bigamy:
5257	(a) under fraudulent or false pretenses; or
5258	(b) by threat or coercion.
5259	(4) An individual is guilty of a second degree felony if the individual:
5260	(a) cohabitates with another individual with whom the individual is engaged in bigamy
5261	as described in Subsection (1); and
5262	(b) in furtherance of the conduct described in Subsection (4)(a), commits a felony
5263	offense, or for Subsection $(4)(b)[(vii)](xiii)$, a misdemeanor offense, in violation of one or
5264	more of the following:
5265	(i) Section 76-5-109, child abuse;
5266	(ii) Section 76-5-109.2, aggravated child abuse;

5267	(iii) Section 76-5-109.3, child abandonment;
5268	(iv) Section 76-5-111, abuse of a vulnerable adult;
5269	(v) Section 76-5-111.2, aggravated abuse of a vulnerable adult;
5270	(vi) Section 76-5-111.3, personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
5271	(vii) Section 76-5-111.4, financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult.
5272	[(i)] (viii) Chapter 5, Part 2, Criminal Homicide;
5273	(ix) Section 76-5-208, child abuse homicide;
5274	[(ii)] (x) Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;
5275	[(iii)] (xi) Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses;
5276	[(iv) Section 76-5-109, child abuse child abandonment;]
5277	[(v) Section 76-5-111, abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult;]
5278	[(vi) Section 76-5-209, child abuse homicide;]
5279	[(vii) Section 76-9-702.1, sexual battery;]
5280	[(viii)] (xii) Section 76-7-201, criminal nonsupport;
5281	(xiii) Section 76-9-702.1, sexual battery;
5282	[(ix)] (xiv) Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act; or
5283	[(x)] (xv) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 8, Criminal Protective Orders.
5284	(5) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (2) that:
5285	(a) the individual ceased the practice of bigamy as described in Subsection (1) under
5286	reasonable fear of coercion or bodily harm;
5287	(b) the individual entered the practice of bigamy, as described in Subsection (1), as a
5288	minor and ceased the practice of bigamy at any time after the individual entered the practice of
5289	bigamy; or
5290	(c) law enforcement discovers that the individual practices bigamy, as described in
5291	Subsection (1), as a result of the individual's efforts to protect the safety and welfare of another
5292	individual.
5293	Section 112. Section 76-7-305 is amended to read:
5294	76-7-305. Informed consent requirements for abortion 72-hour wait mandatory
5295	Exceptions.
5296	(1) A person may not perform an abortion, unless, before performing the abortion, the
5297	physician who will perform the abortion obtains from the woman on whom the abortion is to

5298	be performed a voluntary and informed written consent that is consistent with:
5299	(a) Section 8.08 of the American Medical Association's Code of Medical Ethics,
5300	Current Opinions; and
5301	(b) the provisions of this section.
5302	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (8), consent to an abortion is voluntary and
5303	informed only if, at least 72 hours before the abortion:
5304	(a) a staff member of an abortion clinic or hospital, physician, registered nurse, nurse
5305	practitioner, advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, genetic counselor, or
5306	physician's assistant presents the information module to the pregnant woman;
5307	(b) the pregnant woman views the entire information module and presents evidence to
5308	the individual described in Subsection (2)(a) that the pregnant woman viewed the entire
5309	information module;
5310	(c) after receiving the evidence described in Subsection (2)(b), the individual described
5311	in Subsection (2)(a):
5312	(i) documents that the pregnant woman viewed the entire information module;
5313	(ii) gives the pregnant woman, upon her request, a copy of the documentation
5314	described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
5315	(iii) provides a copy of the statement described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the physician
5316	who is to perform the abortion, upon request of that physician or the pregnant woman;
5317	(d) after the pregnant woman views the entire information module, the physician who
5318	is to perform the abortion, the referring physician, a physician, a registered nurse, nurse
5319	practitioner, advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, genetic counselor, or
5320	physician's assistant, in a face-to-face consultation in any location in the state, orally informs
5321	the woman of:
5322	(i) the nature of the proposed abortion procedure;
5323	(ii) specifically how the procedure described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) will affect the
5324	fetus;
5325	(iii) the risks and alternatives to the abortion procedure or treatment;
5326	(iv) the options and consequences of aborting a medication-induced abortion, if the
5327	proposed abortion procedure is a medication-induced abortion;

(v) the probable gestational age and a description of the development of the unborn

5329	child at the time the abortion would be performed;
5330	(vi) the medical risks associated with carrying her child to term;
5331	(vii) the right to view an ultrasound of the unborn child, at no expense to the pregnant
5332	woman, upon her request; and
5333	(viii) when the result of a prenatal screening or diagnostic test indicates that the unborn
5334	child has or may have Down syndrome, the Department of Health website containing the
5335	information described in Section 26-10-14, including the information on the informational
5336	support sheet; and
5337	(e) after the pregnant woman views the entire information module, a staff member of
5338	the abortion clinic or hospital provides to the pregnant woman:
5339	(i) on a document that the pregnant woman may take home:
5340	(A) the address for the department's website described in Section 76-7-305.5; and
5341	(B) a statement that the woman may request, from a staff member of the abortion clinic
5342	or hospital where the woman viewed the information module, a printed copy of the material on
5343	the department's website;
5344	(ii) a printed copy of the material on the department's website described in Section
5345	76-7-305.5, if requested by the pregnant woman; and
5346	(iii) a copy of the form described in Subsection 26-21-33(3)(a)(i) regarding the
5347	disposition of the aborted fetus.
5348	(3) Before performing an abortion, the physician who is to perform the abortion shall:
5349	(a) in a face-to-face consultation, provide the information described in Subsection
5350	(2)(d), unless the attending physician or referring physician is the individual who provided the
5351	information required under Subsection (2)(d); and
5352	(b) (i) obtain from the pregnant woman a written certification that the information
5353	required to be provided under Subsection (2) and this Subsection (3) was provided in
5354	accordance with the requirements of Subsection (2) and this Subsection (3);
5355	(ii) obtain a copy of the statement described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
5356	(iii) ensure that:
5357	(A) the woman has received the information described in Subsections 26-21-33(3) and
5358	(4); and
5359	(B) if the woman has a preference for the disposition of the aborted fetus, the woman

5360 has informed the health care facility of the woman's decision regarding the disposition of the 5361 aborted fetus. (4) When a serious medical emergency compels the performance of an abortion, the 5362 5363 physician shall inform the woman prior to the abortion, if possible, of the medical indications 5364 supporting the physician's judgment that an abortion is necessary. 5365 (5) If an ultrasound is performed on a woman before an abortion is performed, the 5366 individual who performs the ultrasound, or another qualified individual, shall: (a) inform the woman that the ultrasound images will be simultaneously displayed in a 5367 5368 manner to permit her to: 5369 (i) view the images, if she chooses to view the images; or 5370 (ii) not view the images, if she chooses not to view the images; (b) simultaneously display the ultrasound images in order to permit the woman to: 5371 (i) view the images, if she chooses to view the images; or 5372 (ii) not view the images, if she chooses not to view the images; 5373 5374 (c) inform the woman that, if she desires, the person performing the ultrasound, or 5375 another qualified person shall provide a detailed description of the ultrasound images, 5376 including: (i) the dimensions of the unborn child; 5377 5378 (ii) the presence of cardiac activity in the unborn child, if present and viewable; and (iii) the presence of external body parts or internal organs, if present and viewable; and 5379 (d) provide the detailed description described in Subsection (5)(c), if the woman 5380 5381 requests it. (6) The information described in Subsections (2), (3), and (5) is not required to be 5382 5383 provided to a pregnant woman under this section if the abortion is performed for a reason 5384 described in: (a) Subsection 76-7-302(3)(b)(i), if the treating physician and one other physician 5385 5386 concur, in writing, that the abortion is necessary to avert: 5387 (i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or 5388 (ii) a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function

of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or

(b) Subsection 76-7-302(3)(b)(ii).

5389

5391	(7) In addition to the criminal penalties described in this part, a physician who violates
5392	the provisions of this section:
5393	(a) is guilty of unprofessional conduct as defined in Section 58-67-102 or 58-68-102;
5394	and
5395	(b) shall be subject to:
5396	(i) suspension or revocation of the physician's license for the practice of medicine and
5397	surgery in accordance with Section 58-67-401 or 58-68-401; and
5398	(ii) administrative penalties in accordance with Section 58-67-402 or 58-68-402.
5399	(8) A physician is not guilty of violating this section for failure to furnish any of the
5400	information described in Subsection (2) or (3), or for failing to comply with Subsection (5), if:
5401	(a) the physician can demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the
5402	physician reasonably believed that furnishing the information would have resulted in a severely
5403	adverse effect on the physical or mental health of the pregnant woman;
5404	(b) in the physician's professional judgment, the abortion was necessary to avert:
5405	(i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
5406	(ii) a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function
5407	of the woman on whom the abortion is performed;
5408	(c) the pregnancy was the result of rape or rape of a child, as [defined] described in
5409	Sections 76-5-402 and 76-5-402.1;
5410	(d) the pregnancy was the result of incest, as defined in Subsection 76-5-406(2)(j) and
5411	Section 76-7-102; or
5412	(e) at the time of the abortion, the pregnant woman was 14 years [of age] old or
5413	younger.
5414	(9) A physician who complies with the provisions of this section and Section
5415	76-7-304.5 may not be held civilly liable to the physician's patient for failure to obtain
5416	informed consent under Section 78B-3-406.
5417	(10) (a) The department shall provide an ultrasound, in accordance with the provisions
5418	of Subsection (5)(b), at no expense to the pregnant woman.
5419	(b) A local health department shall refer a pregnant woman who requests an ultrasound
5420	described in Subsection (10)(a) to the department.
5421	(11) A physician is not guilty of violating this section if:

5422	(a) the information described in Subsection (2) is provided less than 72 hours before
5423	the physician performs the abortion; and
5424	(b) in the physician's professional judgment, the abortion was necessary in a case
5425	where:
5426	(i) a ruptured membrane, documented by the attending or referring physician, will
5427	cause a serious infection; or
5428	(ii) a serious infection, documented by the attending or referring physician, will cause a
5429	ruptured membrane.
5430	Section 113. Section 76-8-309 is amended to read:
5431	76-8-309. Escape and aggravated escape Consecutive sentences Definitions.
5432	(1) (a) (i) A prisoner is guilty of escape if the prisoner leaves official custody without
5433	lawful authorization.
5434	(ii) If a prisoner obtains authorization to leave official custody by means of deceit,
5435	fraud, or other artifice, the prisoner has not received lawful authorization.
5436	(b) Escape under this Subsection (1) is a third degree felony except as provided under
5437	Subsection (1)(c).
5438	(c) Escape under this Subsection (1) is a second degree felony if:
5439	(i) the actor escapes from a state prison; or
5440	(ii) (A) the actor is convicted as a party to the offense, as defined in Section 76-2-202;
5441	and
5442	(B) the actor is an employee at or a volunteer of a law enforcement agency, the
5443	Department of Corrections, a county or district attorney's office, the office of the state attorney
5444	general, the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the courts, the Judicial Council, the
5445	Administrative Office of the Courts, or similar administrative units in the judicial branch of
5446	government.
5447	(2) (a) A prisoner is guilty of aggravated escape if in the commission of an escape the
5448	prisoner uses a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section [76-1-601] <u>76-1-101.5</u> , or causes
5449	serious bodily injury to another.
5450	(b) Aggravated escape is a first degree felony.
5451	(3) Any prison term imposed upon a prisoner for escape under this section shall run
5452	consecutively with any other sentence.

5453	(4) For the purposes of this section:
5454	(a) "Confinement" means the prisoner is:
5455	(i) housed in a state prison or any other facility pursuant to a contract with the Utah
5456	Department of Corrections after being sentenced and committed and the sentence has not been
5457	terminated or voided or the prisoner is not on parole;
5458	(ii) lawfully detained in a county jail prior to trial or sentencing or housed in a county
5459	jail after sentencing and commitment and the sentence has not been terminated or voided or the
5460	prisoner is not on parole; or
5461	(iii) lawfully detained following arrest.
5462	(b) "Escape" is considered to be a continuing activity commencing with the conception
5463	of the design to escape and continuing until the escaping prisoner is returned to official custody
5464	or the prisoner's attempt to escape is thwarted or abandoned.
5465	(c) "Official custody" means arrest, whether with or without warrant, or confinement in
5466	a state prison, jail, institution for secure confinement of juvenile offenders, or any confinement
5467	pursuant to an order of the court or sentenced and committed and the sentence has not been
5468	terminated or voided or the prisoner is not on parole. A person is considered confined in the
5469	state prison if the person:
5470	(i) without authority fails to return to the person's place of confinement from work
5471	release or home visit by the time designated for return;
5472	(ii) is in prehearing custody after arrest for parole violation;
5473	(iii) is being housed in a county jail, after felony commitment, pursuant to a contract
5474	with the Department of Corrections; or
5475	(iv) is being transported as a prisoner in the state prison by correctional officers.
5476	(d) "Prisoner" means any person who is in official custody and includes persons under
5477	trusty status.
5478	(e) "Volunteer" means any person who donates service without pay or other
5479	compensation except expenses actually and reasonably incurred as approved by the supervising
5480	agency.
5481	Section 114. Section 76-8-316 is amended to read:
5482	76-8-316. Influencing, impeding, or retaliating against a judge or member of the

Board of Pardons and Parole or acting against a family member of a judge or a member

of the Board of Pardons and Parole.

(1) As used in this section:

- (a) "Board member" means an appointed member of the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- (b) "Family member" means parents, spouse, surviving spouse, children, and siblings of a judge or board member.
 - (c) "Judge" means judges of all courts of record and courts not of record and court commissioners.
 - (2) A person is guilty of a third degree felony if the person threatens to assault, kidnap, or murder a judge, a family member of a judge, a board member, or a family member of a board member with the intent to impede, intimidate, or interfere with the judge or board member while engaged in the performance of the judge's or board member's official duties or with the intent to retaliate against the judge or board member on account of the performance of those official duties.
 - (3) A person is guilty of a second degree felony if the person commits an assault on a judge, a family member of a judge, a board member, or a family member of a board member with the intent to impede, intimidate, or interfere with the judge or board member while engaged in the performance of the judge's or board member's official duties, or with the intent to retaliate against the judge or board member on account of the performance of those official duties.
 - (4) A person is guilty of a first degree felony if the person commits aggravated assault on a judge, a family member of a judge, a board member, or a family member of a board member with the intent to impede, intimidate, or interfere with the judge or board member while engaged in the performance of the judge's or board member's official duties or with the intent to retaliate against the judge or board member on account of the performance of those official duties.
 - (5) A person is guilty of a first degree felony if the person commits attempted murder on a family member of a judge or a family member of a board member with the intent to impede, intimidate, or interfere with the judge or board member while engaged in the performance of the judge's or board member's official duties or with the intent to retaliate against the judge or board member on account of the performance of those official duties.
 - (6) A member of the Board of Pardons and Parole is an executive officer for purposes

5515	of Subsection 76-5-202[(1)(m)](2)(a)(xiii).
5516	Section 115. Section 76-8-318 is amended to read:
5517	76-8-318. Assault or threat of violence against child welfare worker Penalty.
5518	(1) As used in this section:
5519	(a) "Assault" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-102.
5520	(b) "Child welfare worker" means an employee of the Division of Child and Family
5521	Services created in Section 62A-4a-103.
5522	(c) "Threat of violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-107.
5523	(2) An individual who commits an assault or threat of violence against a child welfare
5524	worker is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if:
5525	(a) the individual is not:
5526	(i) a prisoner or an individual detained under Section 77-7-15; or
5527	(ii) a minor in the custody of or receiving services from a division within the
5528	Department of Human Services;
5529	(b) the individual knew that the victim was a child welfare worker; and
5530	(c) the child welfare worker was acting within the scope of the child welfare worker's
5531	authority at the time of the assault or threat of violence.
5532	(3) An individual who violates this section is guilty of a third degree felony if the
5533	individual:
5534	(a) causes substantial bodily injury, as defined in Section $[\frac{76-1-601}{2}]$ $\frac{76-1-101.5}{2}$; and
5535	(b) acts intentionally or knowingly.
5536	Section 116. Section 76-9-101 is amended to read:
5537	76-9-101. Riot Penalties.
5538	(1) An individual is guilty of riot if the individual:
5539	(a) simultaneously with two or more other individuals engages in violent conduct,
5540	knowingly or recklessly creating a substantial risk of causing public alarm;
5541	(b) assembles with two or more other individuals with the purpose of engaging, soon
5542	thereafter, in violent conduct, knowing, that two or more other individuals in the assembly have
5543	the same purpose; or
5544	(c) assembles with two or more other individuals with the purpose of committing an
5545	offense against a person, or the property of another person who the individual supposes to be

guilty of a violation of law, believing that two or more other individuals in the assembly have the same purpose.

- (2) Any individual who refuses to comply with a lawful order to withdraw prior to, during, or immediately following a violation of Subsection (1) is guilty of riot. It is no defense to a prosecution under this Subsection (2) that withdrawal must take place over private property; provided, however, that an individual who withdraws in compliance with an order to withdraw may not incur criminal or civil liability by virtue of acts reasonably necessary to accomplish the withdrawal.
 - (3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), riot is a class B misdemeanor.
 - (4) Riot is a third degree felony if, in the course of the conduct:
 - (a) the individual causes substantial or serious bodily injury;
 - (b) the individual causes substantial property damage or commits arson; or
- 5558 (c) the individual was in possession of a dangerous weapon as defined in Section 5559 [76-1-601] <u>76-1-101.5</u>.
 - (5) An individual arrested for a violation of Subsection (4) may not be released from custody before the individual appears before a magistrate or a judge.
 - (6) The court shall order a defendant convicted under Subsection (4) to pay restitution in accordance with Section 77-38b-205.
- Section 117. Section **76-9-702** is amended to read:

76-9-702. Lewdness.

- (1) A person is guilty of lewdness if the person under circumstances not amounting to rape, object rape, forcible sodomy, forcible sexual abuse, aggravated sexual assault, sexual abuse of a minor, unlawful sexual conduct with a 16- or 17-year-old, custodial sexual relations [or misconduct] under Section 76-5-412 [or], custodial sexual misconduct under Section 76-5-412.2, custodial sexual relations with youth receiving state services under Section 76-5-413, custodial sexual misconduct with youth receiving state services under Section 76-5-413.2, or an attempt to commit any of these offenses, performs any of the following acts in a public place or under circumstances which the person should know will likely cause affront or alarm to, on, or in the presence of another who is 14 years [of age] old or older:
 - (a) an act of sexual intercourse or sodomy;
 - (b) exposes his or her genitals, the female breast below the top of the areola, the

55//	buttocks, the anus, or the pubic area;
5578	(c) masturbates; or
5579	(d) any other act of lewdness.
5580	(2) (a) A person convicted the first or second time of a violation of Subsection (1) is
5581	guilty of a class B misdemeanor, except under Subsection (2)(b).
5582	(b) A person convicted of a violation of Subsection (1) is guilty of a third degree felony
5583	if at the time of the violation:
5584	(i) the person is a sex offender as defined in Section 77-27-21.7;
5585	(ii) the person has been previously convicted two or more times of violating Subsection
5586	(1); or
5587	(iii) the person has previously been convicted of a violation of Subsection (1) and has
5588	also previously been convicted of a violation of Section 76-9-702.5.
5589	(c) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (2) and Subsection 77-41-102(17), a plea of
5590	guilty or nolo contendere to a charge under this section that is held in abeyance under Title 77,
5591	Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction.
5592	(ii) This Subsection (2)(c) also applies if the charge under this Subsection (2) has been
5593	subsequently reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.
5594	(3) A woman's breast feeding, including breast feeding in any location where the
5595	woman otherwise may rightfully be, does not under any circumstance constitute a lewd act,
5596	irrespective of whether or not the breast is covered during or incidental to feeding.
5597	Section 118. Section 76-9-702.1 is amended to read:
5598	76-9-702.1. Sexual battery.
5599	(1) A person is guilty of sexual battery if the person, under circumstances not
5600	amounting to an offense under Subsection (2), intentionally touches, whether or not through
5601	clothing, the anus, buttocks, or any part of the genitals of another person, or the breast of a
5602	female person, and the actor's conduct is under circumstances the actor knows or should know
5603	will likely cause affront or alarm to the person touched.
5604	(2) Offenses referred to in Subsection (1) are:
5605	(a) rape, Section 76-5-402;
5606	(b) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
5607	(c) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;

5608	(d) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
5609	(e) forcible sodomy, Subsection 76-5-403(2);
5610	(f) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
5611	(g) forcible sexual abuse, Section 76-5-404;
5612	(h) sexual abuse of a child, [Subsection 76-5-404.1(2)] Section 76-5-404.1;
5613	(i) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, [Subsection 76-5-404.1(4)] Section 76-5-404.3;
5614	(j) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405; and
5615	(k) an attempt to commit any offense under this Subsection (2).
5616	(3) Sexual battery is a class A misdemeanor.
5617	(4) For purposes of Subsection 77-41-102(17) only, a plea of guilty or nolo contendere
5618	to a charge under this section that is held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas in
5619	Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction. This Subsection (4) also applies if the charge
5620	under this section has been subsequently reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in
5621	abeyance agreement.
5622	Section 119. Section 76-9-804 is amended to read:
5623	76-9-804. Convicted criminal gang offender Prohibition.
5624	(1) A person who has been convicted of a crime for which the penalty was enhanced
5625	under Section 76-3-203.1 may not, except where a greater penalty is applicable under this title,
5626	possess a dangerous weapon as defined in either Section [76-1-601] <u>76-1-101.5</u> or 76-10-501,
5627	ammunition, or a facsimile of a firearm within five years after the conviction.
5628	(2) A violation of Subsection (1) is a class A misdemeanor.
5629	Section 120. Section 76-9-1003 is amended to read:
5630	76-9-1003. Detention or arrest Determination of immigration status.
5631	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), any law enforcement officer
5632	who, acting in the enforcement of any state law or local ordinance, conducts any lawful stop,
5633	detention, or arrest of a person as specified in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii), and the person is
5634	unable to provide to the law enforcement officer a document listed in Subsection 76-9-1004(1)
5635	and the officer is otherwise unable to verify the identity of the person, the officer:
5636	(i) shall request verification of the citizenship or the immigration status of the person
5637	under 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1373(c), except as allowed under Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), if the
5638	person is arrested for an alleged offense that is a class A misdemeanor or a felony; and

(ii) may attempt to verify the immigration status of the person, except as exempted under Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), if the alleged offense is a class B or C misdemeanor, except that if the person is arrested and booked for a class B or C misdemeanor, the arresting law enforcement officer or the law enforcement agency booking the person shall attempt to verify the immigration status of the person.

- (b) In individual cases, the law enforcement officer may forego the verification of immigration status under Subsection (1)(a) if the determination could hinder or obstruct a criminal investigation.
- (c) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to a law enforcement officer who is acting as a school resource officer for any elementary or secondary school.
- (d) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to a county or municipality when it has only one law enforcement officer on duty and response support from another law enforcement agency is not available.
- (2) When a law enforcement officer makes a lawful stop, detention, or arrest under Subsection (1) of the operator of a vehicle, and while investigating or processing the primary offense, the officer makes observations that give the officer reasonable suspicion that the operator or any of the passengers in the vehicle are violating Section 76-5-308, 76-5-308.1, 76-5-308.3, 76-5-308.5, 76-5-310, 76-5-310.1, or 76-10-2901, which concern smuggling, human trafficking, and transporting illegal aliens, the officer shall, to the extent possible within a reasonable period of time:
 - (a) detain the occupants of the vehicle to investigate the suspected violations; and
 - (b) inquire regarding the immigration status of the occupants of the vehicle.
- (3) When a person under Subsection (1) is arrested or booked into a jail, juvenile detention facility, or correctional facility, the arresting officer or the booking officer shall ensure that a request for verification of immigration status of the arrested or booked person is submitted as promptly as is reasonably possible.
- (4) The law enforcement agency that has custody of a person verified to be an illegal alien shall request that the United States Department of Homeland Security issue a detainer requesting transfer of the illegal alien into federal custody.
- (5) A law enforcement officer may not consider race, color, or national origin in implementing this section, except to the extent permitted by the constitutions of the United

	01 20 22 110 111
5670	States and this state.
5671	Section 121. Section 76-10-1302 is amended to read:
5672	76-10-1302. Prostitution.
5673	(1) An individual except for a child under Section 76-10-1315 is guilty of prostitution
5674	when the individual:
5675	(a) engages, offers, or agrees to engage in any sexual activity with another individual
5676	for a fee, or the functional equivalent of a fee;
5677	(b) takes steps in arranging a meeting through any form of advertising, agreeing to
5678	meet, and meeting at an arranged place for the purpose of sexual activity in exchange for a fee
5679	or the functional equivalent of a fee; or
5680	(c) loiters in or within view of any public place for the purpose of being hired to
5681	engage in sexual activity.
5682	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) and Section 76-10-1309, prostitution is
5683	a class B misdemeanor.
5684	(b) Except as provided in Section 76-10-1309, an individual who is convicted a second
5685	time, and on all subsequent convictions, of a subsequent offense of prostitution under this
5686	section or under a local ordinance adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307, is guilty of
5687	a class A misdemeanor.
5688	(3) A prosecutor may not prosecute an individual for a violation of Subsection (1) if
5689	the individual engages in a violation of Subsection (1) at or near the time the individual
5690	witnesses or is a victim of any of the following offenses, or an attempt to commit any of the
5691	following offenses, and the individual reports the offense or attempt to law enforcement in
5692	good faith:
5693	(a) assault, Section 76-5-102;
5694	(b) aggravated assault, Section 76-5-103;
5695	(c) mayhem, Section 76-5-105;

homicide, or homicide by assault under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part 2, Criminal Homicide;

(e) kidnapping, child kidnapping, aggravated kidnapping, human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking, human smuggling or aggravated human smuggling, or human

(d) aggravated murder, murder, manslaughter, negligent homicide, child abuse

trafficking of a child under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and

5696

5697

5698

5699

5700

5731

5/01	Smuggling;
5702	(f) rape, Section 76-5-402;
5703	(g) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
5704	(h) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;
5705	(i) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
5706	(j) forcible sodomy, Section 76-5-403;
5707	(k) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
5708	(l) forcible sexual abuse, Section 76-5-404;
5709	(m) [aggravated sexual abuse of a child or] sexual abuse of a child, Section 76-5-404.1,
5710	or aggravated sexual abuse of a child, Section 76-5-404.3;
5711	(n) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405;
5712	(o) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
5713	(p) sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult, Section 76-5b-202;
5714	(q) aggravated burglary or burglary of a dwelling under [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part 2,
5715	Burglary and Criminal Trespass;
5716	(r) aggravated robbery or robbery under [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part 3, Robbery; or
5717	(s) theft by extortion under Subsection 76-6-406(2)(a) or (b).
5718	Section 122. Section 76-10-1306 is amended to read:
5719	76-10-1306. Aggravated exploitation of prostitution.
5720	(1) A person is guilty of aggravated exploitation if:
5721	(a) in committing an act of exploiting prostitution, as defined in Section 76-10-1305,
5722	the person uses any force, threat, or fear against any person;
5723	(b) the person procured, transported, or persuaded or with whom the person shares the
5724	proceeds of prostitution is a child or is the spouse of the actor; or
5725	(c) in the course of committing exploitation of prostitution, a violation of Section
5726	76-10-1305, the person commits human trafficking or human smuggling, a violation of Section
5727	76-5-308, 76-5-308.1, 76-5-308.3, or 76-5-308.5.
5728	(2) Aggravated exploitation of prostitution is a second degree felony, except under
5729	Subsection (3).
5730	(3) Aggravated exploitation of prostitution involving a child is a first degree felony.

(4) Upon a conviction for a violation of this section, the court shall order the maximum

5732	fine amount and may not waive or suspend the fine.
5733	Section 123. Section 76-10-1313 is amended to read:
5734	76-10-1313. Sexual solicitation Penalty.
5735	(1) An individual except for a child under Section 76-10-1315 is guilty of sexual
5736	solicitation when the individual:
5737	(a) offers or agrees to commit any sexual activity with another individual for a fee, or
5738	the functional equivalent of a fee;
5739	(b) pays or offers or agrees to pay a fee or the functional equivalent of a fee to another
5740	individual to commit any sexual activity; or
5741	(c) with intent to engage in sexual activity for a fee or the functional equivalent of a fee
5742	or to pay another individual to commit any sexual activity for a fee or the functional equivalent
5743	of a fee engages in, offers or agrees to engage in, or requests or directs another to engage in any
5744	of the following acts:
5745	(i) exposure of an individual's genitals, the buttocks, the anus, the pubic area, or the
5746	female breast below the top of the areola;
5747	(ii) masturbation;
5748	(iii) touching of an individual's genitals, the buttocks, the anus, the pubic area, or the
5749	female breast; or
5750	(iv) any act of lewdness.
5751	(2) An intent to engage in sexual activity for a fee may be inferred from an individual's
5752	engaging in, offering or agreeing to engage in, or requesting or directing another to engage in
5753	any of the acts described in Subsection (1)(c) under the totality of the existing circumstances.
5754	(3) Except as provided in Section 76-10-1309 and Subsections (4) and (5), an
5755	individual who is convicted of sexual solicitation under this section or under a local ordinance
5756	adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307 is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
5757	(4) An individual who is convicted a third time under this section or a local ordinance
5758	adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307 is guilty of a third degree felony.
5759	(5) If an individual commits an act of sexual solicitation and the individual solicited is
5760	a child, the offense is a third degree felony if the solicitation does not amount to:
5761	(a) a violation of Section 76-5-308, <u>76-5-308.1</u> , or <u>76-5-308.5</u> , human trafficking or
5762	Section 76-5-308.3, human smuggling; or

5763	(b) a violation of Section 76-5-310, aggravated human trafficking or <u>Section</u>
5764	76-5-310.1, aggravated human smuggling.
5765	(6) (a) Upon encountering a child engaged in commercial sex or sexual solicitation, a
5766	law enforcement officer shall follow the procedure described in Subsection 76-10-1315(2).
5767	(b) A child engaged in commercial sex or sexual solicitation shall be referred to the
5768	Division of Child and Family Services for services and may not be subjected to delinquency
5769	proceedings.
5770	(7) A prosecutor may not prosecute an individual for a violation of Subsection (1) if
5771	the individual engages in a violation of Subsection (1) at or near the time the individual
5772	witnesses or is a victim of any of the offenses or an attempt to commit any of the offenses
5773	described in Subsection 76-10-1302(3), and the individual reports the offense or attempt to law
5774	enforcement in good faith.
5775	Section 124. Section 76-10-1315 is amended to read:
5776	76-10-1315. Safe harbor for children as victims in commercial sex or sexual
5777	solicitation.
5778	(1) As used in this section:
5779	(a) "Child engaged in commercial sex" means a child who:
5780	(i) engages, offers, or agrees to engage in any sexual activity with another individual
5781	for a fee, or the functional equivalent of a fee;
5782	(ii) takes steps in arranging a meeting through any form of advertising, agreeing to
5783	meet, and meeting at an arranged place for the purpose of sexual activity in exchange for a fee
5784	or the functional equivalent of a fee; or
5785	(iii) loiters in or within view of any public place for the purpose of being hired to
5786	engage in sexual activity.
5787	(b) "Child engaged in sexual solicitation" means a child who offers or agrees to
5788	commit or engage in any sexual activity with another person for a fee or the functional
5789	equivalent of a fee under Subsection 76-10-1313(1)(a) or (c).
5790	(c) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services created in Section
5791	62A-4a-103.

(d) "Juvenile receiving center" means the same as that term is defined in Section

5792

5793

80-1-102.

5794	(2) Upon encountering a child engaged in commercial sex or sexual solicitation, a law
5795	enforcement officer shall:
5796	(a) conduct an investigation regarding possible human trafficking of the child pursuant
5797	to Sections 76-5-308, 76-5-308.1, and 76-5-308.5;
5798	(b) refer the child to the division;
5799	(c) bring the child to a juvenile receiving center, if available; and
5800	(d) contact the child's parent or guardian, if practicable.
5801	(3) When law enforcement refers a child to the division under Subsection (2)(b) the
5802	division shall provide services to the child under Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family
5803	Services.
5804	(4) A child may not be subjected to delinquency proceedings for prostitution under
5805	Section 76-10-1302, or sex solicitation under Section 76-10-1313.
5806	Section 125. Section 76-10-1504 is amended to read:
5807	76-10-1504. Bus hijacking Assault with intent to commit hijacking Use of a
5808	dangerous weapon Penalties.
5809	(1) (a) A person is guilty of bus hijacking if the person seizes or exercises control, by
5810	force or violence or threat of force or violence, of a bus within the state.
5811	(b) Bus hijacking is a first degree felony.
5812	(2) (a) A person is guilty of assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking if the
5813	person intimidates, threatens, or commits assault or battery toward a driver, attendant, guard, or
5814	any other person in control of a bus so as to interfere with the performance of duties by the
5815	person.
5816	(b) Assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking is a second degree felony.
5817	(3) A person who, in the commission of assault with intent to commit bus hijacking,
5818	uses a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5, is guilty of a first
5819	degree felony.
5820	Section 126. Section 76-10-1602 is amended to read:
5821	76-10-1602. Definitions.
5822	As used in this part:
5823	(1) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation,
5824	business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or group of individuals

associated in fact although not a legal entity, and includes illicit as well as licit entities.

- (2) "Pattern of unlawful activity" means engaging in conduct which constitutes the commission of at least three episodes of unlawful activity, which episodes are not isolated, but have the same or similar purposes, results, participants, victims, or methods of commission, or otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics. Taken together, the episodes shall demonstrate continuing unlawful conduct and be related either to each other or to the enterprise. At least one of the episodes comprising a pattern of unlawful activity shall have occurred after July 31, 1981. The most recent act constituting part of a pattern of unlawful activity as defined by this part shall have occurred within five years of the commission of the next preceding act alleged as part of the pattern.
- (3) "Person" includes any individual or entity capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property, including state, county, and local governmental entities.
- (4) "Unlawful activity" means to directly engage in conduct or to solicit, request, command, encourage, or intentionally aid another person to engage in conduct which would constitute any offense described by the following crimes or categories of crimes, or to attempt or conspire to engage in an act which would constitute any of those offenses, regardless of whether the act is in fact charged or indicted by any authority or is classified as a misdemeanor or a felony:
- (a) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 13, Chapter 10, Unauthorized Recording Practices Act;
- (b) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 19, Environmental Quality Code, Sections 19-1-101 through 19-7-109;
- (c) taking, destroying, or possessing wildlife or parts of wildlife for the primary purpose of sale, trade, or other pecuniary gain, in violation of Title 23, Wildlife Resources Code of Utah, or Section 23-20-4;
- (d) false claims for medical benefits, kickbacks, and any other act prohibited by Title 26, Chapter 20, Utah False Claims Act, Sections 26-20-1 through 26-20-12;
- (e) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 32B, Chapter 4, Criminal Offenses and Procedure Act;
- 5854 (f) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 57, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform 5855 Land Sales Practices Act;

```
5856
               (g) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
5857
        Controlled Substances Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act,
5858
        Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37d,
5859
        Clandestine Drug Lab Act;
5860
               (h) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform
5861
        Securities Act;
5862
               (i) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
        Procurement Code;
5863
5864
                (i) assault or aggravated assault, Sections 76-5-102 and 76-5-103;
5865
               (k) a threat of terrorism, Section 76-5-107.3;
               (1) a criminal homicide[, Sections 76-5-201, 76-5-202, and 76-5-203] offense, as
5866
5867
        described in Section 76-5-201;
5868
               (m) kidnapping or aggravated kidnapping, Sections 76-5-301 and 76-5-302;
               (n) human trafficking, human trafficking of a child, human smuggling, or aggravated
5869
        human trafficking, Sections 76-5-308, 76-5-308.1, 76-5-308.3, 76-5-308.5, 76-5-309, and
5870
5871
        76-5-310;
5872
               (o) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
               (p) arson or aggravated arson, Sections 76-6-102 and 76-6-103;
5873
               (q) causing a catastrophe, Section 76-6-105:
5874
               (r) burglary or aggravated burglary, Sections 76-6-202 and 76-6-203:
5875
5876
               (s) burglary of a vehicle, Section 76-6-204;
               (t) manufacture or possession of an instrument for burglary or theft. Section 76-6-205:
5877
               (u) robbery or aggravated robbery, Sections 76-6-301 and 76-6-302;
5878
5879
               (v) theft, Section 76-6-404;
5880
               (w) theft by deception, Section 76-6-405;
               (x) theft by extortion, Section 76-6-406;
5881
5882
               (y) receiving stolen property, Section 76-6-408;
               (z) theft of services, Section 76-6-409:
5883
5884
               (aa) forgery, Section 76-6-501;
               (bb) fraudulent use of a credit card, Sections 76-6-506.2, 76-6-506.3, 76-6-506.5, and
5885
5886
        76-6-506.6;
```

01-20-22 4:34 PM S.B. 123

```
5887
                (cc) deceptive business practices, Section 76-6-507;
5888
                (dd) bribery or receiving bribe by person in the business of selection, appraisal, or
        criticism of goods, Section 76-6-508;
5889
5890
                (ee) bribery of a labor official, Section 76-6-509;
5891
                (ff) defrauding creditors, Section 76-6-511;
5892
                (gg) acceptance of deposit by insolvent financial institution, Section 76-6-512;
5893
                (hh) unlawful dealing with property by fiduciary, Section 76-6-513;
                (ii) bribery or threat to influence contest, Section 76-6-514;
5894
5895
                (jj) making a false credit report, Section 76-6-517;
5896
                (kk) criminal simulation, Section 76-6-518;
5897
                (11) criminal usury, Section 76-6-520;
5898
                (mm) fraudulent insurance act, Section 76-6-521;
5899
                (nn) retail theft, Section 76-6-602;
5900
                (oo) computer crimes, Section 76-6-703;
5901
                (pp) identity fraud, Section 76-6-1102;
5902
                (qq) mortgage fraud, Section 76-6-1203;
5903
                (rr) sale of a child, Section 76-7-203;
                (ss) bribery to influence official or political actions, Section 76-8-103;
5904
5905
                (tt) threats to influence official or political action, Section 76-8-104;
                (uu) receiving bribe or bribery by public servant. Section 76-8-105:
5906
                (vv) receiving bribe or bribery for endorsement of person as public servant, Section
5907
5908
        76-8-106:
5909
                (ww) official misconduct, Sections 76-8-201 and 76-8-202;
5910
                (xx) obstruction of justice, Section 76-8-306;
5911
                (yy) acceptance of bribe or bribery to prevent criminal prosecution, Section 76-8-308;
5912
                (zz) false or inconsistent material statements, Section 76-8-502;
5913
                (aaa) false or inconsistent statements, Section 76-8-503;
5914
                (bbb) written false statements, Section 76-8-504;
5915
                (ccc) tampering with a witness or soliciting or receiving a bribe, Section 76-8-508;
5916
                (ddd) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant, Section 76-8-508.3;
5917
                (eee) extortion or bribery to dismiss criminal proceeding, Section 76-8-509;
```

```
5918
               (fff) tampering with evidence, Section 76-8-510.5;
5919
               (ggg) falsification or alteration of government record, Section 76-8-511, if the record is
5920
        a record described in Title 20A, Election Code, Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist Disclosure and
5921
        Regulation Act, or Title 36, Chapter 11a, Local Government and Board of Education Lobbyist
5922
        Disclosure and Regulation Act;
5923
               (hhh) public assistance fraud in violation of Section 76-8-1203, 76-8-1204, or
5924
        76-8-1205;
               (iii) unemployment insurance fraud, Section 76-8-1301;
5925
5926
               (jjj) intentionally or knowingly causing one animal to fight with another, Subsection
5927
        76-9-301(2)(d) or (e), or Section 76-9-301.1;
5928
               (kkk) possession, use, or removal of explosives, chemical, or incendiary devices or
5929
        parts, Section 76-10-306;
5930
               (III) delivery to common carrier, mailing, or placement on premises of an incendiary
        device, Section 76-10-307;
5931
5932
                (mmm) possession of a deadly weapon with intent to assault, Section 76-10-507;
5933
               (nnn) unlawful marking of pistol or revolver, Section 76-10-521;
5934
               (ooo) alteration of number or mark on pistol or revolver, Section 76-10-522;
               (ppp) forging or counterfeiting trademarks, trade name, or trade device, Section
5935
5936
        76-10-1002;
               (qqq) selling goods under counterfeited trademark, trade name, or trade devices.
5937
5938
        Section 76-10-1003:
5939
               (rrr) sales in containers bearing registered trademark of substituted articles, Section
5940
        76-10-1004;
5941
               (sss) selling or dealing with article bearing registered trademark or service mark with
5942
        intent to defraud, Section 76-10-1006;
5943
               (ttt) gambling, Section 76-10-1102;
5944
                (uuu) gambling fraud, Section 76-10-1103;
5945
               (vvv) gambling promotion, Section 76-10-1104;
5946
               (www) possessing a gambling device or record, Section 76-10-1105;
5947
                (xxx) confidence game, Section 76-10-1109;
5948
                (yyy) distributing pornographic material, Section 76-10-1204;
```

```
5949
                (zzz) inducing acceptance of pornographic material, Section 76-10-1205;
 5950
                 (aaaa) dealing in harmful material to a minor, Section 76-10-1206;
 5951
                 (bbbb) distribution of pornographic films, Section 76-10-1222;
 5952
                (cccc) indecent public displays, Section 76-10-1228;
 5953
                (dddd) prostitution, Section 76-10-1302;
 5954
                 (eeee) aiding prostitution, Section 76-10-1304;
 5955
                (ffff) exploiting prostitution, Section 76-10-1305;
                (gggg) aggravated exploitation of prostitution, Section 76-10-1306;
 5956
 5957
                (hhhh) communications fraud, Section 76-10-1801;
 5958
                (iiii) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Part 19, Money Laundering and
 5959
         Currency Transaction Reporting Act;
 5960
                (iiii) vehicle compartment for contraband, Section 76-10-2801;
 5961
                (kkkk) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of the laws governing taxation in
 5962
         this state; and
 5963
                (Illl) any act illegal under the laws of the United States and enumerated in 18 U.S.C.
 5964
         Sec. 1961(1)(B), (C), and (D).
 5965
                 Section 127. Repealer.
 5966
                This bill repeals:
 5967
                 Section 76-5-210, Targeting a law enforcement officer defined.
 5968
                 Section 76-5-306, Lesser included offenses.
 5969
                 Section 76-5-416, Indecent liberties -- Definition.
 5970
                 Section 128. Revisor instructions.
 5971
                The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in
 5972
         preparing the Utah Code database for publication, not enroll this bill if S.B. 124, Criminal
 5973
         Code Recodification Cross References, does not pass.
5973a
         Ŝ→ Section 129. Coordinating S.B. 123 with H.B. 29 -- Technical amendment.
5973b
         If this S.B. 123 and H.B. 29, Driving Offenses Amendments, both pass and become law, it is the
5973c
         intent of the Legislature that this coordination clause supersede the coordination clause in H.B.
5973d
         29 for Subsection 76-5-201(2) and that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel
5973e
         prepare the Utah Code database for publication by amending Subsection 76-5-201(2) to read:
5973f
         "(2) The following are criminal homicide:
         (a) aggravated murder;
5973g
```

- 193 -

5973h	♥ (b) murder;
5973i	(c) manslaughter;
5973j	(d) child abuse homicide;
5973k	(e) homicide by assault;
59731	(f) negligent homicide; and
5973m	(g) negligently operating a vehicle resulting in death.". ←Ŝ